Action	Expected Outcome	Current situation	Actions Required
	Clear and agreed understanding of palliative stage of illness.	Not consistant understanding for adults and Children	Communicate and share an agreed understanding of Palliative stage of illness across the Health and Care system recognising the complexity and uncertainty.
	Guidance available and accessible for clinicians to identify last year of life or the palliative stage of illness	ISIGN GSE NICE LOgether for Short Lives	Communicate and share the best practive and guidance on identifying palliative stage of illness across Health and Care system
	Clinicians need access to, understand and to make use of guidance to	*Neonatal Care - Embedded in practice *Paediatrics - Expert resource available and understanding being embedded	Communicate via clinical leads the importance of completeing the new 'surprise question' on eTOC alongside issue/link to appropriate guidance
	identify leading of life	*Adult Care - implemented sometimes but patchy *Primary Care Clusters working on Management of Chronic	Share and discuss the data collected alongside the guidance and best practice on GP palliative care registers in SBUHB with Primary Care Clusters to determine way forward
OOH GP/paramedics)			Include mandatory 'surprise question' on eTOC
			Undertake audit on use and completion of 'surprise question' on eTOC
	Palliative stage documented in consistent, shared and accessible way	*In Secondary Care requests to add to GP register from clinic	Ensure contribution of data to the All Wales Managed Clinical Network for Paediatric Palliative Care and use review of data to inform future service delivery
	Social	*Logged on All Wales Clinical Portal via specialist palliative care cancer patients	Primary Care Clusters and secondary care structures (following from initial communication around data collected) to work with the End of Life Care Clinical Advisor to develop a plan for documenting and sharing palliative patient identification.
	Patients need to be able to express their preferred place of death to those caring for them	· · · · ·	Education around the importance of asking re preferred place of death as part of ACP (ACP team in Swansea Bay could be accessed for this) and CDT
	Preferred Place of death needs to be recorded in a way that is accessible for all clinicians involved with care	I	Discussion with IT re use of WCP for this - alert box?/part of eTOC and clinic letters. Primary care??
secondary and tertiary care)	Mechanisms to be in place to meet the patients preferred place of death where possible	Rapid discharge process available on COIN. Not widely known	Education and training around resources available to support preferred place of death including Continuing Health care. Robust health board systems need to be in place if CHC care can not be provided
	Audit of how often preferred place of death is achieved for patients receiving care via Swansea Bay clinicians/teams	Not currently undertaken (adults)	
Embed All Wales Care Decision Tool in clinical	Clinicians are identifying patients in last days of life	II)ata not available - anecdotally patchy and late	Communicate and share the best practive and guidance on identifying person in last days of guidance (All Wales CDT)
	Clinicians using the All Wales Care Decisions Tool to guide patient care	*Funding made available to provide HB wide education and training in use of the tool - however, tool not used much in practice or not at all in some setting. *When CDT used Review Sheet not always completed	Communicate and share the best practive and guidance on using the tool to identify persons in last days of life and in using the CDT across the Health and Care system
	Case Review Sheet is completed to moitor use of the Care Decision Tool		Use the in-built CDT Audit to improve use of CDT and Case Review Sheet

Action	Expected Outcome	Current situation	Actions Required
Establish a Health Board wide bereavement support structure (include voluntary sector)	A clear agreed bereavement support strategy in place (details princiles, approach and equity of service)	*No bereavement support strategy	Develop a Bereavement support strategy
	Clear register of services (including core and specialist NHS, Thrid and Voluntary sectors setting out available services, SLAs, referral criteria and processes)	*Ciss, Maggie's Centre, Cruise *Health Board Chaplaincy *Wish upon a star and Ty Hafan, Latch, Kids Cancer Charity for children, Teenage Cancer Trust *Not totally clear what serviecs available for use adults/children	Develop and share a register of bereavement support services available and identify ongoing managemnt of the register
	A bereavement serivce in place to meet the needs of the population (across voluntry, third sector and NHS)	*Volunteer service disjointed for end of life care *Health Board bereavement Pilot not provided with ongoing funding	Identify need and the gaps in bereavement services by analysing data from HB bereavement services pilot and the services available across including the availability and accessibility of play and psychological therapy
			Scope and develop a Business Case for Bereavement Services
We will embedd PREMs and PROMs across the Health Board as agreed nationally	National approved suite of Measures of Outcomes and Experience is in place and is in use across the Health Board	*National measures are to be agreed in early 2020 for roll out during 2020/21 *HB represented on End of Life Care Board *Expecting Staged implementation across Wales	To develop an appropriate action plan for the PROMS and PREMs rollout once nationally issued.