





Meeting Date 30 July 2020 Agenda Item 3.4						
Report Title	Risk Register Report					
Report Author	Hazel Lloyd, Head of Patient	Experience, Risk & Le	gal			
	Services					
Report Sponsor	Pam Wenger, Director of Go	vernance				
Presented by	Hazel Lloyd, Head of Patient	Experience, Risk & Le	gal			
	Services	, , ,				
Freedom of	Open	Open				
Information						
Purpose of the	The purpose of this report is	to provide an update	on risk			
Report	management, the Health Boa	ard Risk Register and	COvid-			
_	19 Risk Register.	· ·				
Key Issues	The Executive Team have re	viewed the Health Boa	ard Risk			
	Register and updated the foll	owing risks:				
	Risk Ref 1: Access to Un	scheduled Care risk re	duced			
	from 25 to 16.					
	Risk Ref 16: Access to P	lanned Care increased	from			
	20 to 25.					
	Risk Ref 50: Access to C	ancer Services increas	ed			
	from 20 to 25.					
	> Risk Ref 51: Compliance					
	(Wales) Act 2016 – risk in	creased from 16 to 20.	ı			
	Diala Dat Co. Assess to O					
	> Risk Ref 58: Access to O	pntnaimology Services	;			
	increased from 12 to 16.					
	➤ Risk Ref 68 Covid-19 Pa	ndomia increased from	n 15 to			
	25. Specific risks and issu	• .				
	pandemic are identified ar	•				
	Command Executive led of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	by the Covid-19 Coordina					
	separate report to the Board, in April, covering the					
	approach taken to the management of the pandemic					
	which includes the risks a					
	register (Attached as App					
	this time. All the Covid-19					
	the Health Board Risk Re	gister entry 68 in the ris	SK			

module in Datix. The themes/high risks which are highlighted relate to:

COVID Equipment – inc PPE

COVID Workforce

COVID Medicines

COVID Capacity

Two new risks will be added to the HBRR in relation to:

- Increased unmet health needs Access to healthcare either delayed as a result of response to the Covid-19 pandemic (either in a planned way in light of new thresholds of urgency, or as a result of patients not presenting at all) and;
- Financial Risk The total quantum for funding for addressing Covid-19 across Wales remains fluid and uncertain. There is a risk that the organisation's operational cost of addressing the pandemic cannot be contained within available funding resulting in a potential breach of the planned outturn for 2020-21. The Audit Committee is overseeing this risk.
- ➤ Board considered the risk appetite and tolerance levels in April 2020 and increased the high level risk from 16 to 20, recognising the current risk level we are having to manage in relation to the pandemic and re re-establishing essential services.

Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval
Required (please choose one only)				
Recommendations	Members are	asked to:		
	and the the char uncertai	e Health Board being made in ig the Health B nodelling require le 2 nd and 3 rd w	recognition of oard and the ed as a result	

RISK MANAGEMENT REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on risk management, the Health Board Risk Register and COvid-19 Risk Register.

2. BACKGROUND

The Health Board is in unprecedented times, responding to a global pandemic of Covid-19. Boards remain accountable at times of national crisis and it is important they are seen to be doing the right thing (Good Governance Institute, 2020) and the rationale behind key decisions is transparent.

Whilst substantial amounts of management time will be focussed on ensuring that the Health Boards response is coordinated and effective, there is a risk that quality governance and oversight may not be as robust as the resource/capacity of our staff resource is stretched in an unprecedented way which is changing on a daily basis.

In addition, the Minister of Health and Social Services announced on 13th March 2020, a framework of actions, within which local health and social care providers could make decisions to ensure that preparations could be made in a planned and measured way for managing Covid-19 and included:

- Suspending non-urgent outpatient appointments and ensure urgent appoints are prioritised;
- Suspending non-urgent surgical admissions and procedures (whilst ensuring access for emergency and urgent surgery);
- Prioritising the use of Non-Emergency Patient Transport Service to focus on hospital discharge and ambulance emergency response;
- Expediting discharge of vulnerable patients from acute and community hospitals;
- Relaxing targets and monitoring arrangements across the health and care system;
- Minimising regulation requirements for health and care settings;
- Fast tracking placements to care homes by suspending the current protocol which give to right to a choice of home;
- Permission to cancel internal and professional events, including study leave, to free up staff for preparations;
- Relaxation of contract and monitoring arrangements for GPs and primary care practitioners; and
- Suspending NHS emergency service and health volunteer support to mass gatherings and events.

The focus is now on re-establishing essential services in line with the NHS Wales Covid-19 Operating Framework.

3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK

The purpose of risk management is to fulfil the following requirements:

Conformity with mandatory obligations;

- Assurance to the Board that internal control activities are proportionate, aligned, comprehensive, embedded and dynamic;
- Support decision-making; and
- Achieve effective and efficient strategy, operations and compliance to ensure best outcome and reduce uncertainty.

The Executive Team will continue to review the HBRR focussing on:

- Existing risks which may need to be de-escalated from the HBRR as they do not reflect the current priorities of the Health Board;
- New and emerging risks relating to the potential impact of COVID planning and management will need to be assessed;
- Executive Directors/Directors will also need to consider their risks from their Directorate risk registers as to whether they should be considered for escalation to HBRR.

3.1 Management of Health Board Risk Register

The HBRR is agreed by the Executive Team and is scrutinised by the Board level Committees on a quarterly basis in terms of the risks aligned to each sub committee of the Board with the Audit Committee overseeing the complete HBRR on behalf of the Board.

3.1.1. Risk Appetite & Tolerance Levels

The Board reviewed its Risk Appetite and Tolerance levels and set new levels for the staff to follow during the Covid-19 pandemic. Previously, the Board's risk appetite was that risks of 16 and above are considered high risks and risks which the Board considered actions should be taken as a priority to mitigate the risk and there is a low threshold to taking risk where it will have a high impact on the quality and safety of care being delivered to patients. Risk appetite and tolerance acts as a guidance as to the risk boundaries that are acceptable and how risk and reward are to be balanced, as well as providing clarification on the level of risk the Board is prepared to accept.

Members of the Board agreed that the risk appetite, whilst dealing with COVID-19, would increase to **20** and above now considered high risks for the next three months. These arrangements will be reviewed regularly by the Executive Team, Audit Committee and the Board.

3.1.2 Summary of Changes to the HBRR

At present, the Risk Module on Datix holds 754 open and accepted risks, of which 14.5% (109) relate to risks over the Board's agreed tolerance level ie risks rated as 20 and above.

Current changes relating to the HBRR relate to:

> Risk Ref 1: Access to Unscheduled Care risk reduced from 25 to 16

Due to current measures related to COVID 19 including the cancelled all non-urgent activity, Emergency Department and Minor Injury Unit (MIU) attendance had reduced by nearly 50%. Activity has started to increase and this risks is monitored closely by the Chief Operating Officer.

Risk Ref 3: Workforce recruitment of medical & dental staff

Risk covers all hospitals and multiple specialties. Participated in BAPIO in November, appointed 25 doctors. Working with Medacs to replace long term locums. Developing an Invest to Save Bid for international overseas recruitment for nursing to upscale the activity for 20/21. Recruitment remains a challenge but is also a national problem. The problem persists and due to Covid 19 we can no longer rely on overseas doctors due to the travel restrictions. Supply issues to the Covid areas however have been mitigated by using doctors from other specialties where demand is currently low.

Risk Ref 16: Access to Planned Care increased from 20 to 25;

The cancellation of all non-urgent activity has increased the backlog of planned care cases across the organisation. Whilst mitigating measures such as virtual clinics have been put in place new referrals are still being accepted which is adding to the outpatient volumes. The significant reduction in theatre activity is obviously increasing the number of patients now breaching 36 and 52 week thresholds.

- ➤ Risk Ref 50: Access to Cancer Services increased from 20 to 25
 Whilst every effort is being made to maintain cancer treatment, surgical cancer activity in particular is being impacted upon by both the reduction in elective theatre capacity and availability in critical care beds.
- Risk Ref 58: Access to Ophthalmology Services increased from 12 to 16
 Although routine outpatients appointment are not being undertaken those patients at high risk i.e. Wet age-related macular degeneration (AMD) are still being seen and receiving treatment and those patients in other high risk specialties such as glaucoma are being reviewed virtually and if deemed necessary attending for
- ➤ Risk Ref 51: Compliance with Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act 2016 risk increased from 16 to 20.

Increased risk as a result of reduction in staff availability in relation to staff isolation/sickness - Covid-19. Frequently below minimum staffing number requirements. Additional Controls have been introduced in March to mitigate the risk, although the risk has increased at this time. Additional actions include:

- Daily Silver Nurse staffing Cell meetings chaired by Executive Director of Nursing & Patient Experience to discuss hot spots and the staff available across the Health Board;
- Nurse Bank fully utilised and part of the nurse staffing meetings, Unit Nurse Directors can now sanction Non contract agency without Executive approval to maintain a safe service;
- Corporate Nursing 7 day rota introduced;
- Database set up to record wards that have been repurposed as novel wards (Covid-19);
- Set up Covid-19 Corporate Training & Education Hub. Which outlines a clear plan for Training & Education;

urgent appointments.

- Approved Registered Staff who have retired from the Nursing Midwifery Council Register in the last 3 years have been contacted with a view to return to practice and into the health board workforce;
- Delivery Units have appropriately deployed of ward nurses to key areas. And also Administration staff utilised to release nurses into providing care and;
- Student nurses have returned to clinical practice which has been supported corporately.

A specific update report on the Nurse Staffing Act was received by the Board in May 2020.

➤ Risk Ref 68 Covid-19 Pandemic increased from 15 to 25. Specific risks and issues relating to response to the pandemic are identified and managed through the Gold Command Executive led meetings and supported by the Covid-19 Coordination Centre. There was a separate report to the Board, in April, covering the approach taken to the management of the pandemic which includes the risks and that a separate risk register (Appendix 2 – Covid-19 high level Risk Register) will be maintained at this time. All the Covid-19 risks are linked back to the Health Board Risk Register entry 68 in the risk module in Datix. The themes/high risks which are highlighted relate to:

3.1.3 Proposed new risks for the HBRR

Two new risks will be added to the HBRR in relation to:

> Increased unmet health needs

Access to healthcare either delayed as a result of response to the Covid-19 pandemic (either in planned way in light of new thresholds of urgency, or as a result of patients not presenting at all).

> Financial Risk

The total quantum for funding for addressing Covid-19 across Wales remains fluid and uncertain. There is a risk that the organisation's operational cost of addressing the pandemic cannot be contained within available funding resulting in a potential breach of the planned outturn for 2020-21. **Examples of mitigating actions:**

- Modelling of anticipated patient flows, and the resultant workforce, equipment and operational requirements is managed through Gold command;
- Financial modelling and forecasting is co-ordinated on a regular basis;
- Financial reporting to Welsh Government on local costs incurred as a result of Covid-19 to inform central and local scrutiny, feedback and decision-making;
- Oversight arrangements in place at Board level and through the command structure;
- Exploring alternative funding sources;
- Local Health Board funding arrangements, including confirmed additional support from Welsh Government;
- Funding arrangements through the Regional Partnership Board and Local Authority partners.

3.1.4 Health Board Risk Register Dashboard

The Health Board Risk Register, attached as Appendix 1, contains 33 strategic risks and the operational risks of 16 and above are linked to the strategic risks. The 33 risks, include 17 risks which are risk rated as 20 and above. The Health Board Risk Register entries are set out in the dashboard below:

Dashboard of Assessed Risks – June 2020

	5						
					51: Compliance with Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act 2016	67: Target breeches to Radical	
					4: Infection Control	Radiotherapy Treatment	
					49: TAVI Service	66: SACT Treatment	
					63: Screening for Fetal Growth Assessment in line with Gap-	16: Access to Planned Care	
					Grow (G&G)	Services	
					65: CTG Monitoring in Labour Wards	50: Access to Cancer Services	
					69: Adolescents being admitted to Adult MH wards	68: Coronavirus Pandemic	
					70: Data Centre outages		
	_				03: Workforce Recruitment of Medical and Dental Staff		
	4				01: Access to Unscheduled Care Service	64: H&S Infrastructure	
					45: Discharge information		
					48: Child & Adolescence Mental Health Services	39: IMTP Statutory Responsibility	
					37: Operational and strategic decisions are not data	62: Sustainable Corporate	
					informed	Services	
					57: Non-compliance with Home Office Controlled Drug	60: Cyber Security	
					Licensing requirements	oo. Cyber security	
					61: Paediatric Dental GA Service - Parkway		
Ś					58: Ophthalmology Clinic Capacity		
Se					43: DOLS Authorisation and Compliance with Legislation		
en	3						
n b					13: Environment of Health Board Premises	15: Population Health	
) še					36: Electronic Patient Record	Improvement	
) L					27: Sustainable Clinical Services for Digital Transformation	54: No Deal Brexit	
ြပ္ပိ					41: Fire Safety Regulation Compliance	53: Compliance with Welsh	
ξ					52: Engagement & Impact Assessment Requirements	Language Standards	
)a(2						
Impact/Consequences	1						
CXL	-	1	2	3	4	5	
		Likelihood					

3.2 Covid-19 Gold Risk Register

In recognition that Covid-19 is an "issue" which the Health Board is managing a separate Risk Register (attached as Appendix 2) has been established in the Datix system which is overseen by the Covid-19 Gold meetings with the risks being reviewed and updated on a weekly basis.

Currently there are thirteen risks on the Covid-19 Gold Risk Register of which five relate to risks of 20 and above as detailed in the Covid-19 Gold dashboard.

Dashboard of Assessed Risks - Covid-19 GOLD Command

	5					R_COV_005: Care Homes		
	4				R_COV_012: Partnership	R_COV_004: Workforce Shortages – Self Isolation		
					Working	R_COV_008: Capacity		
						R_COV_009: Workforce – Field Hospitals		
						R_COV_010: Delivery of Essential Care		
S	3					R_COV_001: Shortage of Critical Care drugs		
ဥ						R_COV_002: Shortage of Palliative Care drugs		
ner						R_COV_003: Inadequate supply of PPE		
ed						R_COV_011: BAME Workforce Risks		
Suc						R_COV_013: Test, Trace and Protect		
) V	2					R_COV_006: Equipment Shortages		
act						R_COV_007: Oxygen Provision		
Impact/Consequences	1							
CXL	CXL		2	3	4	5		
		Lik	Likelihood					

3.3 Management of Operational Risks

Executive Directors (Corporate functions) and Unit Service Directors supported by Unit Nurse and Unit Medical Directors remain responsible for risks outside of the Covid-19 Risk Register linked to the HBRR entry Risk Ref 68. Self-governance, transparency and management of these risks is crucial at a time when external scrutiny is at its lowest ie Healthcare Inspectorate Wales, Health & Safety Executive, Internal and External Audit unprecedented reduction in activity,

Managers have been asked to consider whether they have the capability (available resources and skills) to implement their planned actions, and maintain the effectiveness of their existing controls.

The Director of Governance has requested Executive Directors/Unit Directors to review their existing operational risks on Datix Risk Module (taking into account the positive /negative impacts that Covid-19 may have had on them) and

- Agree the risks that remain a priority to manage and mitigate during the Covid-19 pandemic;
- Agree (archive) the risks that do not present a significant risk during the Covid-19 pandemic (however they must ensure that existing controls are in place and remain effective otherwise risk could increase); and
- Consider new and emerging risks to their service as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic (including potential risks in respect of returning to normal business)

4. RECOMMENDATION

Members are asked to:

 NOTE the updates to the Health Board Risk Register and the further changes being made in recognition of the changing risks facing the Health Board and the uncertainty in terms of modelling required as a result of the impact of a possible 2nd and 3rd wave of Covid-19 cases.

Governance an	d Assurance	
Link to		promoting and
Enabling	empowering people to live well in resilient communities	
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	
(please choose)	Co-Production and Health Literacy	
	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care service	es achieving the
	outcomes that matter most to people	
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	
•	Partnerships for Care	
	Excellent Staff	
	Digitally Enabled Care	
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	
Health and Care		
(please choose)	Staying Healthy	
	Safe Care	\boxtimes
	Effective Care	\boxtimes
	Dignified Care	\boxtimes
	Timely Care	
	Individual Care	
	Staff and Resources	\boxtimes
Quality, Safety	and Patient Experience	
taken, is a key re receiving care ar	ational risks are captured, assessed and mitigating actional risks are captured, assessed and mitigating action action and staff working in the UHB.	
Financial Implic		
	ed within this report have resource implications wh	
addressed by th	e respective Executive Director leads and taken into	consideration
as part of the I	Board's IMTP processes.	
Legal Implication	ons (including equality and diversity assessment)	
It is essential that	at the Board has robust arrangements in place to asses	ss, capture
	s faced by the organisation, as failure to do so could h	
implications for	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	J
Staffing Implica		
	ors/Unit Directors requested o review their existing op-	erational risks
on Datix Risk Mo	odule	
Generations (W	lications (including the impact of the Well-being of /ales) Act 2015)	Future
No implications f	for the Team to be notified of.	
Report History	Executive Team	
,	Quarterly report to the Audit Committee	
Appendices	Appendix 1 – Health Board Risk Registe	r: and
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Appendix 2 Covid-19 High level Risk Replacement	yıster.



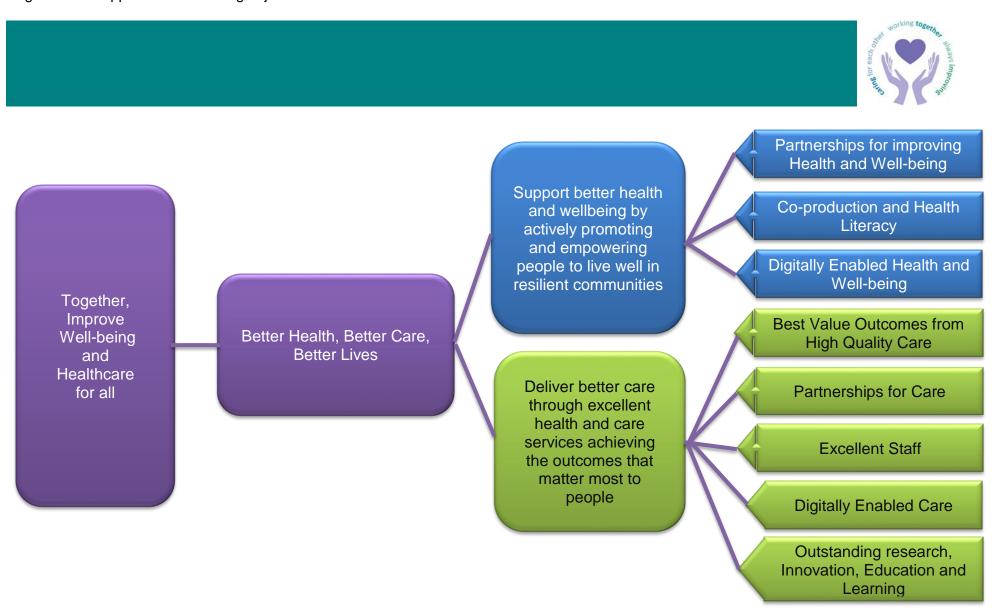
COVID-19 RISK REGISTER GOLD COMMAND 2020





Aligning Risk with Swansea Bay University Health Board (SBUHB) Strategy

The Swansea Bay University Health Board (SBUHB) strategy is outlined in the figure below and all risks identified for inclusion on the Health Board Risk Register are mapped to our enabling objectives.



COVID-19 RISK REGISTER DASHBOARD OF ASSESSED RISKS – GOLD COMMAND

	5					R_COV_005: Care Homes
	4				R_COV_012: Partnership Working	R_COV_004: Workforce Shortages – Self Isolation
(0	•				R_GGT_GTZ. I distribution providing	R_COV_008: Capacity R_COV_009: Workforce – Field Hospitals
Juces						R_COV_010: Delivery of Essential Care
Impact/Consequences						
Cons						
oact/						
<u> </u>	3					R_COV_001: Shortage of Critical Care drugs R_COV_002: Shortage of Palliative Care drugs
						R_COV_003: Inadequate supply of PPE R_COV_011: BAME Workforce Risks
						R_COV_013: Test, Trace and Protect
	2					R_COV_006: Equipment Shortages
						R_COV_007: Oxygen Provision
	1					
C	X L	1	2	3	4 Likelihood	5
		l			LINGIII IUUU	

COVID 19 Risk Register Dashboard

Risk Reference	Datix ID	Description of risk identified	Initial Score	Current Score	Trend	Controls	Last Reviewed	Scrutiny Committee
R_COV_001	2367	Shortage of critical care drugs Global shortages which is affecting the UK of a number of drugs/ fluids to manage patients cared for in critical care areas could restrict number of people able to be supported in critical care unit and restrict capacity to enact full COVID critical care response plan	25	15	+	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_002	2368	Shortage of Palliative Care Drugs National shortage of palliative care drugs and access to syringe drivers which could impact on ability to provide timely care for patients at home or in hospital; causing pain for patients and distress for patients and their families. Inability to access drugs for patients at home could impact on hospital sector if these patients subsequently require hospital admission. Distress for patients in families in not being able to die in their place of choice.	25	15	+	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_003	2378	Inadequate Supply of PPE Inadequate supply of PPE could place staff at risk of harm and an increase in the number of staff infected will increase absence rates, resulting in difficulties in staffing core capacity.	25	15	+	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_004	2369	Workforce Shortages Number of staff who are absent from work through self-isolation or family illness will impact on ability to deliver safe care for patients; and will impact on ability to keep capacity open and to staff surge and super surge capacity	25	20	+	¥	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_005	2370	Care Homes Potential failure in local care home sector to manage staff absences could result in emergency closure of care home which will place undue pressure and therefore on community health and social services to support and/or lead to an increase in patient admission to hospital. Risk of patient harm if care homes are not adequately covered.	25	25	+	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_006	2371	Equipment Shortages Inability to secure adequate supply of equipment to support phases of capacity plan which may restrict ability of Board to respond to peaks in pandemic if not mitigated. This includes availability of ventilators, CPAP, suppliers, syringe drivers	25	10	+	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_007	2372	Oxygen Provision Capacity constraints on oxygen provision at Morriston will limit number of ventilator, CPAP and high flow oxygen beds. Lack of ability to secure direct suppliers via BOC will hamper plans for oxygen provision within field hospital	25	10	+	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19

SBU Health Board COVID-19 Risk Register – GOLD COMMAND – Last updated 22 July 2020

R_COV_008	2373	Capacity Capacity requirements against national modelling mean that the HB capacity may be either insufficient to cope with demand, resulting in an inability to care for patients as well as an increased risk of excess death. Alternatively if demand is lower than predicted by the modelling we could develop capacity where it not needed resulting in avoidable expenditure.	25	20	4	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_009	2374	Workforce Inability to recruit sufficient workforce to fulfil requirements for super surge capacity in field hospitals leading which leads to impact on ability to provide additional capacity and therefore impact on delivery of patient care.	25	20	¥	•	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_010	2375	Delivery of Essential Care Following the guidance to step down routine activity issued by Welsh Government and the pandemic Health and Social Care Response Plan. There is a risk that the HB's normal business will not be given sufficient focus and that this could lead to a negative impact on patient outcomes and experience, and cause delays to patient treatment resulting in harm	20	20	→	→	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_011	2376	BAME Workforce Risks There is growing evidence that COVID-19 is having a disproportionate impact on individuals from BAME backgrounds. The evidence continues to evolve but the UK Intensive Care National Audit and Research Centre findings on critical care published on 24th April 2020 and the data on BAME deaths published in the Health Service Journal on 22nd April provided sufficient evidence to indicate that individuals from BAME backgrounds may be at disproportionate risk from poorer outcomes from COVID-19.	25	15	•	¥	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_012	2377	Partnership Working There are growing tensions between the Health Board and some trade union partners within SBUHB particularly in response to the supply of PPE which has the potential to create unrest in the workforce and hamper an effective response to COVID-19.	20	15	4	¥	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19
R_COV_013	2388	Test, Trace and Protect Clarity over testing cell responsibility from a HB point of view and how this fits with the multi-agency TTP plan. Need to establish clear position on retesting. Staffing for expansion of Testing & establishment of Trace & Protect being identified from LAs and HB. Identifying sufficient trained / experienced staff for "clinical roles" in local and regional teams is being sourced from shielded staff. As core services are reintroduced there will be the need to recruit additional staff, which may be external and so incur costs. To date no funding from WG has been confirmed for this. Lack of availability of a digital platform from go live date for TTP of 1st June will limit capacity for Trace & Protect activities.	20	15	V	¥	19.06.2020	Gold Command COVID-19

Datix ID Number: 2367	R_COV_Strategic_001				
Risk: Shortage of critical care drugs Global shortages which is affecting the UK of a number of drugs/ fluids to manage patients cared for in critical care areas could restrict number of people able to be supported in critical care unit and restrict capacity to enact full COVID critical care response plan	Director Lead: Richard Evans, Medical Director Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020				
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)				
Monitoring mechanism in place for critical care drugs.	Action Lead Deadline Escalate to WG via critical care network to seek Clinical Director Weekly				
 Lack of hemofiltration fluids across the UK escalated to ECCW on 18/04/20. Assessment of further local contingency plan to be undertaken week beg 20th April 20 	Escalate to WG via critical care network to seek mutual aid in event of drug shortages; ongoing liaison with WG and suppliers. Clinical Director Pharmacy ongoing				
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service.				
Current Risk Rating	Additional Comments				
Risk 25 Current 15 Target 10	Monitoring mechanism in place for critical care drugs. Access to priority medicines dashboard with a formalised mutual aid agreements between HBs supported by Health Courier Wales. Situation improving due to UK government working to create new supply routes alongside ongoing work to reduce waste, increase production of ready to administer medicines and the availability of unlicensed medicines. Anxiety remains about the potential of further peaks alongside the recommencing of routine care. National guidance on the essential role of medicines in recommencing routine care is expected and will reiterate the importance of organisations ensuring that any procedure which requires an anaesthetic, sedative, analgesic or neuromuscular blocker has assessed that the Medicines are available and can be replenished, if not that there are readily available substitutes and that stocks are sufficient to manage any emergency requirement for these drugs such as in the case of Covid 19. SBU pharmacy team have a four day buffer stock which will be kept to manage any emergency situation.				

Datix ID Number: 2368	R_COV_Strategic_002
Risk: Shortage of Palliative Care Drugs National shortage of palliative care drugs and access to syringe drivers which could impact on ability to provide timely care for patients at home or in hospital; causing pain for patients and distress for patients and their families. Inability to access drugs for patients at home could impact on hospital sector if these patients subsequently require hospital admission. Distress for patients in families in not being able to die in their place of choice.	Director Lead: Richard Evans, Medical Director Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)
 Local distribution plan now refined to be able to supply drugs at home quickly as required whilst preserving central stock. The Health Board has adopted Welsh Government guidance on the potential for reusing critical supplies in nursing homes and will follow the all Wales Standard Operating Procedure in adopting this flexibility and will put in place a review and audit mechanism 	Action Ongoing liaison with suppliers and WG to identify further supplies. Clinical Director Pharmacy ongoing
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service.
Current Risk Rating 5 x 3 = 15 Risk 25 Current 15 Target 10	Additional Comments Increased agility to supply limited stocks through the following access routes1st line - Community Pharmacies (including those holding additional palliative medicines stocks) • 2nd line – The Palliative Hub at Morriston Hospital Pharmacy Department • 3rd line – The national COVID-19 end of life medicine service (available 24/7) • 4th Line – repurposing of medication at the care home in accordance with the attached SOP

Datix ID Number: 2378	R_COV_Strategic_003				
Risk: Inadequate Supply of PPE Inadequate supply of PPE could place staff at risk of harm and an increase in the number of staff infected will increase absence rates, resulting in difficulties in staffing core capacity. Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) • Alternative decontamination options being worked through for some items to enable reuse. Military assistance in place in Morriston from 20/04/20 to support improvement in logistics operation	Director Lead: Gareth Howells, Director of Nursing Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020 Mitigating actions (What more s Action Strengthened central distribution of PPE in place with electronic feed of supply requirements from individual units. Stock levels monitoring via dashboard. Pursue of local supply options underway for PPE with large supply anticipated in 01/05/20 and further quantities on order.	hould we do?) Lead Director of Nursing	Deadline Weekly ongoing		
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service.				
Current Risk Rating 5 x 3 = 15 Risk 25 Current 15 Target 10	Additional Comments Supplies have increased with regular reporting from units of a minimum of 24hrs in unit stores, most PPE items 48hrs plus, with a further 48hrs held in HQ central store. Confirmation of current and new suppliers providing steady supply of PPE to the Health Board.				

Datix ID Number: 2369	R_COV_Strategic_004		
Risk: Workforce Shortages Number of staff who are absent from work through self-isolation or family illness will impact on ability to deliver safe care for patients; and will impact on ability to keep capacity open and to staff surge and super surge capacity Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Operational deployment group now operational to balance staff workforce across current capacity. Field hospital staffing model identified; and will be triggered on basis of move to super surge with deployment in line with agreed minimum staffing requirements	Director Lead: Hazel Robinson, Director of Workforce Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020 Mitigating actions (What more should we do Action Lead Workforce silver is leading a recruitment drive to secure additional workforce; robust occupational health service in place to identify and test staff quickly and get them back to work;	P) Deadline Weekly ongoing	
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis. Current Risk Rating 5 x 4 = 20 Risk 25 Current 20 Target 8	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service. Additional Comments Staff absent for Covid-19 reasons self-isolation/shielding or symptomatic has reduced to nearly 50%. Workforce engaged on detailed review of shielding staff with a view to possible use in priority work that can be undertaken at home.		

Datix ID Number: 2370	R_COV_Strategic_005			
Risk: <u>Care Homes</u> Potential failure in local care home sector to manage staff absences could result in emergency closure of care home which will place undue pressure and therefore on community health and social services to support and/or lead to an increase in patient admission to hospital. Risk of patient harm if care homes are not adequately covered.				
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more	should we do?)		
 HB has provided temporary support to one care home and working closely with social services. Emergency care home procedure in place enacted via CSSIW. Escalated to WG on 16/04/20 with strong view from WG that HB should not step in unless in extremis. Patients in vulnerable care homes being assessed and actions put in place on individual clinical basis to admit if required. 	Action Further plan required from Community Silver on alternative models - eg step up care. Update required on 23/04/20	Lead Director of Primary and Community Services	Weekly ongoing	
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis. Current Risk Rating 5 x 5 = 25 Risk 25 Current 25 Target 15	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service. Additional Commo	ents		

Datix ID Number: 2371	R_COV_Strategic_006				
Risk: Equipment Shortages Inability to secure adequate supply of equipment to support phases of capacity plan which may restrict ability of Board to respond to peaks in pandemic if not mitigated. This includes availability of ventilators, CPAP, suppliers, syringe drivers	Director Lead: Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020				
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more s	hould we do?)			
Detailed equipment schedule prepared.	Action	Lead	Deadline		
	Infrastructure Silver reviewing equipment provision to ensure that all requests are being pursued via national and local supply chains. For update on 23/04/20	Director of Finance	Weekly ongoing		
Assurances	Gaps in assurance				
(How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)	(What additional assurances should we seek?)				
Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	The need to deliver sustained service.				
Current Risk Rating 5 x 2 = 10 Risk 25 Current 10 Target 5	Additional Comments Ventilators to come through critical care network - all other items either ordered or in place. Llandarcy and Bay (phases 1, 2 and 3A equipped) - hold on equipping final phase to assess demand, Risk likelihood reduced to reflect progress made.				

Datix ID Number: 2372	R_COV_Strategic_007					
Risk: Oxygen Provision Capacity constraints on oxygen provision at Morriston will limit number of ventilator, CPAP and high flow oxygen beds. Lack of ability to secure direct suppliers via BOC will hamper plans for oxygen provision within field hospital						
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more s	hould we do?)				
Detailed risk assessment completed and mitigating actions in place to balance the	Action	Lead	Deadline			
oxygen usage across Morriston across the 2 VIE systems. • Alternative source of supply being sourced to provide oxygen at field hospital.	Further request submitted to WG to support prioritisation of Morriston for upgrade in flow rates at one VIE at Morriston to boost oxygen flow rate.	Director of Finance	Weekly ongoing			
Assurances	Gaps in assurance					
(How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)	(What additional assurances should we seek?)					
Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	The need to deliver sustained service.					
Current Risk Rating 5 x 2 = 10 Risk 25 Current 10 Target 3	Additional Comments BOC solution agreed for Llandarcy - risk reduced to reflect this. Risk will reduce further when in situ. 19.06.20: Concrete base complete for Oxygen facility at Llandarcy, building under construction. BOC due to attend site end of week commencing 22nd June and MES piping to complete installation week commencing 29th June. Recently closed but being monitored in relation to provision at Bay Hospital.					

Datix ID Number: 2373	R_COV_Strategic_008			
Risk: Capacity Capacity requirements against national modelling mean that the HB capacity may be either insufficient to cope with demand, resulting in an inability to care for patients as well as an increased risk of excess death. Alternatively if demand is lower than predicted by the modelling we could develop capacity where it not needed resulting in avoidable expenditure.	Director Lead: Chris White, Chief Operating Officer Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020			
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more s	hould we do?)		
•	Action	Lead	Deadline	
	Create flexible capacity plans that can be stepped up or down depending on demand and in line with other factors such as workforce, or medicines constraints	Chief operating Officer	Weekly ongoing	
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service.			
Current Risk Rating 5 x 4 = 20 Risk 25 Current 20	Additional Commen	ts		
Target 8				

Datix ID Number: 2374	R_COV_Strategic_009						
Risk: Workforce Inability to recruit sufficient workforce to fulfil requirements for super surge capacity in field hospitals leading which leads to impact on ability to provide additional capacity and therefore impact on delivery of patient care.							
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)							
•	Action	Lead	Deadline				
	Additional workforce are being recruited through national and local campaigns including the return of retired NHS professionals	Clinical Director Pharmacy	Weekly ongoing				
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?)						
Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	The need to deliver sustained service.						
Current Risk Rating 5 x 4 = 20 Risk 25 Current 20 Target 10	Additional Comments Both Medical and Nursing student now deployed within the HB. Plans for recruitment and deployment under regular review to meet service planning as it evolves. Additional recruitment to be undertaken as required.						

Datix ID Number: 2375	R_COV_Strategic_010				
Risk: Delivery of Essential Care Following the guidance to step down routine activity issued by Welsh Government and the pandemic Health and Social Care Response Plan. There is a risk that the HB's normal business will not be given sufficient focus and that this could lead to a negative impact on patient outcomes and experience, and cause delays to patient treatment resulting in harm	usiness Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020				
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)				
 Urgent OP work will continue utilising digital solutions wherever possible. Agreed list of exceptions in place; urgent cancer work is being preserved as far as practicable given other constraints. Use of Sancta to provide some urgent cancer treatment. Discussions on regional footprint to identify potential solutions for urgent work where appropriate. Morriston remains open to the Burns network. 	Action Lead Development of recovery framework to support return to delivery of core services Chief Operati Officer	ng Weekly ongoing			
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis. Current Risk Rating	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service. Additional Comments				
5 x 4 = 20 Risk 20 Current 20 Target 8					

Datix ID Number: 2376	R_COV_Strategic_011				
Risk: BAME Workforce Risks There is growing evidence that COVID-19 is having a disproportionate impact on individuals from BAME backgrounds. The evidence continues to evolve but the UK Intensive Care National Audit and Research Centre findings on critical care published on 24th April 2020 and the data on BAME deaths published in the Health Service Journal on 22nd April provided sufficient Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) • A risk assessment tool has been made available by Welsh Government to support the identification of health care workers from a BAME background and to support the a risk assessment is to identify those individuals who may fit into this additional vulnerable group in order to prevent insofar as is possible, a worsening of the existing racial disparities in our communities. • BAME individuals will need to have a discussion with their line managers and a risk assessment undertaken on an individual basis giving due recognition to their profession or role in the organisation and their likely risk of current exposure to COVID-19. • It is recognised that it is not possible to assess for all possible risk factors in this current environment. • Factors such as genetics, socioeconomic factors, geographical and above all cultural factors will have an effect on risk – however they cannot be assessed here in this context and will need to form part of the risk assessment tool.	Director Lead: Hazel Robinson, Director of Workforce Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020 Mitigating actions (What more s Action The impact on services will be reassessed after the initial risk assessment process has concluded.		Deadline Weekly ongoing		
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service.				
Current Risk Rating 5 x 3 = 15	Additional Commer	nts			
Risk 25 Current 15 Target 8					

Datix ID Number: 2377	R_COV_Strategic_012				
Risk: Partnership Working There are growing tensions between the Health Board and some trade union partners within SBUHB particularly in response to the supply of PPE which has the potential to create unrest in the workforce and hamper an effective response to COVID-19. Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) • Frequent meetings will continue to take place, supplemented by local discussions when required. • Employees will be encouraged to raise concerns via existing mechanisms and directly to the Chief Executive. • We will continue to utilise the daily briefings to be transparent about issues such as PPE to improve confidence in the supply and availability. • Chief Executive and other Executive Directors will attend HB Partnership Forum on a regular basis. Partnership principles and ways of working will be emphasised as the most effective approach to secure progress.	Director Lead: Hazel Robinson, Director of Workforce Assuring Committee: Gold Command COVID-19 Date last reviewed: 19th June 2020 Mitigating actions (What more s Action The Health Board will continue to develop an effective working relationship with all trade union partners and collectively via the agreed HB Partnership Forum.		Deadline Weekly ongoing		
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis. Current Risk Rating 4 x 4 = 16 Risk 20 Current 16 Target 8	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) The need to deliver sustained service. Additional Commen	nts			

Datix ID Number: 2388	R_COV_Strategic_011				
Risk: Test, Trace and Protect Clarity over testing cell responsibility from a HB point of view and how this fits with the multi- agency TTP plan. Need to establish clear position on retesting. Staffing for expansion of Testing & establishment of Trace & Protect being identified from LAs and HB. Identifying sufficient trained / experienced staff for "clinical roles" in local and regional teams is being sourced from shielded staff. As core services are reintroduced there will be the need to recruit additional staff, which may be external and so incur costs. To date no funding from WG has been confirmed for this. Lack of availability of a digital platform from go live date for TTP of 1st June will limit capacity for Trace & Protect activities.	aff,				
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What mo	re should we do?)			
 Overall structure agreed, further discussions regarding delivery of specific HB elements. Multiagency testing plan and overarching TTP Plan agreed and submitted to WG. Guidance on HB stance on retesting being prepared by KR for inclusion in Testing Plan. Staffing plan developed and discussions being held with identified members of staff to populate required teams. 	Action Need to establish clear position on retesting.	Lead Director of Strategy	Deadline Weekly ongoing		
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?)				
Current Risk Rating 5 x 3 = 15 Risk 20 Current 15 Target 8	Additional Comments Discussion with WG planned over funding w/c 25.06.20 with potential for follow up letter TBA at Directors Call on 28.06.20.				

Risk Score Calculation

For each risk identified, the LIKELIHOOD & CONSEQUENCE mechanism will be utilised. Essentially this examines each of the risks and attempts to assess the likelihood of the event occurring (PROBABLILITY) and the effect it could have on the Health Board (IMPACT). This process ensures that the Health Board will be focusing on those risks which require immediate attention rather than spending time on areas which are, relatively, a lower priority.

Risk Matrix	LIKELIHOOD (*)					
CONSEQUENCE (**)	1 - Rare	2 - Unlikely	3 - Possible	4 - Probable	5 - Expected	
1 - Negligible	1	2	3	4	5	
2 - Minor	2	4	6	8	10	
3 - Moderate	3	6	9	12	15	
4 - Major	4	8	12	16	20	
5 - Catastrophic	5	10	15	20	25	



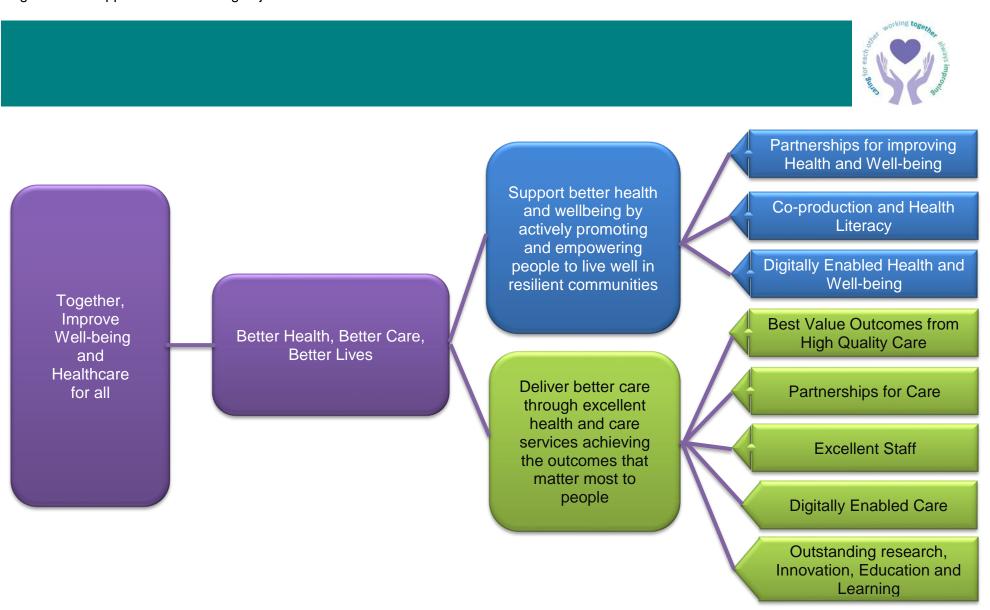
HEALTH BOARD RISK REGISTER June 2020





Aligning Risk with Swansea Bay University Health Board (SBUHB) Strategy

The Swansea Bay University Health Board (SBUHB) strategy is outlined in the figure below and all risks identified for inclusion on the Health Board Risk Register are mapped to our enabling objectives.



HEALTH BOARD RISK REGISTER DASHBOARD OF ASSESSED RISKS – June 2020

	5				 51: Compliance with Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act 2016 4: Infection Control 49: TAVI Service 63: Screening for Fetal Growth Assessment in line with Gap-Grow (G&G) 65: CTG Monitoring in Labour Wards 69: Adolescents being admitted to Adult MH wards 70: Data Centre outages 03: Workforce Recruitment of Medical and Dental Staff 	67: Target breeches to Radical Radiotherapy Treatment 66: SACT Treatment 16: Access to Planned Care Services 50: Access to Cancer Services 68: Coronavirus Pandemic
Impact/Consequences	4				 01: Access to Unscheduled Care Service 45: Discharge information 48: Child & Adolescence Mental Health Services 37: Operational and strategic decisions are not data informed 57: Non-compliance with Home Office Controlled Drug Licensing requirements 61: Paediatric Dental GA Service - Parkway 58: Ophthalmology Clinic Capacity 43: DOLS Authorisation and Compliance with Legislation 	64: H&S Infrastructure 39: IMTP Statutory Responsibility 62: Sustainable Corporate Services 60: Cyber Security
<u>E</u>	3				 13: Environment of Health Board Premises 36: Electronic Patient Record 27: Sustainable Clinical Services for Digital Transformation 41: Fire Safety Regulation Compliance 52: Engagement & Impact Assessment Requirements 	15: Population Health Improvement 54: No Deal Brexit 53: Compliance with Welsh Language Standards
	2					
	1					
C	ХL	1	2	3	4	5
					Likelihood	

Risk Register Dashboard

Strategic Objective	Risk Reference	Description of risk identified	Initial Score	Current Score	Trend	Controls	Last Reviewed	Scrutiny Committee
Best Value Outcomes from High Quality Care	1 (738)	Access to Unscheduled Care Service Failure to comply with Tier 1 target for Unscheduled Care could impact on patient and family experience of care.	25	16	→	•	June 2020	Performance and Finance Committee
	4 (739)	Infection Control Failure to achieve infection control targets set by Welsh Government could impact on patient and family experience of care.	20	20	→	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
	13 (814)	Environment of HB Premises Failure to meet statutory health and safety requirements.	16	12	Ψ	•	June 2020	Health and Safety Committee
	64 (2159)	Health and Safety Infrastructure Insufficient resource and capacity of the health, safety and fire function to maintain legislative and regulatory compliance.	20	20	→	→	June 2020	Health and Safety Committee
	16 (840)	Access to Planned Care Failure to achieve compliance with waiting times, there is a risk that patients may come to harm. Also, financial risk not achieving targets.	16	25	↑	→	June 2020	Performance and Finance Committee
	37 (1217)	Information Led Decisions Operational and strategic decisions are not data informed.	16	16	→	→	June 2020	Audit Committee

39 (1297)	Approved IMTP – Statutory Compliance If the Health Board does not have an approved IMTP signed off by Welsh Government, primarily due to the inability to align performance and financial plans it will remain in escalation status, currently "targeted intervention".	16	20	↑	→	June 2020	Performance and Finance Committee
41 (1567)	Fire Safety Compliance Fire Safety notice received from the Fire Authority – MH&LD Unit. Uncertain position in regard to the appropriateness of the cladding applied to Singleton Hospital in particular (as a high rise block) in respect of its compliance.re safety regulations.	12	12	→	→	June 2020	Health and Safety Committee
43 (1514)	DoLS If the Health Board is unable to complete timely completion of DoLS Authorisation then the Health Board will be in breach of legislation and claims may be received in this respect. (Awaiting closure)	16	16	→	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
48 (1563)	CAMHS Failure to sustain Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAHMS).	16	16	→	→	June 2020	Performance and Finance Committee
49 (922)	Trans-catheter Aortic Valve Implementation (TAVI) Failure to provide a sustainable service for Trans-catheter Aortic Valve Implementation (TAVI)	25	20	¥	•	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee

	63 (1605)	Screening for Fetal Growth Assessment in line with Gap-Grow Due to the scanning capacity there are significant challenges in achieving this standard.	20	20)	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
	50 (1761)	Access to Cancer Services Failure to sustain services as currently configured to meet cancer targets could impact on patient and family experience of care.	20	25	→	↑	June 2020	Performance and Finance Committee
	57 (1799)	Controlled Drugs Non-compliance with Home Office Controlled Drug Licensing requirements.	20	16	¥	→	June 2020	Audit Committee
	66 (1834)	Access to Cancer Services Delays in access to SACT treatment in Chemotherapy Day Unit	25	25	→	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
	67 (89)	Risk target breeches – Radiotherapy Clinical risk – Target breeches of radical radiotherapy treatment	16	25	→	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
	69 (1418)	Safeguarding Adolescents being admitted to adult MH wards	16	20	→	→	June 2020	Quality & Safety Committee
Excellent Staff	3 (843)	Workforce Recruitment Failure to recruit medical & dental staff	20	20	+	↑	June 2020	Workforce and OD Committee
	51 (1759)	Nurse Staffing (Wales) Act Risk of Non Compliance with the Nurse Staffing (Wales) Act	16	20	¥	↑	June 2020	Workforce and OD Committee

	62 (2023)	Sustainable Corporate Services Health Board's Annual Plan and organisational strategy, and with the skills, capability, behaviours and tools to successfully deliver in support of the whole organisation, and to do so in a way which respects and promotes the health and well-being of our staff and their work-life balance.	20	20	→	→	June 2020	Workforce and OD Committee
Digitally Enabled Care	27 (1035)	Sustained Clinical Services Inability to deliver sustainable clinical services due to lack of digital transformation.	16	12	4	→	June 2020	Audit Committee
	36 (1043)	Storage of Paper Records Failure to provide adequate storage facilities for paper records then this will impact on the availability of patient records at the point of care. Quality of the paper record may also be reduced if there is poor records management in some wards.	20	12	¥	→	June 2020	Audit Committee
	60 (2003)	Cyber Security – High level risk The level of cyber security incidents is at an unprecedented level and health is a known target.	20	20	→	→	June 2020	Audit Committee
	65 (329)	CTG Monitoring on Labour Wards Risk associated with misinterpreting abnormal CTG readings in delivery rooms.	20	20	→	→	June 2020	Quality & Safety Committee
	70 (2245)	National Data Centre Outages The failure of national systems causes severe disruption across NHS Wales, affecting Primary and secondary care services.	20	20	→	→	June 2020	Audit Committee

Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	58 (146)	Ophthalmology - Excellent Patient Outcomes There is a failure to provide adequate clinic capacity to support follow-up patients within the Ophthalmology specialty.	12	16	→	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
	15 (737)	Population Health Targets Failure to achieve population health improvement targets leading to an increase in preventable disease amongst the population resulting in increased morbidity impacting on operational and financial pressures.	15	15	→	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
	68 (2299)	Pandemic Framework Risk of declared pandemic due to Coronavirus Infectious Disease outbreak 2020.	20	25)	↑	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
	61 (1587)	Paediatric Dental GA Service – Parkway Identify alternative arrangements to Parkway Clinic for the delivery of dental paediatric GA services on the Morriston Hospital SDU site consistent with the needs of the population and existing WG and Health Board policies.	15	16	•	→	June 2020	Quality and Safety Committee
Partnerships for Care	52 (1763)	Statutory Compliance The Health Board does not have sufficient resource in place to undertake engagement & impact assess in line with Statutory Duties	16	12	→	↑	June 2020	Performance & Finance Committee

53 (1762)	Welsh Language Standards Failure to fully comply with all the requirements of the Welsh Language Standards, as they apply to the University Health Board.	15	15	→	→	June 2020	Health Board (Welsh Language Group)
54 (1724)	Brexit Failure to maintain services as a result of the potential no deal Brexit	15	15	→	→	June 2020	Health Board (Emergency Preparedness Resilience and Response Group)

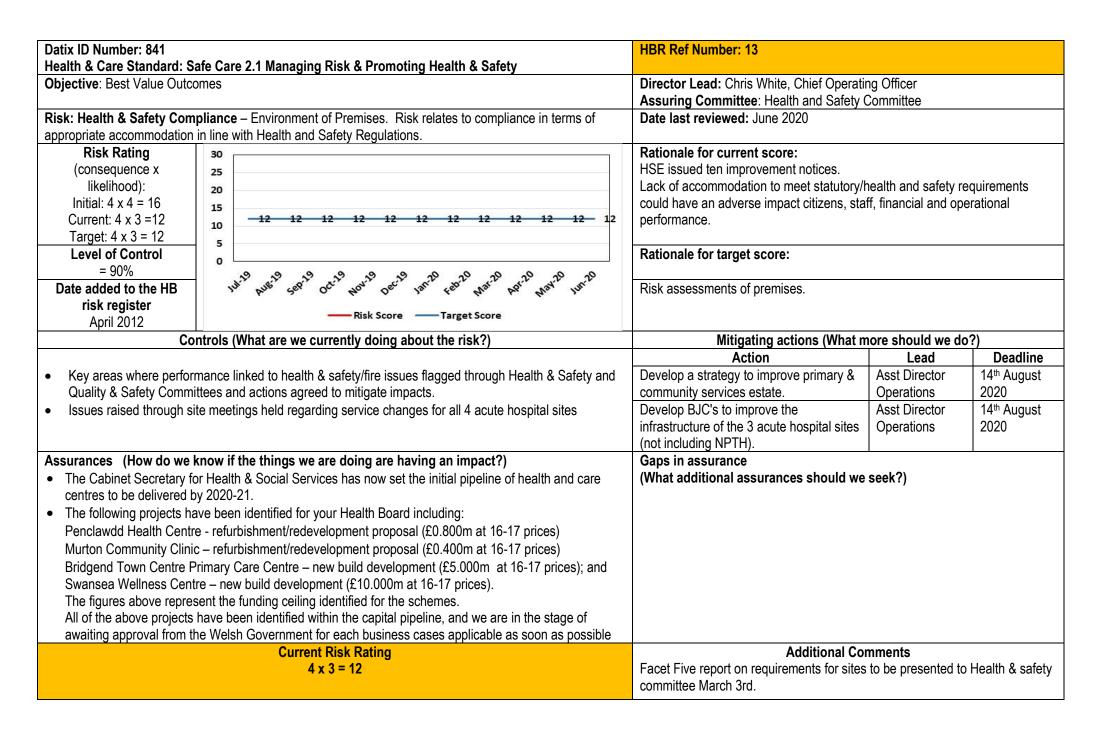
Risk Schedules

Datix ID Number: 738 Health & Care Standard: 5.1 Timely Care	HBR Ref Number: 1			
Objective: Best Value Outcomes from High Quality Care	Director Lead: Chris White, Chief Operating Officer Assuring Committee: Performance and Finance Committee			
Risk: If we fail to comply with Tier 1 target – Access to Unscheduled Care then this will have an impact on patient and family experience. Challenges with capacity /staffing across the Health and Social care sectors.	Date last reviewed: June 2020			
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 4 = 16 Current: 4 x 4 = 16 Target: 3 x 4 = 12	Rationale for current score: Due to current measures related to COVID 19 including the cancelled all non-urgent activity, Emergency Department and MIU attendance have reduced by nearly 50%, red call performance is at 65% and 4hr handover for the last 3 we has been in excess of 75%. Both Morriston and Singleton have been risk level for the past 2 weeks. It is recognised that this is not likely to be maintained and therefore remains a high risk.			
Level of Control = 50% Date added to the HB risk register 26.01.16 O Null Page 19 Sept 19 Oct 19 Nour 20 Dec 19 Name 20 Nat 2	Rationale for target score: The service delivery units have been impleme National priorities and there is evidence that the on patient flow, length of stay and demand mat issues continue to be challenging in some key	nese are starting to ir inagement. Workford	g to impact positively rkforce capacity	
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What mo	ore should we do?)		
 Programme management arrangements in place to improve Unscheduled Care performance. 	Action	Lead	Deadline	
 Daily Health Board wide conference calls/ escalation process in place. Regular reporting to Executive Team, Executive Board and Health Board/Quality and Safety Committee. Increased reporting as a result of escalation to targeted intervention status. 	Implementation of Rapid Discharge Process to improve flow and maintain lower numbers of medically fit for discharge (MMFD) patient numbers across all the hospital sites.	Deputy Chief Operating Officer	August 2020	
 Targeted unscheduled care investment to support changes to front door service models/ workforce redesign/ patient flow. Weekly unscheduled care meeting implemented, led by COO and attended by Service 	Mobile unit to allowing cohorting of patients at entrance of Morriston ED to release ambulance crews.	Chief Operating Officer	August 2020	
Directors	Central management of patient flow across the health board to maintain effective patient movement across all sites	Chief Operating Officer	September 2020	
	Phased implementation of the Acute Medical Services Redesign	Chief Operating Officer	September 2020	

	National Unscheduled Care Programme - six goals for urgent and emergency care which will help winter preparedness. Chief Operating Officer			
Assurances	Gaps in assurance			
(How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)	(What additional assurances should we seek?)			
 Executive monitoring/support to achieve improvement plans on a weekly basis. 	The need to deliver sustained service.			
Current Risk Rating	Additional Comments			
4 x 4 = 16	Due to current measures related to COVID 19 including the cancelled all non-			
	urgent activity, Emergency Department and MIU attendance have reduced by			
	nearly 50%, red call performance is at 65% and 4hr handover for the last 3 weeks			
	has been in excess of 75%. Both Morriston and Singleton have been risk leve			
	for the past 2 weeks. It is recognised that this is not likely to be maintained and			
	therefore remains a high risk. 23.4.20			

Datix ID Number: 739 **HBR Ref Number: 4** Health & Care Standard: 2.4 Infection Prevention & Control & Decontamination **Objective**: Best Value Outcomes from High Quality Care **Director Lead:** Gareth Howells, Director of Nursing and Patient Experience **Assuring Committee:** Quality and Safety Committee Risk: Failure to achieve infection control targets set by Welsh Government, increase risk to patients Date last reviewed: June 2020 and increased costs associated with length of stays. Risk Rating Rationale for current score: 30 Currently under targeted intervention for rates of infection, achievement of targets (consequence x 25 are variable with monthly fluctuations likelihood): 20 Initial: $4 \times 5 = 20$ 15 Current: $4 \times 5 = 20$ Target: $4 \times 3 = 12$ 10 **Level of Control** Rationale for target score: 5 = 40% Date added to the Once the infection control team is fully recruited to, ICNet is functioning to its full HB risk register capability the infection control team will be able to support the clinical areas more January 2016 and drive service improvements. In addition, a negative pressure isolation facility is being built into the new emergency department at Morriston hospital providing Target Score another facility to appropriately manage patients at the front door. Review and implementation of a robust clean of patient rooms following an infection will reduce the risk of cross infection. Mitigating actions (What more should we do?) Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Action Regular monitoring on infection rates Deadline Lead Assist Dir Nursing Recruitment to ensure the team is fully 14th August Policies, procedures and guidelines in place established with the right skills and Infection Control 2020 Regular reporting through internal processes experience ICNet information management system for infections is in place Ongoing infection control team involvement in Senior Infection 14th August Infection control team support the clinical teams for issues relating to infection control site level estates projects to ensure Control Matron 2020 A permanent infection control doctor has been recruited appropriate isolation facilities are factored in Recruitment is ongoing and the decontamination lead and assistant director of nursing in infection from the outset control have been appointed HPV/UV cleaning post infection to be 14th **Assist Dir Nursing** Bug stop quality improvement programme implemented Infection Control August Incident reporting 2020 Gaps in assurance Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) (What additional assurances should we seek?) ICNet provides information linked with PAS relating to patients who have been Ongoing monitoring of infection control rates and feedback provided to delivery units inpatients since the connection was made therefore additional manual records are Infection Control Committee monitors infection rates and identifies key actions to drive maintained by the infection control team creating additional work and some improvement

Sub groups to the infection control committee such as the decontamination group provide the	duplication.
assurances and operationally drive key areas of work.	
Current Risk Rating	Additional Comments
5 x 4 = 20	Significant progress to date however trajectory not met overall. Work underway on
	recruitment to IPC, a work plan to improve practice and improved information
	available for reporting, oversite and also investigation.
	13/06/19 Continue to make progress against annual IMTP profiles, however,
	incidence within the Health Board remains above that for the NHS in Wales.
	Recruitment to Matron IPC post on 03/06/19. Work in progress to improve incident
	reporting in relation to infections and pilot to commence on post infection review
	process.
	Appropriate environmental decontamination resource to be identified and staff
	trained in its appropriate use.
	Compliance with IPC standard precautions and ANTT training and competence
	needs to be improved.
	A review of cleaning of shared equipment such as beds, commodes is required to
	reduce risks of transmission.
	Increase in cleaning hours across the Units is required to meet national minimum
	standards. Dedicated protected decant facilities are required for each Unit to
	ensure appropriate cleaning.
	Sufficient isolation rooms required to manage patient's appropriately.
	Estate needs to be updated and maintained to reduce risks.
	IPCC resources required to support community and primary care.
	Increase numbers of Piis on the last two months. HB over trajectory on a number
	of the TI Tier 1 targets. Increased level of risk due to insufficient domestic hours at
	Singleton hospital and significant vacancies at Morrison, lack of decant facilities,
	over occupancy in bays. Approved for increase in establishment at IBG in October
	2019. 4 new posts approved. Now within VCP Process plus 1 existing band 6
	vacancy. All 5 posts to be advertised in January 2020.
	Although there has been some improvement against TI Tier 1 targets, it is
	challenging to sustain. PII currently at Morriston Hospital. Reduction initiatives are
	compromised by over-crowding of wards as a result of increased activity, over-
	occupancy, staff vacancies, and where activity levels are such that it is not
	possible to decant bays to effectively clean patient areas where there have been
	infections. From an All Wales perspective, not yet achieving NHS Wales Infection
	Reduction Expectations. 26.05.20 - Incidence of C. difficile infection has been
	increasing over the last 7 months from an average of 11 cases per month to an
	average of 13 cases per month. The Welsh Government target is <8 cases per
	month. There has been an improvement in E. coli and Klebsiella bacteraemia
	cases, but these are still above the Welsh Government targets.
	של המשפש, אינו נוופשפ מופ שנווו מאיטיפ נוופ איפושוו שטעפוווווופוונ נמועפנש.



Datix ID Number: 840 Health & Care Standard: 5.	.1 Timely Care	HBR Ref Number: 16				
	omes from High Quality Care		Director Lead: Chris White, Chief Operating Officer			
		Assuring Committee: Performance and Finance Committee				
	Care. If we fail to achieve compliance with waiting times there is a to harm. Further, the health board will face financial risk with Welsh rget is not met.	Date last reviewed: June 2020				
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 4 = 16 Current: 5 x 5 = 25 Target: 4 x 2 = 8	30 25 20 15 10 5	Rationale for current score: The cancellation of all non-urgent activity has increased the backlog of plans cases across the organisation. Whilst mitigating measures such as virtual clibeen put in place new referrals are still being accepted which is adding to the volumes. The significant reduction in theatre activity is obviously increasing to f patients now breaching 36 and 52 week thresholds.				
Level of Control = 90%	INT'S ROBES SER'S CHIS ROW'S DEC'S MAT'D FEBT D WAT'D ROT'D WAT'D INT'D	Rationale for target score:				
Date added to the HB risk register January 2013	——Target Score ——Risk Score	There is scope to reduce the likelihood score to redu	uce the Risk to an acce	eptable level		
	s (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more	should we do?)			
Weekly RTT meetir	ngs in place	Action	Lead	Deadline		
 Outsourcing addition NHS Wales Deliver 	onal capacity y Unit support provided in house and also support to the RTT	Patient Prioritisation and Management	Associate Director Performance	July 2020		
meetingsTreat in Turn toolsCohort tools operat	operationalised ionalised	Development of a whole system model for NPTH as a centre for Orthopaedic and Spinal services, to include the scoping of ambulant trauma options and capital requirements	Deputy COO	September 2020		
Theatre group cons	I re additional orthopaedic waiting lists sidering how to increase throughout through theatres ning and recruitment (along with short term agency) to increase	Scope and undertake an option appraisal process for a PACU model at Singleton and NPTH to support enhanced care complexity	Deputy COO	September 2020		
Assurances		Gaps in assurance		1		
 Recover of specialt 	ings we are doing are having an impact?) ies to profiled levels	(What additional assurances should we seek?)				
	es confirmed by providers					
 Increased Freat in 	Turn rates and cohort appointment					
Dardon Co.	Torrest Control for the control Control of C					
 Reduction in overal 	Il waiting long waiting volumes Current Risk Rating	Additional Comme	anta.			

		_	_
v		- 1	
 - 1	- 1		- 1

The cancellation of all non-urgent activity due to COVID-19 has increased the backlog of planned care cases across the organisation. Whilst mitigating measures such as virtual clinics have been put in place new referrals are still being accepted which is adding to the outpatient volumes. The significant reduction in theatre activity is obviously increasing the number of patients now breaching 36 and 52 week thresholds.

Datix ID Number: 1217		HBR Ref Number: 37			
Objective: Best Value Outcom	nes from Quality Care	Director Lead: Chris White, Chief O Assuring Committee: Audit Commi			
Risk: Operational and strategic decisions are not data informed: Business intelligence and information already available is not utilized Users are unable to access the information they require to make decisions at the right time Gaps in information collection including patient outcome measures					
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 3 = 12 Current: 4 x 4 = 16 Target: 4 x 2 = 8 Level of Control = 70% Date added to the HB risk	30 25 20 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Rationale for current score: C – Opportunity cost of not acting on data could mean opportunities for improvement are missed, failures are not identified in a timely manner resultin adverse national publicity and/or delays in care/increased length of stay. L - Dashboard utilisation is lower than would be anticipated Rationale for target score: C- will remain the same or increase due to increased reliance in information			
register June 2016	——Target Score ——Risk Score	L- Investment in BI will lead to more information be available and used. The highe the use of information at operational level will lead to better quality data.			
Contro	ols (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions	(What more should w		
The Health Board has co	ontinued to invest in the provision of Dashboards and we have doubled our	Action	Lead	Deadline	
17 dashboards in place Delivery Unit Dashboard		Investment and implementation of system to record patient outcome measures	Assist Information Business Manager	17 th July 2020	
Business Intelligent Info Intelligence Strategy and	Ited in Morriston is improving data quality and improving operational working rmation Manager appointed, who will take the lead for creating a Business d Implementation Plan ways of working introduced within the coding department have achieved	Produce Business Intelligence Strategy and get signed off by the Board	Assist Information Business Manager	17 th July 2020	
 programme in place for it Short term funding securing Information Dept. working indicators also utilising of 	nagement of Coding Teams on a daily basis to cope with demand. Training	Produce BI strategy implementation plan outlining investment requirements in capacity and capability	Assist Information Business Manager	17 th July 2020	

Ensuring that the Health Board has representation on national groups such as the newly formed Advanced Analytics Group (AAG), all Wales Business Intelligence and Data Warehousing Group and Welsh Modelling Collaborative.			
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?)		
More evidence based and proactive decisions being made.	Culture of the organisation needs to change to focus on information and Business		
Dashboard technology; assist in developing indicators / triangulating information to identify issues	intelligence for operational rather than reporting purposes. Capability of		
	operational staff to utilise the tools and capacity to act on the intelligence provided.		
Current Risk Rating	Additional Comments		
4 x 4 = 16	PROMS currently being collected in Lung Cancer (Morriston) August 2019,		
	Cataracts August 2019, Hip & Knee (Morriston) November 2018, and Breast Cancer		
	June 2019 using PKB. Also Heart failure, April 2019, in one Community Clinic.		

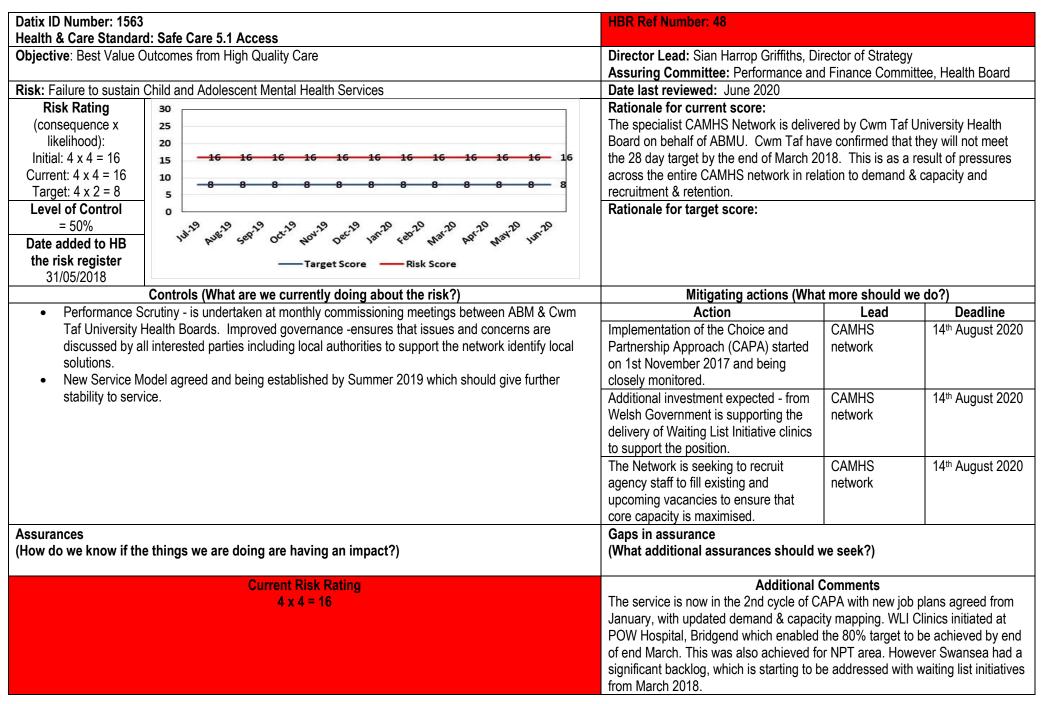
Datix ID Number: 1297 HBR Ref Number: 39 Health & Care Standard: Safe Care 2.1 Managing Risk & Promoting Health & Safety **Objective**: Demonstrating Value and Sustainability **Director Lead:** Sian Harrop-Griffiths, Director of Strategy Risk in Brief: If the Health Board fails to have an approvable IMTP for 2018/19 then we will lose public Assuring Committee: Performance and Finance Committee / Strategy, confidence and breach legislation. Planning and Commissioning Group Health Board Risk: Operational and strategic decisions are not data informed:-Date last reviewed: June 2020 Health Board does not have an IMTP signed off by WG, primarily due to the inability to align performance and financial plans. WG also advised that the Health Board needed to have a clear strategic direction by developing an Organisational Strategy and refreshing our Clinical Services Plan. In September 2016, the Health Board was escalated to 'targeted intervention' and having an approved IMTP is a key factor in improving our WG monitoring status. Risk Rating Rationale for current score: (consequence x likelihood): Our Organisational Strategy was approved by the Board in November 2018 25 Initial: $4 \times 4 = 16$ This Annual Plan includes a balanced financial plan. 20 We have agreed with Welsh Government that we will continue our detailed Current: $5 \times 4 = 20$ 15 Target: $4 \times 2 = 8$ planning and submit an approvable IMTP when ready. 10 We have continued the work from January onwards on our detailed plans to **Level of Control** 5 submit an approvable IMTP when ready. = 70% Date added to the HB risk register Rationale for target score: July 2017 If the IMTP is approved it is likely our targeted intervention status will be improved when next reviewed and the risk can be closed. Mitigating actions (What more should we do?) Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Organisational Strategy approved by the Board in November 2018 Action Lead Deadline Sign off of Annual Plan 2019/20 by 31st December Director of Strategy Clinical Services Plan approved by the Board in January 2019 Board – will be submitted in Oct 2019 2020 Annual Plan submitted to Board and approved in January for submission to Welsh Government, IMTP development for 2020 -23 to Director of Strategy 30th December accepted as a draft and Director of 2020 Good feedback received on the document. test approvability with Finance Due to the complexities of the Bridgend transfer, the CEOs of CTM and SB UHBs have formally Performance Finance Committee. asked WG for support to resolve the issues and formal arbitration process was initiated by WG. 31st December Final plan to be submitted to Board Director of Strategy The results of the arbitration is now received as is the outcome of the Due Diligence Review. for approval for submission to WG. 2020 The Transformation Programme to deliver the Organisational Strategy and CSP including programme approach was established in April 2019 Continuous planning through our CSP Programme and IMTP process will work up detailed plans to develop an integrated three year plan in line with the national timescales. The new Operating Model and Delivery Support Team will contribute to delivery of the financial plan. A decision will be made as to the ability to submit a balanced IMTP in November. Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) **Additional Comments** EIA in development for PFC assurance IMTP Executive Steering Group in place for development of the integrated medium term plan. Integrated

Planning Group in place to co-ordinate Transformation and planning activities and approaches • Performance and Finance Plans are be assured by the P&F Committee before presentation to Board •Through monthly IMTP briefings, TI meetings and bi-annual JET meeting with WG – planning approach	QIAs in development for joint PFC/Q&S assurance
and emerging plans discussed and WG fully supportive of the direction of travel.	Additional Comments
Current Risk Rating 4 x 5 = 20	Need to note that P&F only looks at finance and performance, not the whole IMTP
4 X J = 20	approval – that sits with Board. The W&OD Committee eg reviews the workforce
	· ; ·
	plan.

Datix ID Number: 1567 Health & Care Standard: Safe Care 2.1 Managing Risk & Promoting Health & Safety	HBR Ref Number: 41			
Objective: Best Value Outcomes	Director Lead: Gareth Howells, Director of Nursi Assuring Committee: Health and Safety Commi		е	
Risk: Fire Regulation Compliance – one improvement notice received relating to MH&LD Unit. Uncertain position in regard to the appropriateness of the cladding applied to Singleton Hospital in particular (as a high rise block) in respect of its compliance with fire safety regulations.	Date last reviewed: June 2020			
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 5 x 3 = 15 Current: 4 x 3 = 12 Target: 3 x 3 = 9 Level of Control = 50% Date added to the HB risk register 30 25 20 15 15 10 5 0 15 10 5 0 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Rationale for current score: Improvement notice in relation to MH&LD Unit. Uncertain position in regard to the appropriateness of the cladding applied to Singleton H in particular (as a high rise block) in respect of its compliance with fire safety regulations Rationale for target score: Target Score should be lower			
31/05/2018 Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)			
Fire risk assessments.	Action	Lead	Deadline	
Evacuation plans (vertical and horizontal).	Change in fire evacuation plans and alarm and	Head of Health &	14th August 2020	
Fire safety training.	detection cause and effect	Safety		
Professional advice sought on compliance of panels	Finalise Business Case for permanent remediation of the external wall cladding to comply with HTM 05-02 and Building Control Regulations Approved Document B	Assistant Director of Strategy & Workforce	20th September 2020	
	Replacing the existing cladding and insulation with alternative specifications and inserting 30 minute fire cavity barriers where appropriate	Assistant Director of Strategy & Workforce	31st March 2023	
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek? Unclear if additional resources will be available))	,	
Current Risk Rating 4 x 3 = 12	Additional Comments Professional assessment of panel compliance being taken forward with NWSSP-SES, building control and WG colleagues. W/c 26/8/19 Cladding being removed from East and West end of main block. Escape route on west end redirected with approval of Fire and Rescue Service. Removal of flank cladding completed at end of 2019. Business case being developed for			

removal of cladding on south side of building. Review of numbers of fire wardens completed by Unit and new wardens being trained.

Datix ID Number: 1514 Health & Care Standard: S	afe Care 2.1 Managing Risk & Promoting Health & Safety	HBR Ref Number: 43			
Objective: Best Value Outcomes from High Quality Care		Director Lead: Gareth Howells, Director of Nursing & Patient Experience Assuring Committee: Quality and Safety Committee			
	unable to complete timely completion of DoLS Authorisation then the Health Board n and claims may be received in this respect.	Date last reviewed: June 2020	,		
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 4 = 16 Current: 2 x 3 = 6 Target: 3 x 2 = 6 Level of Control	(consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 4 = 16 Current: 2 x 3 = 6 Target: 3 x 2 = 6 Althoughtour to be marked backlog		Rationale for current score: Although processes have been planned or implemented, the impact is yet to be measured over a longer term, and the challenges of managing a large backlog of breaches. Rationale for target score:		
= 40% Date added to the HB risk register July 2017	HILD RUE'S SEPTE OUT S NOW'S DEC'S NAT'D SEPTE MAT'D ROLL MAY'D JUT'D Target Score — Risk Score	Consequences of DoLS breaches for With controls in place, over time likel			
C	ontrols (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)			
 BIA rota now implement 2 x substantive BIA por DoLS database update Process in place within timescales. The Corporations of the substantial of the s	atories increased from 3 to 7 Inted Inted Insts and additional admin post advertised Inted Inted Interiment In	Action Delivery of DOLS Action plan reviewed monthly (change coding above also)	Lead Head of Safeguarding	Deadline Monthly Review	
 Regular scrutiny at 	ings we are doing are having an impact?) Safeguarding Committee and by DoLS Internal Audit; monitoring via DoLS due to be rolled out imminently and will provide real-time accurate data.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances shou	,		
Current Risk Rating 2 x 3 = 6		Additional Comments All actions attributable to safeguarding completed and Internal Audiaware. (Awaiting closure)			



Primary & specialist CAMHS services are delivered by Cwm Taf University Health Board on behalf of ABMU (although this will only be for Swansea & NPT from 1/4/19).

Cwm Taf achieved the non-urgent 28 day target for specialist CAMHS by the end of March 2019. Their ability to sustain this performance is dependent on consistency and availability of staff which due to the small numbers in the various CAMHS teams can affect achievement of waiting times significantly. Target achieved in March 2019, then missed for a number of months, but achieved from September 2019. However performance is still inconsistent, and will remain so until the existing 3 teams have been integrated into one service across West Glamorgan. New service model being implemented from June 2020 which will stabilise service.

A new pathway for CAMHS patients is currently being developed which provides advice on the appropriate actions for dealing with these children and young people and will reduce the need to hold them in the Emergency Department at Morriston.

Datix ID Number: 922 Health & Care Standa	ard: Effective Care 3.1 Clinically Effective Care	HBR Ref Number: 49				
Objective: Best Value Outcomes from High Quality Care		Director Lead: Richard Evans, Medical Director				
•	,	Assuring Committee: Quality and Safety Committee				
Risk: Failure to provid (TAVI)	e a sustainable service for Trans-catheter Aortic Valve Implementation	Date last reviewed: June 2020				
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 5 x 5 = 25 Current: 4 x 5 = 20 Target: 3 x 4 = 12	• External review undertaken by Royal College of Physicians we that patients have come to serious harm as a result of excess 25 15 10 10 • External review undertaken by Royal College of Physicians we that patients have come to serious harm as a result of excess Remains significant reputational risk to the Health Board					
Level of Control = 50% Date added to the HB risk register July 2016	1 Juli 2 Kugi 2 Sept 2 Oct 29 Mouris Decris Intril February Maria Maria Intril Intril Intril Intril Intril Intril	Rationale for target score: External review by the Royal College of Physicians will provide a view on improveme required immediately and for sustainability.				
	trols (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)				
TAVI Recovery Plan	implemented and backlog has been cleared	Action	Lead	Deadline		
•	th Executive oversight at fortnightly TAVI OG meeting.	Commission external review of the service by the	Directorate	14th August 2020		
 TAVI has been prior commissioned the R 	tised in next year's WHSSC ICP for 2020/21. The UHB has oyal College of Physicians to undertake a review of the service. Final nticipated that this will indicate that patients have come to serious harm	Royal College of Physicians (Awaiting report)	Manager			
Reduction in waiting til	he things we are doing are having an impact?) mes for TAVI. sts (medical & nursing).	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?)				
	Current Risk Rating	Additional Comme	nts			
4 x 5 = 20		Business case for WHSSC funding has been agreed. There is considerable reputational risk to the organisation on the outcome of the Royal College of Physicians review. Medical director in receipt of RCP report which will be shared widely in due course. Extensive validation of pathway start dates for cardiothoracic and TAVI patients from external health boards has taken place (in line with recommendations from DU report). Patients are now reported with true reflection of actual wait which has resulted in a reported position of 5 patients waiting >36 weeks. All patients will have TCI date before end of December 2019. As part of external review, we have employed the 2nd TAVI nurse. The service remains challenging due to unscheduled care pressures particularly around cardiac short stay and also DDW has in recent weeks been closed to Norovirus. We are as a service soon to hit a 100 patient procedures as per contract base with WHSSC which leaves us with any new				

patient who presents in Feb/March with a plan to undertake their procedures from a financial perspective.

Datix ID Number: 1761 HBR Ref Number: 50 Health & Care Standard: Timely Care 5.1 Access **Objective**: Best Value Outcomes from High Quality Care **Director Lead**: Chris White, Chief Operating Officer **Assuring Committee:** Performance and Finance Committee Risk: Access to Cancer Services - Failure to sustain services as currently configured to meet cancer targets Date last reviewed: June 2020 Risk Rating Rationale for current score: (consequence x likelihood): Whilst every effort is being made to maintain cancer treatment, surgical 25 Initial: $4 \times 5 = 20$ cancer activity in particular is being impacted upon by both the 20 Current: $5 \times 5 = 25$ reduction in elective theatre capacity and availability in critical care beds 15 Target: $4 \times 3 = 12$ 10 **Level of Control** Rationale for target score: 5 = 70% 0 Date added to the HB risk Target score reflects the challenge this area of work present the Board and where small numbers of patients impact on the potential to breach target reaister **April 2014** Mitigating actions (What more should we do?) Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Deadline Tight management processes to manage each individual case on the unscheduled care (USC) Action Lead Phased and sustainable solution for Service September 2020 Pathway. the required uplift in endoscopy Initiatives to protect surgical capacity to support USC pathways have been put in place in RGH and Director capacity that will be key to PCH to protect core activity. supporting both the Urgent Prioritised pathway in place to fast track USC patients. Suspected Cancer backlog and Ongoing comprehensive demand and capacity analysis with directorates to maximise efficiencies. future cancer diagnostic demand on Overall Cancer target performance plateau at around 90% with ongoing monitoring of related actions in Endoscopy Services. place at F.P&W Committee. To explore the possibility of offering August 2020 Service Small numbers of patients breaching which is impacting on sustained delivery of the 31 and 62 day SBAR RT for high risk lung cancer Director patients in SWWCC target. Establishment of mobile unit to July 2020 Service Rapid Diagnostic Clinic established at Neath Port Talbot Hospital. Discussions are ongoing with regard carry out PET/CT scans for Director to patient flow and the boundary changes. Discussions are being held with the Executive team Swansea and South West Wales regarding the future direction and provision of the RDC service. Work is also ongoing to roll out the patients. concept of the RDC across Wales. Introduce COVID testing for July 2020 Service Delivery Units have Cancer Trackers to closely monitor and 'pull' patients through their pathways. Oncology and Haematology Director patients and staff involved in Weekly cancer performance meetings are held at both Singleton and Morriston Delivery Units. Also a service delivery in line with national weekly HB Cross Unit Cancer performance meeting is held. This meeting is led by the Cancer Lead quidelines.

Continue to expand our Surgery

cancer surgeries to deal with any

capacity to allow our complex

backlog of patients

Service

Director

Manager/Cancer Information Team and the Units are challenged on delays and service issues.

The tumour sites of concern across the HB for breaches are now Breast, Gynaecological and Lower GI.

Forecast performance remains a significant risk until sustainable solutions are identified for these tumour

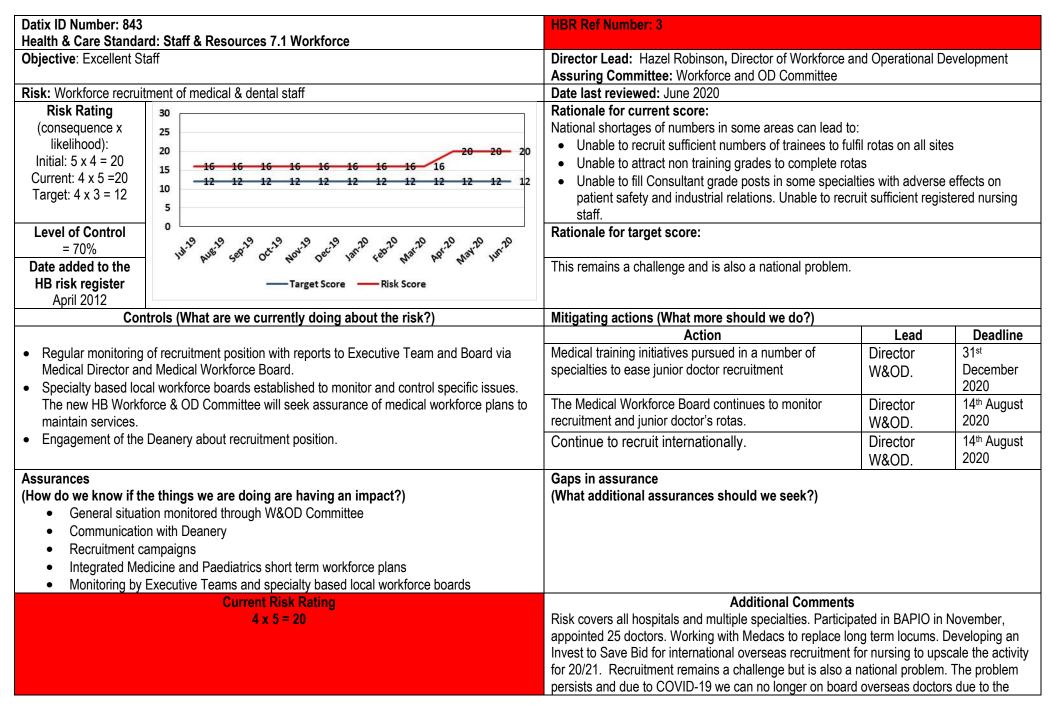
sites and new staff appointments to support tracking and pathways are fully embedded within services.

August 2020

Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) General improvement (sustained) trajectory. Need to continue improvement actions and close monitoring. Early diagnosis pathway launched and impact being closely monitored.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) Clear current funding gap.
Current Risk Rating 5 x 5 = 25	Additional Comments The need to deliver sustained performance. Whilst every effort is being made to maintain cancer treatment, surgical cancer activity in particular is being impacted upon by both the reduction in elective theatre capacity and availability in critical care beds due to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Datix ID Number: 1799 Health & Care Standard: Controlled Drug 2.6 Medicines Management		HBR Ref Number: 57		
Objective: Best Value Outcomes of High Quality Care		Director Lead: Richard Evans, Executive Medical Director Assuring Committee: Audit Committee		
Risk: Non-compliance with	Home Office Controlled Drug Licensing requirements	Date last reviewed: June 2020		
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 5 x 4 = 20 Current: 4 x 4 = 16 Target: 4 x 2 = 8	30 25 20 15 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Rationale for current score: The Health Board has limited assurance regarding whether or not it is compliant with Home Office Controlled Drug Licensing requirements at the present time, nor does it currently have processes in place to ensure any future service change complies. Risk: That the Health Board is operating in breach of the law by managing controlled drugs without an appropriate Home Office Controlled Drug License. Legal advice provided to the Health Board has indicated that failure to comply with the Home Office Controlled Drug licensing requirements could result in criminal and civil action, both against responsible individuals and the Health Board as a public body. Work has commenced to fully understand the licensing situation along with the drafting of a detailed policy that will ensure compliance going forward. Risk: That the Health Board is maintaining unnecessary Home Office Controlled Drug Licenses. Each Home Office Controlled Drug license costs around £3k plus additional administrative set-up and maintenance costs. Health Board wide scrutiny is required to		
		ensure no unnecessary licenses are held (one such example has recently discovered).		
Level of Control = 40%		Rationale for target score:		
Date added to the HB risk register January 2019		Once the new policy is complete and has been checked for legal compliance to the Home Office regulations there will be a training session held with all clinical areas supported at Executive level. The work currently underway includes checking areas of concern for compliance with the regulations.		
Controls	s (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)		
		Action Lead	Deadline	

30th June 2020 Legal advice received and principles upon which to decide whether a Home Office Controlled Clinical Director Drug License would be required have been drafted. This forms the basis of a detailed policy of Medicines (Pending policy that is currently in draft form. This will be sent for legal ratification to ensure compliance to the Management development Home Office regulations. The Home Office have been advised work is currently being (Pending and sign off in completed as a matter of urgency. Training session to be held for all clinical areas. All conjunction with internal Areas of specific concern regarding license compliance are being visited to enable an accurate delivery units will be required to identify a corporate Home Office) responsible manager and ensure compliance with assessment. governance both the CD Licensing Policy and the new Additionally work is underway to develop a governance framework to ensure responsibility for review of management and use of controlled drugs is fully understood within the delivery units. The framework for management and use of controlled controlled drugs framework will enable both the Controlled Drug Accountable Officer and the Health Board governance in drugs. Medical Director to discharge their individual accountabilities. new The Executive Medical Director, the Executive Director of Nursing and the Chief organization) Pharmacist/CDAO are fully involved and supportive of any potential changes for delivery units. **Assurances** Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) The Health Board will develop a license compliance register, this is expected to be • To date the HB has received legal advice. Pending policy development, the principles maintained by the Corporate Governance Team thus ensuring there is sufficient contained within the legal advice are referred to when issues are raised in order to segregation of duty. provide consistency in arrangements. **Additional Comments Current Risk Rating** The Home Office are aware that the Health Board have sought independent legal advice $4 \times 4 = 16$ regarding the situations where a Home Office Controlled Drug license is required. Advice received to date from the Home Office regarding particular scenarios of Controlled Drug management by the Health Board has differed from the independent legal advice received. The Home Office are currently awaiting the Health Board policy on this matter so that they can review our position. Once completed the policy outlining the Health Board position on Controlled Drug licensing will be shared with both Welsh government and all other Health Boards in Wales as the Swansea Bay UHB position is likely to be used by the Home Office as a precedent.



travel restrictions. Supply issues to the COVID areas however have been mitigated by using doctors from other specialties where demand is currently low.

Datix ID Number: 1759 HBR Ref Number: 51 Health & Care Standard: Staff & Resources 7.1 Workforce Objective: Excellent Staff Director Lead: Gareth Howells, Director of Nursing Assuring Committee: Workforce and OD Committee Risk: Non Compliance with Nurse Staffing Levels Act (2016) Date last reviewed: June 2020 Risk Rating Rationale for current score: (consequence x likelihood): • Increased risk as a result of reduction in staff availability as a result of Initial: $4 \times 4 = 16$ staff isolation/sickness - Covid-19. Frequently below minimum staffing 20 Current: $4 \times 5 = 20$ number requirements. 15 Target: $4 \times 2 = 8$ 10 Rationale for target score: Level of Control = 80% The Health Board is ensuring we have the structures and processes in Date added to the HB risk place to provide reassurance under the Act and are allocating resources register accordingly. November 2018 Health Boards are duty bound to take all reasonable steps to maintain nurse staffing levels. Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Mitigating actions (What more should we do?) The Health board has put the following controls in place:-Deadline Action Lead Additional Control's introduced in March include: The Ward Sister / Charge Nurse and Director of Nursing & 30th • Daily Silver Nurse staffing Cell meetings chaired by Executive Director of Nursing & Patient Experience Senior Nurse should continuously Patient Experience November assess the situation and keep the 2020 to discuss hot spots and the staff available across the Health Board. designated Monthly person formally • Nurse Bank fully utilised and part of the nurse staffing meetings, Unit Nurse Directors can now sanction appraised. ongoing non contract agency without Executive approval to maintain a safe service. The Board should ensure a system is Director of Nursing & 28th July 2020 • Corporate Nursing 7 day rota introduced. in place that allows the recording, Patient Experience Database set up to record wards that have been repurposed as novel wards (COVID-19) review and reporting of every Set up COVID-19 Corporate Training and Education Hub which outlines a clear plan for training and occasion when the number of nurses education deployed varies from the planned Approved Registered Staff who have retired from the Nursing Midwifery Council Register in the last roster. (Progress being made, last three years have been contacted with a view to return to practice and into the Health Board workforce. paper went to Board in November Delivery Units have appropriately deployed of ward nurses to key areas. And also administration staff 2019. Paper accepted by the Board) Director of Nursing & The responsibility for decisions 14th August utilised to release nurses into providing care. relating to the maintenance of the Patient Experience 2020 • Student nurses have returned to clinical practice which has been supported corporately. nurse staffing level rests with the Health Board should be based on **Existing Controls** Confirmed the designated person evidence provided by and the professional opinions of the Executive • Represented the All-Wales Nurse Staffing Group and its sub groups Directors with the portfolios of • Contributed with the work undertaken at an all-Wales level on Acuity levels of care. Nursing, Finance, Workforce, and Undertaken a formal review across all acute Service Delivery Units for calculating and reporting nurse

Operations.

	staffing requirements to ensure a Health Board wide consistent approach is adopted.	Risk register to be reviewed monthly	Director of Nursing &	14 th August
•	Presented a Health Board position status paper to both Board & Executive team outlining the	to ensure compliance	Patient Experience	2020
	preparedness for the Nurse Staffing Act (Wales).	Health Board should agree the	Director of Nursing &	3 rd August
•	Conducted a review of workforce planning procedures, for 2018 to 2021, which includes; Health Board	operating framework for these	Patient Experience	2020
	recruitment events, retention, workforce planning & redesign, training and development.	decisions to include actions to be		
•	Developed a monthly Health Board Multidisciplinary Nurse Staffing Act Task & Finish Group, chaired	taken, and by whom.		
	by the Interim Deputy Director of Nursing & Patient Experience, which reports to Nursing and			
	Midwifery Board and Workforce & Organisational Development Committee.			
	Provided acuity feedback sessions to all Service Delivery Units included in the June audit.			
	Formally launched the Nurse Staffing (Wales) Act Guidance.			
•	Raised the issue regarding Information Technology barriers around the capture of data required for			
	the Act on an All- Wales and Health Board basis.			
•				
•				
	agreed using the criteria set out in the Operational Handbook.			
•	A Rigorous data approval process has been put in place to ensure accuracy of the 6 monthly acuity			
	data prior to sign off. There has also been a number of workshops organised across the organisation to			
	ensure a consistent approach to data collection and there is national work on solutions for electronic			
_	capture of acuity data.			
	The NSA Steering group continues to meet on a monthly basis.			
•				
•	9			
•	Impact assessment work is being undertaken to prepare for further roll out of the Act.			
A:	ssurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)	Gaps in assurance	1.0)	
•	Ongoing robust recruitment and retention plans in place to reduce vacancies in key clinical areas, which	(What additional assurances should	we seek?)	
	is in line with the Health Board recruitment plan.			
•	Accurate reporting of Acuity data and governance around sign off.			
•				
	Act in readiness for the June Adult Acuity Audit.			
•	Agreed establishments to funded.			
•	Implementation of E-Rostering to enable accurate reporting of Compliance			
•	Implement all Wales Templates, which are visible and signed within the agreed 32 ward areas, informing			
	patients of planned roster.			
•	At least Yearly Board reports outlining compliance and any key risks. August 2019 update In line with			
	the Boundary changes there are now 29 reportable wards which excludes POW. E-rostering has been			
	rolled out in Singleton and Morriston is in the process of being rolled out. Scrutiny panels are in place.			

Following the investment already provided to the funded establishments. The overall risks have reduced as outlined above. The quality and accuracy of the Acuity data has improved. **Current Risk Rating** Non Compliance with Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act (2016) The Nurse Staffing Levels (Wales) Act, which received Royal Assent on 21st March 2016, places an $4 \times 5 = 20$ overarching duty on Local Health Boards and NHS Trusts in Wales to ensure that nurses have time to care sensitively for their patients and codifies current best practice for determining nurse-staffing levels. It requires Local Health Boards and NHS Trusts in Wales to calculate and maintain staffing levels in specific clinical areas, which are Adult acute Medical & Surgical wards. In accordance with the Act, Health Boards/Trusts must submit annual reports to their board and threeyearly reports to Welsh Government in relation to their compliance with the staffing levels, the impact upon the quality of care where the nurse staffing level was not maintained and the actions required in response to this. The Act currently requires the reporting of adult acute medical and surgical inpatient wards, 32 wards in total across the Health Board. In preparation for the Act Service delivery Units have all produced detailed risk assessments in preparation for the Act: Morriston 20 Singleton 16 NPT 6 POW 16 Current Status Singleton 15 Morriston 15 NPT 6. Operating Framework in place. Progress is being made the last paper went to Board November 2019. The paper was accepted by the Board. Letters have been sent to Morriston & Singleton Delivery Unit confirming the outcome of Novembers Board and support for Funding. The templates are being signed. NPT Delivery Unit has already received a letter. 1st June due to COVID-19 a letter was received from the Chief Nursing Officer (Wales) outlining the impact of COVID-19 and actions to be considered. The Bi-Annual Nurse Staffing Act paper was postponed and a COVID-19 paper in relation to the disruption to the Nurse staffing levels Act was presented to May's Board in its place. The paper was based on an All Wales Template. Staffing has improved across the Health Board although the score remains the same in light of the uncertain time and a number of factors relating to the Covid-19 situation.

Datix ID Number: 2023	3 d: Staff Resources 7.1 Workforce	HBR Ref Number: 62		
Objective: Excellent Sta Risk: Sustainable Corpo organisational strategy, a in support of the whole o		Director Lead: Tracy Myhill, CEO Assuring Committee: Workforce and OD Committee	•	
	orporate services and organisational objectives due to insufficient staff.	Date last reviewed: June 2020		
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 5 = 20 Current: 5 x 4 = 20 Target: 4 x 3 = 12 Level of Control = 50% Date added to the HB risk register August 2019	30 25 20 15 10 5 0 Target Score	Rationale for current score: Constraints, stress and resourcing of corporate services post Bridgend Boundary Change and in light of the change agenda in the Health Board. Current resourcing levels have been benchmarked with other Health Boards, in some areas. The Finance department has been under considerable pressure due to the work required to support the Health Board's Targeted Intervention status and the Bridgend boundary change. Rationale for target score: Sustainable services will always encounter turnover and need to develop skill set and capabilities. Target score reflects requirement to resource to be able to meet the operational and Strategic priorities of the Health Board. Failure to do this will negatively impact of financial, service, performance and quality outcomes. Failure to do this will negatively impact of financial, service, performance and quality outcomes.		
Coi	ntrols (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more s	hould we do?)	
	Developing new Operating model for the Health Board	Action	Lead	Deadline
Designing and IReviewing Direct	Developing HB HQ and Corporate structures ctorate requirements to support prioritisation.	To conclude the recruitment process for the critical corporate posts including the Workforce and OD function Chief Executive September 2020		25 th September
	e things we are doing are having an impact?) ner / early autumn on corporate services structures, operating model and	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?)		
Current Risk Rating 5 x 4 = 20		Additional Comments Utilise temporary funded capacity to meet immediate areas of risk. Continue to raise resourcing issue at corporate level and through committee governance arrangements. Review of corporate 'critical' posts have been undertaken including resourcing required for investment in the Workforce and OD Function. These posts will be recruited to on a phased basis. As a result of the COVID-19 all recruitment has been put on hold and resources diverted. Business as usual is on hold.		

Datix ID Number: 1035 Health & Care Standard: Effective Care 3.1 Clinically Effective Care	HBR Ref Number: 27		
Objective: Digitally enabled care	Director Lead: Chris White, Chief Operating Officer		
	Assuring Committee: Audit Committee		
Risk: Digital Transformation Inability to deliver sustainable clinical services due to lack of Digital Transformation. There are insufficient resources to: invest in the delivery of the ABMU Digital strategy, support the growth in utilisation of existing and new digital solutions replace existing technology infrastructure and the end of its useful life.	Date last reviewed: June 2020		
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 4 = 16 Current: 4 x 3 = 12 Target: 5 x 2 = 10 Level of Control = 50% Date added to the HB risk register 2012 Target Score 30 25 20 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Rationale for current score: C – Reliance on digital ways of working has increased. Loss of IT service has greater impact on ability to provide clinical care. Lack of investment in new dig solutions to make services more effective will mean clinical service provision of become unsustainable. L- There has been an increase in the number of devices in circulation by 3000 (39%) over the last 4 years (2015-2018) without an increase in IT support capacity. HB are currently only able to replace devices that are over 7 years of Call volumes and wait times have increased over the last 4 years. Key IT maintenance work is not being completed in a timely fashion. Investment required in Informatics to deliver the Digital strategy is greater than the funding current available. Informatics budget is estimated to be 0.73% of the HB budget - well below the recommended 4%. Resources available to provide digital services could be reduced because of the boundary change. Rationale for target score: C – Of failure will increase as the reliance and proliferation of the use of digital solutions increases. L – Investment will mean the support mechanisms, rate of failure and ability deliver solutions that meet the needs of users will improve sustainable diservices. There will however always be an inherent risk of failure of IT solution.		in new digital provision will on by 3000 apport 7 years old. ey IT ment required ag currently dget - well services e of digital and ability to ainable digital
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more sh	ould we do?)	
	Action	Lead	Deadline
 Digital strategy has been approved by the Health Board Capital priority group for the HB considers digital risks for replacement technology which is fed into the annual discretionary capital plan IBG process allows for investment requests in projects to be submitted to the HB for 	Ensure informatics prioritisation process is embedded into the ways of working so that resource implications of digital solutions are transparent and agreed at outset of projects.	Assistant Informatics Business Manager	17 th July 2020

 consideration and provides scrutiny to ensure Digital resources required are considered for all projects Informatics prioritisation process has been introduced to ensure requests for digital solutions are considered in terms of alignment to the strategy objective, technical solutions and financial implications HB has invested £900k recurrently in the project staffing resources to facilitate the delivery of the Informatics Strategic Outline Plan Working closely with WG to identify funding streams to support investment in digital including the approval of the Informatics Strategic Outline Plan 	Ensure business cases requiring digital services include appropriate implementation and support costs. Work with finance and the Health Board leadership team to identify additional revenue streams	Assistant Informatics Business Manager Assistant Informatics Business Manager	17 th July 2020 17 th July 2020
 Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) Progress has been made in securing capital investment both internally and externally for new developments IBG and CPG processes are in place and ensuring highest technology replacement risks are being addressed There are 22 active projects in place and being delivered Digital enablement is a cornerstone of the organization strategy. Two of the strategies, 8 areas, of focus are digital enablement. WG have announced (Oct 19) £50m investment into Digital Transformation in 19/20. The HB are awaiting final confirmation of its allocation which is indicated to be £1,390k capital and £1,060k revenue. Whilst this is under what was requested it will be utilised against priority requirements for the HB. 	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) Lack of certainty over future funding streams make difficult/less effective Revenue model for support unclear given the finan organisation.		
Current Risk Rating 4 x 3 = 12	Additional Commen This is further impacted by the boundary change impact on resources and capability to deliver digital Internal processes have been established to ensure included in Business cases developed by Informatics at IBG and the Scrutiny Panel. Strategic Outline Plan based on the three year IMTI Board on the 30th January 2020. Three year plan to be developed in line with the process The Strategic Outline Plan will be based on be developed in line with the Health Boards IMTP. The updated Strategy digital overview, priorities presented to January 2020 Health Board. —The Adoff 31/1/2020 within Datix and progress reported the	e which could he services going re that all informatics. Represented will be presented. Health boards in the Three Year Planning process and maturity as action has therefore	forward. natics costs are sentation from ed to the Health IMTP Planning Plan which will s. ssessment was re been closed

Datix ID Number: 1043 **HBR Ref Number: 36** Health & Care Standard: Effective Care 3.1 Clinically Effective Care Objective: Digitally enabled care **Director Lead:** Chris White, Chief Operating Officer **Assuring Committee:** Audit Committee Risk: Paper Record Storage: Lack of a single electronic record means there is greater reliance on the Date last reviewed: June 2020 provision of the paper record. If we fail to provide adequate storage facilities for paper records then this will impact on the availability of patient records at the point of care. Quality of the paper record may also be reduced if there is poor records management in some wards. Risk Rating Rationale for current score: C - Inability to find records for patients could delay care/increase length of stay (consequence x 25 over 15 days. Could also mean patients receive incorrect treatment likelihood): 20 Initial: $4 \times 5 = 20$ L - we know this happens from incidents raised Current: 4 x 3= 12 15 Target: $3 \times 3 = 9$ 10 Level of Control Rationale for target score: 5 = 70% 0 C - Inability to find records for patients could delay care/increase length of stay Date added to the HB risk register over 15 days. Could also mean patients receive incorrect treatment L – RFID and digitalisation of the health record will reduce the constraints of the June 2016 current filing methodology and reduce the volume of paper being added to the Target Score record. Further digitalisation of the paper record will reduce the reliance of clinicians on the paper record. Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Mitigating actions (What more should we do?) Action Lead Deadline Temporary retention and destruction plans are in place. 17th July 2020 Continue with the roll out of WCP Interim Chief Alternative storage arrangements are being identified and utilised where appropriate. Information Officer Ward protocols and audits have been rolled out across sites. Interim Chief 17th July 2020 Continue with roll out of digitisation of RFID project now approved. Implementation process has started and will change the way records are health record with a focus on Outpatients Information Officer filed and release storage capacity. and Nursing documentation Roll out plan for WCP is in place and being enacted as outlined in the SOP Develop case for improved storage 17th July 2020 Head of Health All records must be documented and risk assessed in the Information Asset Register (IAR) solution for acute paper record. Records & Clinical Develop a case for improved storage solution both for paper and digitally. Coding Gaps in assurance Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) (What additional assurances should we seek?) Investment required supporting the delivery and operational costs of the Digital • RFID has been implemented for the acute record improving the management of records Health Records performance reports to be developed in line with RFID technology Attainment of strategy. Reliance on NWIS for delivery of the solution for a fully electronic patient record the Tier 1 Health Board target for clinical coding completeness which relies on the timely Impact of the Infected Blood Enquiry on the Health Boards ability to destroy notes. availability and quality of the Paper record Monitoring complaints and incident reporting Gaps in Assurance Investment required supporting

the delivery and energtional costs of the Digital Stratogy Polices on NIMIC for delivery of the	
the delivery and operational costs of the Digital Strategy. Reliance on NWIS for delivery of the	
solution for a fully electronic patient record. Impact of the infected Blood Enquiry on the health	
boards ability to destroy notes is increasing the pressure on storage capacity and negating	
some of the mitigating actions that are being put in place	A 1 11/4 1 A
Current Risk Rating	Additional Comments
4 x 3 = 12	All records must be documented and risk assessed in the Information Asset
	Register (IAR). This will mean that the risk can be quantified and understood.
	Action - All SDU and corporate leads
	Health Records Department will work with HB colleagues to develop a case for
	improved storage solution both for paper and digitally.
	In regard to the plans for the HB wide storage work, given the delay with the
	implementation of RFID, the timescales have been moved back slightly.
	Timescales for this work is as followed (based on current allocation of resources /
	no additional support. A dedicated project resource would get this done quicker)
	o Scoping and requirements gathering exercise by October 19
	o Options developed – Q4 2019-20
	o Business case - Q1 2020-21
	o Implementation Q3/4 2020-21
	Discussions are ongoing with Welsh Health Supplies and Welsh Government on
	the availability of All Wales Records solution, the outcome of this scoping work will
	inform the options of the Business Case.
	Electronic results availability completed by August 2019. Other electronic
	documents ongoing.

Datix ID Number: 146 Health & Care Standard: Effective Care 3.1 Clinically Effective Care	CRR Ref Number: 58		
Objective: Excellent Patient Outcomes	Director Lead: Chris White. Chief Operating Officer Assuring Committee: Quality and Safety Committee		
Risk: There is a failure to provide adequate clinic capacity to support follow-up patients within the Ophthalmology specialty. The consequence of this failure is a delay in patients with chronic eye conditions accessing ongoing secondary care monitoring of diagnosed conditions with the potential risk of permanently impairing eyesight.	Date last reviewed: June 2020		
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 5 x 5 = 25 Current: 4 x 4 = 16 Target: 4 x 1 = 4 Level of Control = 40% Date added to the HB risk register December 2014	Rationale for current score: Sustainable plans underway - short term measures in process of being implemented. Serious incidents being reported to WG. Gold Command exec-led oversight establish November 2018. Risk rating increased to 25 January 2019 as instructed by Gold Command. LJ advised change risk score to 16, 03/04/2019 as Probable x Major. Rationale for target score:		rsight established ed by Gold
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?))
 All patients are categorised by condition in order to quantify issue. Second glaucoma consultant appointed November 2018. Additional accommodation secured to increase capacity; implementation plan under development. Welsh government funding secured for 2019/20 to employ additional activity and deliver some services in a community setting. Virtual clinics established. Service Manager for Ophthalmology providing regular updates via Planned Care Programme. 	Action An overall Sustainability Plan to be delivered	Lead Service Group Manager Surgical Specialties	Deadline September 2020
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) • A Welsh Government pilot programme was implemented in June 2014. The purpose of the HES project is to use clinic capacity to assess, review and treat patients within clinical priority rather than prioritising new patients based on their waiting time. A Project Management Lead was in post to deliver on the HES objectives.			n, but these are still
Current Risk Rating 4 x 4 = 16	Additional Comments Additional Glaucoma practitioner (temporary for 12 months) commenced in post 11/06/2018. 2nd Glaucoma Consultant started 05/11/2018.		

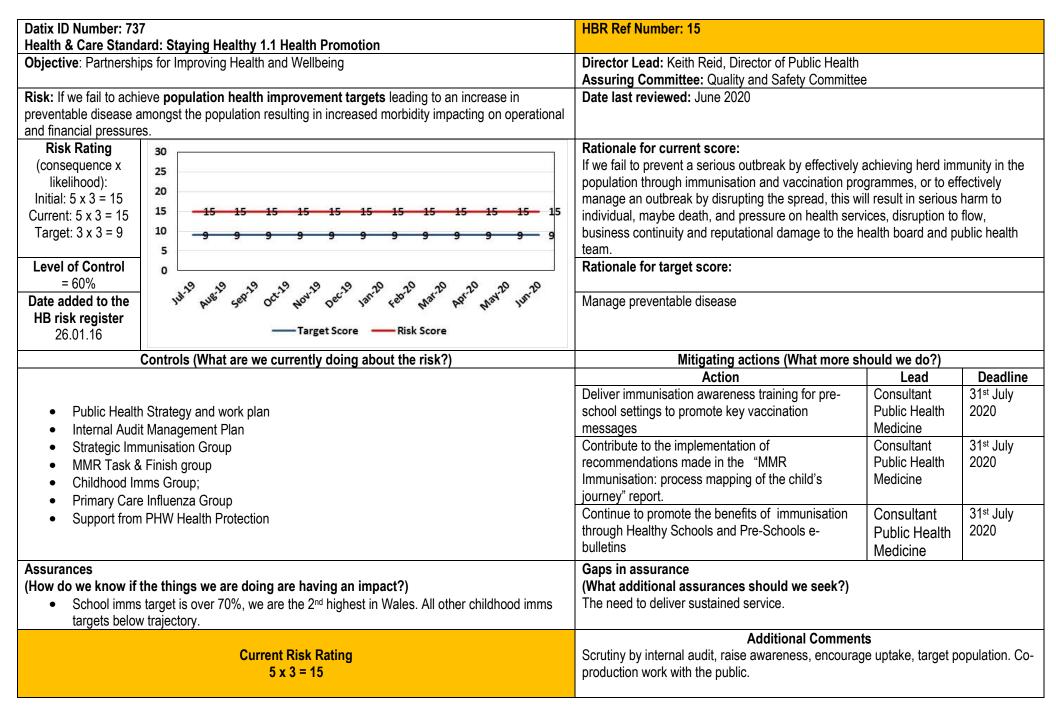
Accommodation in Corridor 3 reconfigured 08/02/2019. Further work needed on accommodation and additional rooms required. Ongoing discussions continue with Singleton Unit so that space can be created to house a co-located Ophthalmology Department Middle grade doctor to commence in post April 2019.

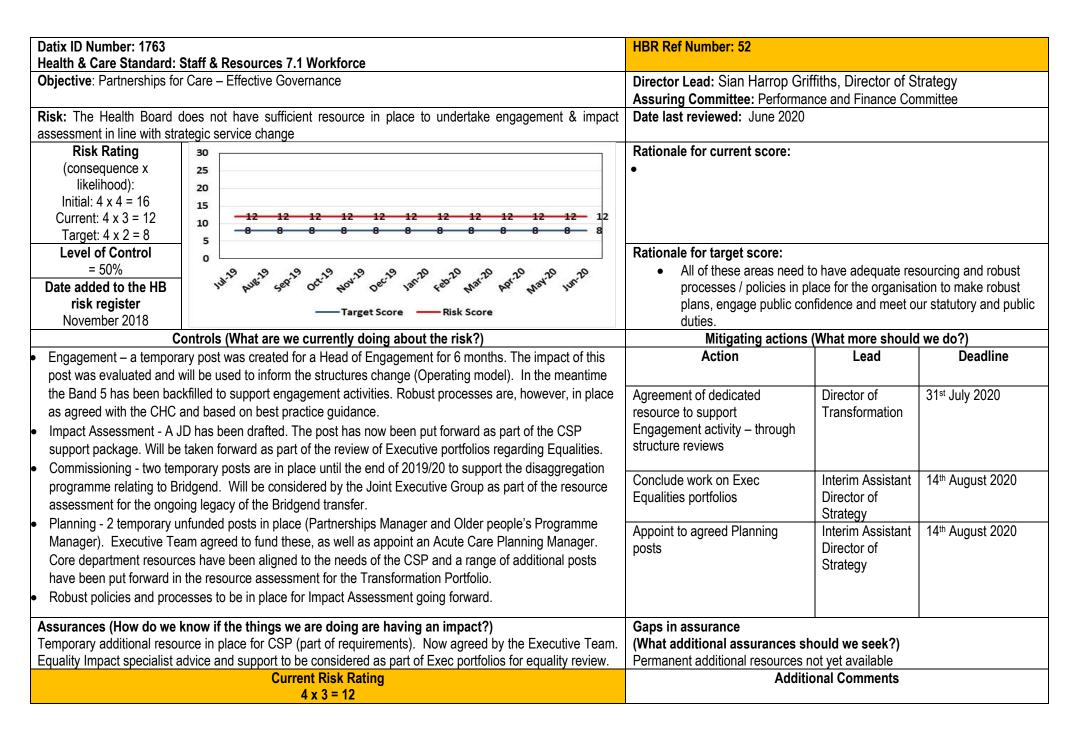
Monthly tracker of glaucoma backlog patients indicates reduction of over 800 patients to end of January 2019.

Diabetic Retinopathy Virtual Review clinics are to be increased via a WG funded successful bid.

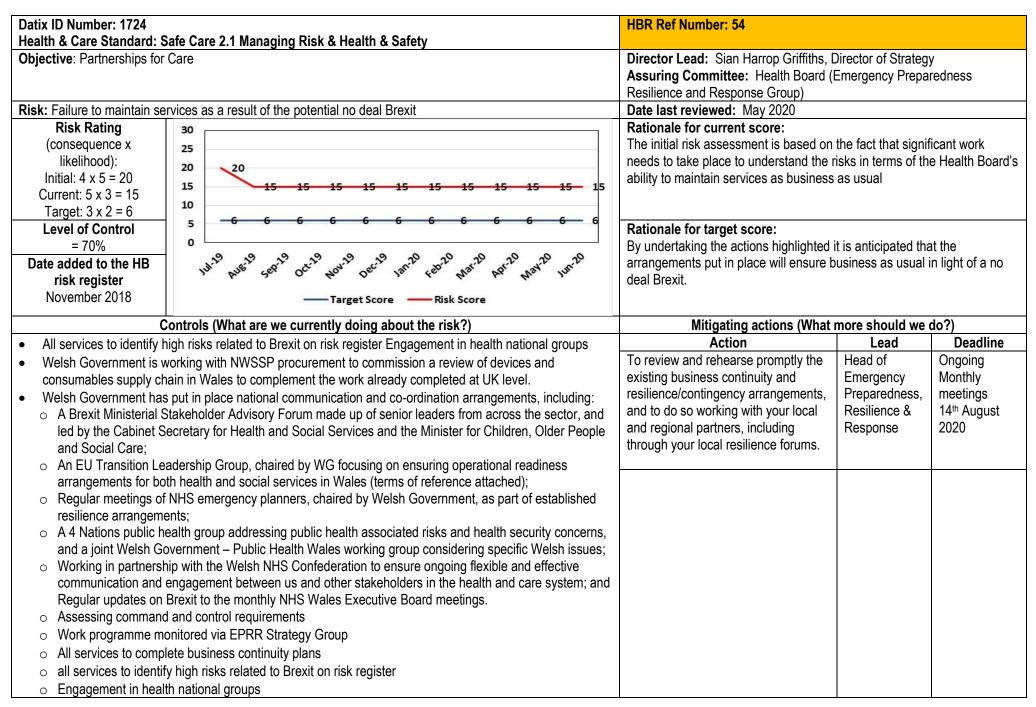
Reviewed by AD& PT Sustainable plans are under way and are on target against follow up trajectory backlog. 20/21 sustainable plans are currently being drafted. Risk score reviewed to maintain at 20.

Although routine outpatients appointment are not being undertaken due to COVID-19 those patients at high risk i.e. wet AMD are still being seen and receiving treatment and those patients in other high risk specialties such as glaucoma are being reviewed virtually and if deemed necessary attending for urgent appointments.





Datix ID Number: 1762 Health & Care Standard:	Staff & Resources 7.1 Workforce	HBR Ref Number: 53			
Objective: Partnerships for Care		Director Lead: Pam Wenger, Director of Corporate Governance Assuring Committee: Health Board (Welsh Language Group)			
		Date last reviewed: June 2020			
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 5 x 3 = 15 Current: 5 x 3 = 15 Target: 3 x 3 = 9	30 25 20 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Rationale for current score: As a consequence of an internal assessment of the Standards and their impact on the UHB, it is recognised that the Health Board will not be fully compliant with all applicable Standards.			
Level of Control = 60% Date added to the HB risk register November 2018	Juli Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Int. Rest. Nat. Rest. Nat. Nat. Nat. Nat. Nat. Nat. Nat. Na	Rationale for target score: Working through its related improvement plan the likelihood of noncompliance will reduce as awareness and staff training in response to the Standards, is raised.			
Co	ntrols (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)			
 A self-assessment of 	the requirements of the Standards and how they apply to the Health Board.	Action	Lead	Deadline	
 Close constructive working relationships are in place with the Welsh Language Commissioner's Office Strong networks are in place amongst Welsh Language Officers across NHS Wales to inform learning and development of responses to the Standards. The Welsh Language Delivery group has been set to integrate Welsh language into the business and 		The Welsh Language Delivery Group meet quarterly and ensure the group comprises of appropriate representation from across all sectors of the organisation.	Director of Corporate Governance	25 th September 2020	
 share responsibility for compliance and learning – first meeting 14 May 2019. Proactive communication and marketing activity is being undertaken across the Health Board to raise awareness of Welsh language compliance, customer service standards and training opportunities. Working with NHS Wales Shared Services (NWSSP) to achieve compliance for workforce and recruitment standards. 		Ensure the Board is fully sighted on the UHB's position through regular reporting to the Health Board. Update reports issued to the Executive Team and Board.	Director of Corporate Governance	25 th September 2020	
 Compliance with Monitoring through 	know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) Statutory requirements outlined in Welsh Language Act and related Standards. In the WLD group Welsh Language Commissioner.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) ESR Welsh language competency information needs to be improved and targeted actions are being undertaken to increase compliance.			
Current Risk Rating 5 x 3 = 15		Additional Comments The self-assessment has confirmed that the Health Board is not able to fully comply with all the Standards by May 2019 and that the Health Board will need to take a risk management approach to the delivery of the standards. Current gap in the team following the retirement of the Welsh Language Manager. Plans in place to recruit by the end of March 2020.			



Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) Work programme in place and monitored via EPRR Strategy Group All services to complete business continuity plans	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?) To understand from the review what arrangements need to be in place to minimise the risks in relation to a potential no deal Brexit.
Current Risk Rating 3 x 5 = 15	Additional Comments There is an obligation to maintain critical services and business as usual in an emergency and this includes Brexit and consequently there is the potential for disruption in commercial and public services and therefore supplies, services, transport, fuel, border issues, EU national issues, immigration, critical infrastructure, energy and command resilience etc.

Datix ID Number: 2003	Effective Come 2.4 Clinically Effective Come	HBR Ref Number: 60		
Objective: Digitally Enab	Effective Care 3.1 Clinically Effective Care led Care	Director Lead: Chris White, C Assuring Committee: Audit (cer
The health board has security attack is much the introduction of the can be issued to orgath A report from the dep NHS (England) £92m The largest risk to the	gh level risk purity incidents is at an unprecedented level and health is a known target. increased digital services (users, devices and systems) and therefore the impact of a cyber in higher than in previous years. Network and Information Systems Directive (NISD) in May 2018 means that large fines initiations that are not compliant with the Directive. Forting the Wannacry incident in May 2017 stated that attack cost the as 19,000 appointments were cancelled and this was before the NISD came into effect. organisation is on user awareness and unsupported software (old versions which are no curity vulnerabilities) and devices not managed by the ICT department e.g. medical	Date last reviewed: June 202		
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 5 x 4 = 20 Current: 5 x 4 = 20 Target: 5 x 3 = 15 Level of Control	30 25 20 15 10 5 0	Rationale for current score: C and L The level of cyber security incidents is at an unprecedented level and health is a known target. The health board has increased digital services (users, devices and systems) and therefore the impact of a cybersecurity attack is much higher than in previous years. Rationale for target score:		
Date added to the HB risk register July 2019 Target Score July 2019		C- will remain the same or increase due to increased reliance in information L- The overall likelihood score would increase to (20) if the funding of the 8A and 2 x Band 6 are not recruited.		
	Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions	(What more should	ld we do?)
The ICT department only has one ICT security manager and agreement is in place to recruit a Band 8A Cyber Security manager to provide strategic direction and develop action plans to address the risks highlighted in the Stratia Report as well as ensuring the Health Board complies with NISD. There are also 2 x band 6 WTE positions agreed pending release of funding to build the team which are required to act on information provided by the national security tools. The national security tools will highlight vulnerabilities and provide warnings when potential attacks are occurring. Swansea Bay will adopt these tools in financial year 2019/20.		Action Implement National Cyber Security Tools	Lead Cyber Security Manager	Deadline 17 th July 2020

The NHS in Wales is protected by a firewall by NHS Wales Informatics Service (NWIS). Swansea Bay UHB has advanced firewall protection to protect the network from potential cyber- attacks. All emails coming into NHS Wales are scanned using the national email filter. Whilst malicious emails come into the health board on a daily basis, the number are vastly reduced using the email filter and NWIS issue warnings to users affected when the contents are discovered (same day). Users are warned to delete emails and if opened, contact ICT service desk for investigation. A patching regime has been in place around 18 months which ensures desktops, laptops and servers are protected against any known security vulnerabilities. Anti-virus is in place to protect against known viruses with intelligent scanning on potential viruses not yet discovered. Access to the internet is controlled through a smart filtering solution which restricts access to potentially vulnerable content. Work is ongoing in order to replace out of date systems, this is a huge task given the number of clinical and administrative systems in place across the health board. The creation of the service management board will help in terms of getting stakeholder agreement and engagement. Capital funding has also been available to address this. A Cyber Security training module has been developed and available in the Electronic Staff Record training to ensure staff are fully aware of the risk of cyber security and are vigilant in recognising malicious activity e.g. malicious email. This needs to be adopted as mandatory training. Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we This will be developed following the appointment of the Cyber Security Manager. seek?) In the meantime, the follow up Stratia report has confirmed a major improvement in terms of Microsoft Security patching and SBU are compliant with standards agreed. The Cyber Assurance Framework (compliance with NISD) has been submitted to the Operational Security Service Management Board and plan will be developed nationally to address areas of non-compliance. **Additional Comments Current Risk Rating** Band 8a Cyber Security Manager appointed October 2019. $5 \times 3 = 15$ Microsoft patching is compliant. NISD CAF completed and submitted to OSSMB. 2 Band (6) Cyber Security staff have now been appointed and are due to commence shortly. (completed) National Security Tool - SIEM Systems integrated, currently working on the final interfaces. NESSUS still awaiting National timescales for NWIS for rollout. Meetings in progress to make Cyber Security Training mandatory across the Health Board.

Datix ID Number: 1587 HBR Ref Number: 61 Health & Care Standard: 3.1 Safe and Clinically Effective Care Objective: Identify alternative arrangements to Parkway Clinic for the delivery of dental paediatric GA services **Director Lead:** Chris White, Chief Operating Officer Assuring Committee: Strategy Planning and Commissioning Committee on the Morriston Hospital SDU site consistent with the needs of the population and existing WG and Health Board policies. Risk: Paediatric dental GA/Sedation services provided under contract from Parkway Clinic, Swansea. Medical Date last reviewed: June 2020 Safety risk GAs performed on children outside of an acute hospital setting. Risk Rating Rationale for current score: There is no immediate access to crash team/ICU facilities in in Parkway (consequence x 25 likelihood): Clinic – the client group are undergoing G/A/sedation. Paediatric 20 GA/Sedation services provided under contract from Parkway Clinic. Initial: $5 \times 3 = 15$ 15 Swansea continue due to lack of capacity for these patients to be Current: $4 \times 4 = 16$ 10 Target: $4 \times 2 = 8$ accommodated in Secondary Care 5 Level of Control Rationale for target score: = 60% Relocation of the paediatric GA service [provided by Parkway Clinic] to a Date added to the HB risk register hospital site being treated as a priority 4th July 2018 Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Mitigating actions (What more should we do?) Deadline Consultant Anaesthetist present for every General Anaesthetic clinic. Action Lead Assurance Documentation supplied by Parkway Clinic including confirmation of arrangements in Transfer of services from Parkway. 14th August Interim Head of place with WAST and Morriston Hospital for transfer and treatment of patients Primary Care 2020 New care pathway implemented - no direct referrals to provider for GA. Multi -drug sedation ceased from Sep 2018 in line with WHC 2018 009 Revised SLA/Service Specification HIW Inspection Visit Documentation provided to HB All extended GA cases require approval from paediatric specialist prior to treatment Gaps in assurance **Assurances** (What additional assurances should we seek?) (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) ToR for the task and finish group should continue to include consideration RMC collate referral and treatment outcome data for review by Paediatric Specialist of the pressures on the POW special care dental GA list and this service is Regular clinical meeting arranged with Parkway to discuss individual cases/concerns considered alongside any plans for the Parkway contract. Regular clinical/ management meeting for CDS/primary care management team to discuss service pathway /concerns/issues arising Roll out of new pathway to encompass urgent referrals **Current Risk Rating Additional Comments** $4 \times 4 = 16$ Task & Finish Group continue to progress transfer of service to Morriston.

Datix ID Number: 1605 HBR Ref Number: 63 Health & Care Standard: 3.1 Safe and Clinically Effective Care **Objective:** Screening for Fetal Growth Assessment in line with Gap-Grow (G&G) **Director Lead**: Gareth Howells, Director of Nursing and Patient Experience Assuring Committee: Quality and Safety Committee Date last reviewed: June 2020 Risk: There is evidence a growth restricted/small for gestational age fetus (SGA), has an increased risk of intra-uterine death before or during the intrapartum period. Identification and appropriate management for SGA in pregnancy should lead to improved outcomes. GAP & Grow standards were implemented to contribute to the reduction of stillbirth rates in wales. Obstetric USS scan appointments are at capacity leading to delays in obtaining required appointments. In addition the guidance from Gap & Grow is for women requiring serial scanning with a risk factor for a growth restricted baby must have 3 weekly scans from 28 to 40 week gestation. Due to the scanning capacity there are significant challenges in achieving this standard. Risk Rating Rationale for current score: CSFM's leading on audit reviewing records of all women where SGA not (consequence x 25 identified in antenatal period. Scanning capacity under increasing likelihood): 20 Initial: $4 \times 3 = 12$ pressure. 15 Current: $4 \times 5 = 20$ Meeting arranged with radiology management to discuss introduction of 10 Target: $3 \times 4 = 12$ midwife sonographer third trimester scanning. Staff to be informed to 5 submit Datix incident where scan not available in line with standards. Level of Control 0 = 60% Rationale for target score: Date added to the HB risk register 1st August 2019 Risk Score Compliance with Gap & Grow requirements. Target Score Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?) Mitigating actions (What more should we do?) All staff have received training on Gap & Grow and detection of small for gestational babies. Obstetric Action Deadline Lead 31st July 2020 scanning capacity across the HB is being reviewed and compliance with criteria for scanning is being Adherence to Gap/Grow Standards Deputy Head of monitored. Ultrasound are assisting with finding capacity wherever possible in order to meet standards for Midwiferv screening and complying with Gap & grow recommendations. **Assurances** Gaps in assurance (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) (What additional assurances should we seek?) Audit of compliance with guidance being undertaken, detection rates of babies born below the 10th centile is being monitored via datix and audited by the service. Ultrasound are assisting with finding capacity wherever possible in order to meet standards for screening and complying with Gap & grow recommendations. **Current Risk Rating Additional Comments** Meeting took place with Deputy Head of Therapies for the HB. $4 \times 5 = 20$ Arrangement to meet in January 2020 to review radiology capacity and plan future service needs. This will form part of the antenatal clinic review. Audit of missed cases themes and trends to be presented to the MDT in February 2020

Datix ID Number: 215 Health & Care Standar	9 d: Safe Care 2.1 Managing Risk & Promoting Health & Safety	HBR Ref Number: 64			
Objective: Best Value Outcomes		Director Lead: Gareth Howells, Director of Nursing and Patient Experience Assuring Committee: Health and Safety Committee			
	ce and capacity of the Health, safety and fire function within SBUHB to maintain y compliance for the workforce and for the sites across SBUHB.	Date last reviewed: June 2020			
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 5 x 4 = 20 Current: 5 x 4 = 20 Target: 4 x 3 = 12 Level of Control	30 25 20 15 10 5 0 14,15 Aug. 25 Sept. 3 Oct. 25 Mov. 3 Dec. 25 Jan. 20 Febr. 20 Mat. 20 Mat. 20 Jun. 20 15 Jun. 25 Jun. 25 Jun. 25 Jun. 25 Jun. 26 Jun. 26 Jun. 26 Jun. 27 Jun. 26 Jun. 27 Jun. 26 Jun. 27 Jun. 26 Jun. 27	Rationale for current score: The Health Board are in receipt of 10 Health & Safety Executive (HSE) improvement notices concerning health and safety management, violence and aggression and manual handling, limited assurance internal audit reports for was safety management and COSHH, and a fire enforcement notice for one of our sites. Fire risk assessment frequencies are not being kept up to date. Statutory/mandatory training provision and recording will not be sustainable. Unable to support units sufficiently for H&S, case management (V&A), fire and training or to conduct audits/inspections. Potential for litigation, with implications financial and reputational consequences for not meeting legislative requirements.			
= 70%	——Target Score ——Risk Score	Rationale for target score:			
Date added to the		Additional resources and updated/refreshed/new			
HB risk register September 2019		Board to demonstrate that suitable resources are in place to undertake the role and responsibilities of the department, and to undertake suitable and sufficient training, provide corporate overview/audit to ensure practices are being employ in the workplace. Risk assessments are being undertaken within required frequencies and periodic audits are taking place to support the various units and departments.		and sufficient being employed required rious units and	
	ontrols (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)			
 HSE Improvement working group set up to address the HSE recommendations and meets fortnightly to monitor the improvement action plan. Interim posts of Assistant Director of Health and Safety and Interim Head of Compliance employed on secondment to support strengthening and developing the H&S function Health and Safety Operational Group meets quarterly and reports to the Health and Safety Committee Water safety management action plan in place COSHH procedure reviewed and updated Fire risk assessments are being undertaken at priority sites (patient areas) to address recommendations of the MAWWFRS Fire training in place and fire wardens in place 		Health and safety department structure to be reviewed and produce proposals, business case Assistant Director of Septe 2020		September 2020 14 th August	
Assurances	place and the wardens in place	Gaps in assurance			
(How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?)		(What additional assurances should we seek?)			

- Monitoring through the H&S committee to receive assurance and or identify gaps for key compliance and adherence to applicable legislation.
- HSE focus group monitor compliance against the 10 improvement notices and report to the H&S operational group and H&S committee.
- Site visits/tours to identify compliance and gaps in compliances.

Current Risk Rating 5 X 4 = 20

Additional Comments

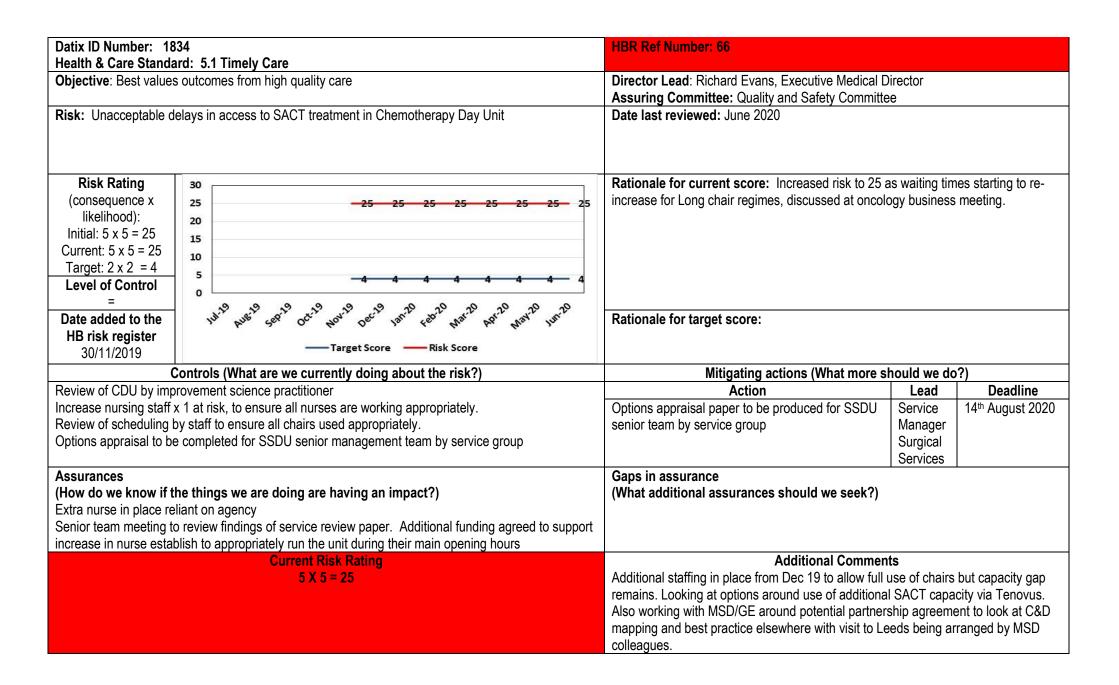
The re-inspections took place w/c 16 September 2019, visiting NPTH on 16th, Singleton & Morriston Hospital on 17th, Tonna Hospital and NPTH on 18th and NPTH on 20th. All visits went well overall with a number seven of the ten notices closed and three extended to 6th December 2019. A further visit was arranged for 5th December (Theatres at Singleton) where it was confirmed that two more notices were complied with and the other one extended to 31 January 2020. Confirmation via email was received on 7th February that all improvement notices have been complied with.

Business case to be written by 31st March 2020.

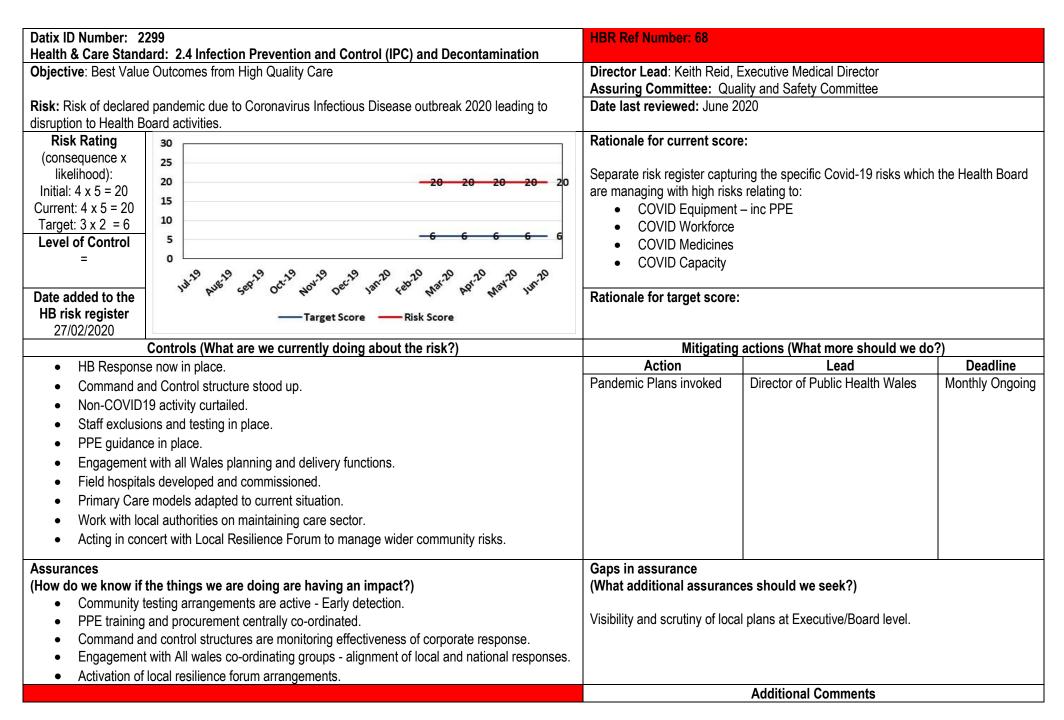
Re-structure review to be presented to H&S committee during 1st quarter 2020/21. Long term plans to be developed to understand the Health and Safety resource requirements for the Health Board.

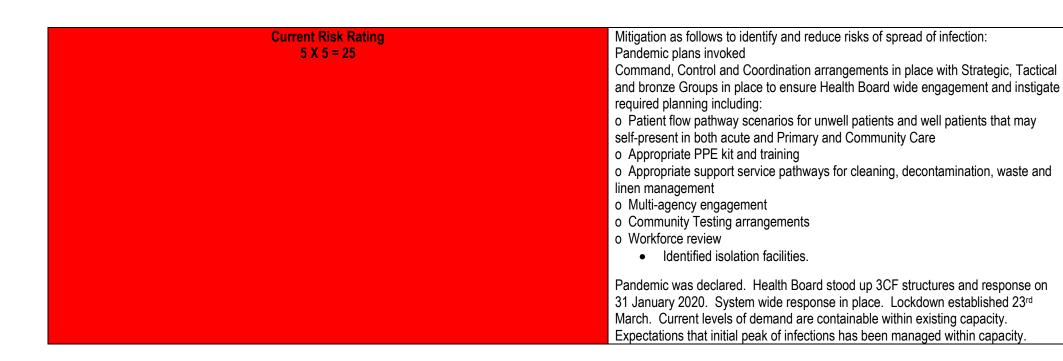
The restructure is to be reviewed and business case written by 31 March 2020. Due to the pandemic (COVID-19) progress has been minimal and will review when operationally possible, this could be delayed until September 2020.

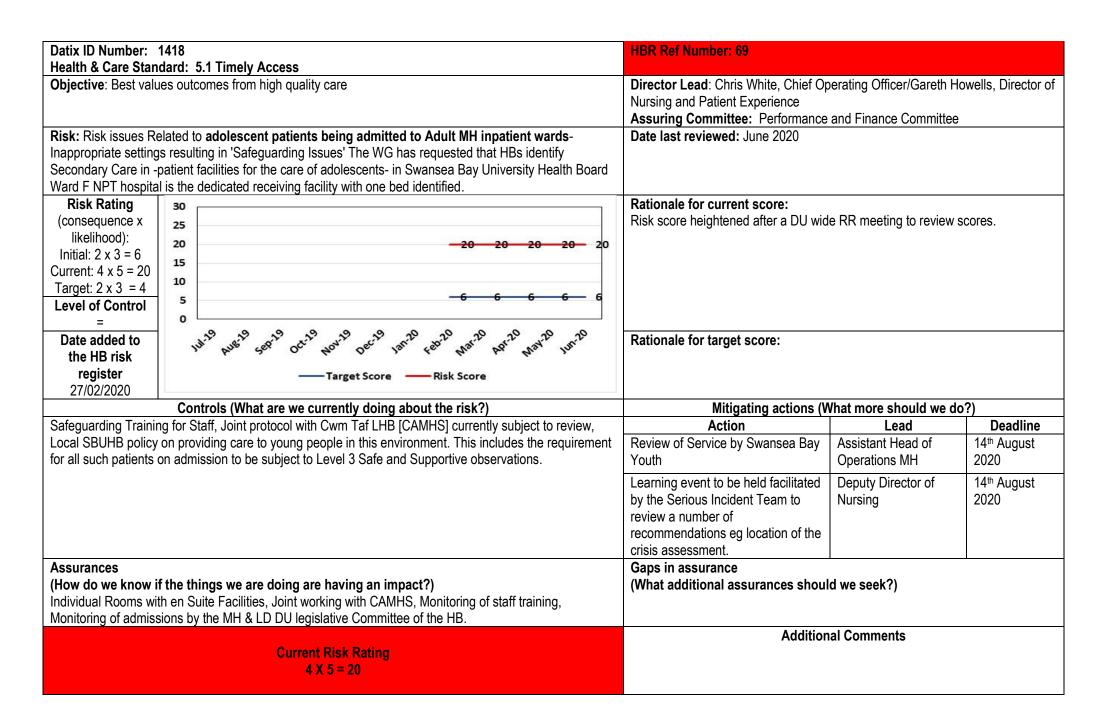
Datix ID Number: 32 Health & Care Standa	9 rd: 3.1 Safe and Clinically Effective Care	HBR Ref Number: 65		
Objective: Digitally enabled Care		Director Lead: Gareth Howells, Director of Nursing and Patient Experience Assuring Committee: Quality & Safety Committee		
Risk: Risk associated with misinterpreting abnormal cardiotocography readings in the delivery room. A central monitoring station would enable multi-disciplinary viewing and discussion of the readings to take place, and reduce the risk of a concerning CTG trace going unidentified. Provisionally scored C4 (irrecoverable injury) x L3= 12. The central monitoring system has a facility to archive the CTG recordings: currently these tracings are only available as a paper copy, which can be lost from the maternity records. There is also a concern that the paper tracings fade over time which makes defending claims very difficult.		Date last reviewed: June 2020 Rationale for current score: Meeting with K2, IT, finance, procurement and midwifery team on 30/09/2019. System viewed and IT needs identified. Final costing to be assessed prior to resubmission to IBG in Oct or November 2019.		
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 4 = 16 Current: 4 x 5 = 20 Target: 4 x 2 = 8 Level of Control = 50% Date added to the HB risk register 31st December 2011	30 25 20 15 10 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Rationale for target score:		
	Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more sho	uld we do?)	
	e all staff undertaking RCOG CTG training and competency assessment.	Action	Lead	Deadline
Protocol in place for an prompting stickers have	hourly "fresh eyes" on 'intrapartum CTG's' and jump call procedures. CTG been implemented to correctly categorise CTG recordings. Central monitoring engthen the HB's position in defending claims. K2 fetal monitoring system has	Business case prepared for Central monitoring system to store CTG recordings of fetal heart rate in electronic format.	Deputy Head of Midwifery	31st July 2020
been identified as the b	pest option for a central monitoring system.	Identified need for midwife for fetal surveillance training and support to improve knowledge through increased support and training in the clinical areas as well as support for the formal training programme within SBUHB.	Deputy Head of Midwifery	31st July 2020
•	he things we are doing are having an impact?) lance Standards for 6hrs Fetal Surveillance Training per year	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we seek?)		
Current Risk Rating 4 X 5 = 20		Additional Comments Submission to IGB in January 2019. CTG envelopes placed in every set of records for safe storage of CTG. Business case completed by maternity service and multiprofessional team. Remaining issue outstanding is the financial detail from IT. To ensure submission of case in January 2020		



Datix ID Number: 89 Health & Care Standard: 5.1 Timely Care	HBR Ref Number: 67			
Objective: Best values outcomes from high quality care	Director Lead: Richard Evans, Executive Medical Director Assuring Committee: Quality and Safety Committee			
Risk: Clinical risk-target breeches in the provision of radical radiotherapy treatment. Due to capacity and demand issues the department is experiencing target breeches in the provision of radical radiotherapy treatment to patients.	Date last reviewed: May 2020			
Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 4 = 16 Current: 5 x 5 = 25 Target: 2 x 2 = 4 Level of Control = Date added to the HB risk register 30/11/2019 Rationale for current score: Waiting times deteriorating for elective delays patients, particularly prosta Oncology business meeting. Rationale for current score: Waiting times deteriorating for elective delays patients, particularly prosta Oncology business meeting. Rationale for turrent score: Waiting times deteriorating for elective delays patients, particularly prosta Oncology business meeting. Rationale for turrent score: Waiting times deteriorating for elective delays patients, particularly prosta Oncology business meeting. Rationale for turrent score: Waiting times deteriorating for elective delays patients, particularly prosta Oncology business meeting. Rationale for turrent score:			tes discussed in	
Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)			
Requests for treatment and treatment dates monitored by senior management team.	Action	Lead	Deadline	
	Additional risk capacity	Service Manager Surgical Services	14 th August 2020	
	Review of patient pathway	Assistant General Manager – Cancer Services	28 th August 2020	
Assurances (How do we know if the things we are doing are having an impact?) Performance and activity data is being monitored and monthly data shared with radiotherapy management meeting and cancer board. It is also now included in scorecard.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should v		<u>'</u>	
Current Risk Rating 5 X 5 = 25	Additional Comments Radiotherapy waiting times continue to cause concerns, new COSC guidelines launched this year mean we now reporting Rx waiting times to WG. Sept Performance has been added to this risk. Options to increase our capacity and include in PBC for SWWCC which is being developed and internal efficiency work with QI colleagues is also being reviewed. Rx Performance is discussed in Radiotherapy management meeting and papers are chased in Cancer Board. Agreement has been reached around outsourcing 12 prostate radiotherapy cases per month for 6 months to Rutherford. Commencing in January 2020. While case for extended day is further reviewed. Contract signed off by Executive Team Jan 2020. Patients are being approached to attend Rutherford Cancer Centre and patient details being sent to Rutherford Cancer Centre.			







Datix ID Number: 2 Health & Care Stand	245 lard: 3.1 Clinically Effective Care	HBR Ref Number: 70		
Objective: Digitally enabled care		Director Lead: Chris White, Chief Operat	ing Officer	
		Assuring Committee: Audit Committee	J	
failure of national systems secondary care service	of national data centre outages which disrupt health board services. The tems causes severe disruption across NHS Wales, affecting Primary and ces. The delivery of national services including the management of systems, sting services are the responsibility of NHS Wales Informatics Service (NWIS)	Date last reviewed: June 2020		
infrastructure and hosting services are the responsibility of NHS Wales Informatics Service (NWIS). Risk Rating (consequence x likelihood): Initial: 4 x 5 = 20 Current: 4 x 5 = 20 Target: 4 x 4 = 16 Level of Control Date added to the HB risk register 27/02/2020 Target: 4 x 4 = 16 Level of Control Target: 4 x 4 = 16 Risk Score Target Score Risk Score		Rationale for current score: C -The number of outages in 2018 and impact across NHS Wales resulted in a review of NWIS services including the wider Informatics services in NHS Wales. In the June 2019 outage, some services took as long as 2 weeks to recover. L -There have been a number of multi system outages over the last 2 years with a number of factors causing outages or resulting in extended outages. Therefore there is a likelihood of a recurrence in the future. Rationale for target score: C - As reliance on digital solutions for the provision of clinical services grows the impact of outages will also grow. Whilst controls will be put in place to mitigate against the impact of outages this will be offset by the growth in the importance of digital solutions. As a result the consequence score will remain at 4. L - The likelihood of national data center outages will never be fully eliminated. The current score of 5 is based on the fact there have been WLIMS outages over recent		
	Controls (What are we currently doing about the risk?)	years. Mitigating actions (What more should we do?)		
	cture Management Board (IMB) and Service Management Board (SMB) are the	Action	Lead	Deadline
boards that oversee N	Major Incidents, identify risks for national services and make recommendations to try of national services.	Representation at SMB, IMB and NSMB	Head of ICT Operations	29 th January 2021
These boards meet monthly to hold NWIS to account for delivery of services. Infrastructure major incident reviews are undertaken with selected board members and		Representation on EPRR	Informatics Business Manager	29 th January 2021
recommendations agreed in the board. The impact of outages is partly mitigated by the Business Continuity plans that are in place within the Service Delivery Units to allow operational services to continue during a data center service outage.		Representation at NWIS Directors Meetings	Associate Director of Digital Services	29 th January 2021
Assurances (How do we know if NWIS have a Progra	the things we are doing are having an impact?) amme of works to upgrade out of date equipment. The network upgrade mpleted this year at the NDC and BDC.	Gaps in assurance (What additional assurances should we	e seek?)	,

The final report on the BDC outage has been received and recommendations put in place to increase maintenance levels and monitoring. NWIS have produced an action plan which is agreed in the IMB and progress monitored. Any deviation from the action plan will be escalated to the SMB and if appropriate to the NHS Wales Informatics Management Board which is chaired by the Chief Executive Officer of NHS Wales and has Executive level board members. In addition, it is recommended that serious consideration should be given to identifying and funding an alternative Tier 3+ facility (in line with the NDC) to host these critical systems. WLIMS 2016 upgrade is required to address some of the technical issues experienced on the existing version. This is planned for September 2020. A re- procurement of a new Pathology Laboratory Information Management system is in progress with timescales An architecture review is underway to assess current services and make recommendations on future services (including hosting services).	Additional Comments
Current Risk Rating 4 X 5 = 20	Additional Comments

Risk Score Calculation

For each risk identified, the LIKELIHOOD & CONSEQUENCE mechanism will be utilised. Essentially this examines each of the risks and attempts to assess the likelihood of the event occurring (PROBABLILITY) and the effect it could have on the Health Board (IMPACT). This process ensures that the Health Board will be focusing on those risks which require immediate attention rather than spending time on areas which are, relatively, a lower priority.

Risk Matrix	LIKELIHOOD (*)						
CONSEQUENCE (**)	1 - Rare	2 - Unlikely	3 - Possible	4 - Probable	5 - Expected		
1 - Negligible	1	2	3	4	5		
2 - Minor	2	4	6	8	10		
3 - Moderate	3	6	9	12	15		
4 - Major	4	8	12	16	20		
5 - Catastrophic	5	10	15	20	25		