





Meeting Date	25 th June 2020	Agenda Item	3.4				
Report Title	Integrated Performance Report						
Report Author	Hannah Roan, Head of Performance & Commissioning (interim)						
Report Sponsor	Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance and Performance (interim)						
Presented by	Darren Griffiths, Director of Fir						
Freedom of	Open		,				
Information							
Purpose of the	The purpose of this report is to	provide an update o	on the current				
Report	performance of the Health Bo						
	reporting window in delivering						
	as well as the national meas	ures outlined in the 2	2020/21 NHS				
	Wales Delivery Framework.						
Key Issues	The Integrated Performance provides an overview of how against the National Delivery numbers of the safety measures. The tradition identifying actions where per national or local targets as well long terms risks to delivery	the Health Board neasures and key loo onal format for the reformance is not coas highlighting both s	is performing cal quality and eport includes ompliant with short term and				
	long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this iteration of the performance report. In addition, RAGing has not been applied to the targeted intervention priorities from the 1 st April 2020 as the profiles were based on the actions within the 2020/21 annual plan which are now not being progressed due to the COVID19 pandemic. The profiles will need to be revised once the pandemic has subsided and services start to return to a new level of normality.						
	Key issues:						
	Benchmarking- no benchmarking following the suspension of Government in response to the on 9th June 2020 Welsh health all data flows to Welsh Govern Welsh Government performant national reporting of all NHS continued to be collected and anticipated that benchmarking next iteration of the Integrated	of national reporting e COVID19 pandem organisations were the ment are to be reinstance team have agreed delivery measures what reported locally. The data will be reintroduced to the contrological control contr	g by Welsh ic. However, informed that tated and that d to return to here data has herefore, it is luced into the				

Stroke- Due to reduced staffing levels and the operational pressures from COVID19, local stroke data has not been reported since February 2020. In line with Welsh Government's instruction that all data flows are to be reinstated, the Stroke team will recommence reporting from June 2020 however it is unlikely that any accurate backdated data to February 2020 will be available.

Unscheduled Care- May 2020 started to show signs of increased demand for emergency departments within SBU Health Board and this trend is continuing into June although the level of demand remains significantly lower than previous years. The change in demand in A&E is also reflected in the number of ambulance handovers taking over 1 hour, as there was only 20 recorded for May 2020. This is the lowest number on record.

In May 2020, the Minor Injuries Unit in Neath Port Talbot Hospital continued to exceed the national 4 hour waiting times target of 95%, falling just short of 100% (only 2 of 2,501 patients waited longer than 4 hours). Morriston Hospital's 4 hour performance in May 2020 was 75.6% which is a 6% improvement on April 2020. Morriston also saw an improvement in the 12 hour waiting times target with a reduction of 25% (from 131 in April 2020 to 97 in May 2020), this is the best position since July 2014.

Planned Care- On 14th March 2020 all Health Boards received written direction from the Welsh Government to suspend non-urgent outpatient appointments (ensuring that urgent appointments are prioritised) and to suspend non-urgent surgical admissions and procedures (whilst ensuring access for emergency and urgent surgery). Consequently, waiting times continue to increase for first outpatient appointments and treatment. In addition there has been a significant increase in the number of patients waiting more than 8 weeks for diagnostics and more than 14 weeks for Therapies Through the Health Board's Rest and Recovery Programme, SBU will focus on reinstating those essential services that were stood down in order to plan and prepare for COVID response

Cancer- The backlog of Urgent Suspected Cancer (USC) patients waiting over 53 days significantly increased in April and May 2020. The percentage of USC patients treated within 62 days shows an improving picture for May 2020 however this may be skewed by the low number of patients on a USC pathway as a result of the reduction in USC referrals (-51% in April 2020). May's figures were in the process of being validated at the time of writing this report.

	continues to be 2020. Psycholoweeks access to 100% for the first Child and Addaccess to CAMI in April 2020 1048 hours. Desp	maintained and opical therapies arget and in A st time in 15 mc olescent Men descent associte the operation outine access in	gainst the Mental Head all targets were ach are struggling to a performant on the control of the	nieved in April chieve the 26 nce fell below es (CAMHS)-ging however, ertaken within COVID19, the			
Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval			
Required			✓				
Recommendations	 Members are asked to: NOTE the Health Board performance against key measures 						
	and targets.						

INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window in delivering key performance measures outlined in the 2020/21 NHS Wales Delivery Framework and local quality & safety measures.

2. BACKGROUND

The 2020/21 NHS Wales Delivery Framework sets out the 78 measures under the quadruple aims which the performance of the Health Board is measured. The new aims within the NHS Delivery Framework are:

- Quadruple Aim 1: People in Wales have improved health and well-being with better prevention and self-management
- Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement
- Quadruple Aim 3: The health and social care workforce in Wales is motivated and sustainable
- Quadruple Aim 4: Wales has a higher value health and social care system that
 has demonstrated rapid improvement and innovation, enabled by data and
 focused on outcomes

Appendix 1 provides an overview of the Health Board's latest performance against the Delivery Framework measures along with key local quality and safety measures. The measures within **Appendix 1** have been aligned with the new quadruple aims within the national framework.

The traditional format for the report includes identifying actions where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this iteration of the performance report and that the performance report would have reduced coverage to focus on key performance areas which continue to be routinely reported and where data integrity can be assured.

With this in mind this Performance Report has been stripped back from its usual content to reflect the revised reporting arrangements, to reflect that some data is currently not being captured, but to also provides an overview of the shifts in system delivery. Set out below are the high level areas that will continue to be reported: -

- Mental health
- Unscheduled care
- Planned care (including delayed follow ups)

- Cancer
- Infection control
- Quality and Safety measures to include (serious incidents, complaints response times, pressure ulcers and falls)

It would be helpful if members of the committee could consider this focussed suite of measures and whether further additional measures would assist in providing increased understanding of the changes in our care systems, particular at the time of COVID-19 pressure.

The performance measures reported here, begin to highlight where the healthcare system is starting to change as a result of the need to respond to COVID-19. We are seeing considerable fewer attendances at our emergency departments (page 13, chart 7), reduced levels of referrals from our General Practitioners (page 23, chart 1) and changes to access times for aspects of care (pages 13 and 23).

3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

Appendix 1 of this report provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local measures. Mitigating actions are listed where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein except for planned care. The Health Board has received additional funding for backlog reduction from Welsh Government and there is the possibility of a clawback at year-end however discussions are ongoing with Welsh Government.

5. RECOMMENDATION

Members are asked to:

o **NOTE** the Health Board performance against key measures and targets.

Governance and Assurance							
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting and						
Enabling	Enabling empowering people to live well in resilient communities						
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing						
(please	Co-Production and Health Literacy	\boxtimes					
choose)	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	\boxtimes					
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services	S					
	achieving the outcomes that matter most to people						
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	\boxtimes					
	Partnerships for Care						
	Excellent Staff						
	Digitally Enabled Care	\boxtimes					
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	\boxtimes					
Health and Car	re Standards						
(please	Staying Healthy	\boxtimes					
choose)	Safe Care	\boxtimes					
	Effective Care	\boxtimes					
	Dignified Care						
	Timely Care						
	Individual Care	\boxtimes					
	Staff and Resources	\boxtimes					

Quality, Safety and Patient Experience

The performance report outlines performance over the domains of quality and safety and patient experience, and outlines areas and actions for improvement. Quality, safety and patient experience are central principles underpinning the National Delivery Framework and this report is aligned to the domains within that framework.

There are no directly related Equality and Diversity implications as a result of this report.

Financial Implications

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the Mental Health Measure.

Staffing Implications

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's workforce arising from the production of this report.

Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)

The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:

- Long term Actions within this report are both long and short term in order to balance
 the immediate service issues with long term objectives. In addition, profiles have
 been included for the Targeted Intervention Priorities for 2019/20 which provides
 focus on the expected delivery for every month as well as the year end position in
 March 2020.
- Prevention the NHS Wales Delivery framework provides a measureable mechanism to evidence how the NHS is positively influencing the health and wellbeing of the citizens of Wales with a particular focus upon maximising people's physical and mental well-being.
- Integration this integrated performance report brings together key performance measures across the seven domains of the NHS Wales Delivery Framework, which identify the priority areas that patients, clinicians and stakeholders wanted the NHS to be measured against. The framework covers a wide spectrum of measures that are aligned with the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- **Collaboration** in order to manage performance, the Corporate Functions within the Health Board liaise with leads from the Delivery Units as well as key individuals from partner organisations including the Local Authorities, Welsh Ambulance Services Trust, Public Health Wales and external Health Boards.
- **Involvement** Corporate and Delivery Unit leads are key in identifying performance issues and identifying actions to take forward.

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Report History	The last iteration of the Integrated Performance Report was presented to the Health Board in May 2020. This is a routine monthly report.						
Appendices	Appendix 1: Integrated Performance Report						







Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report June 2020



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1. OVERVIEW

The following summarises the key successes, along with the priorities, risks and threats to achievement of the quality, access and

workforce standards.					
Successes	Priorities				
 All GP practices have remained open during COVID-19 pandemic. Aspects of urgent elective care have recommenced to focus on clinical priority patients Urgent eye surgery and obstetric surgery continues to be in place at Singleton Hospital. Some non-Covid-19 services are being reintroduced but with plans in the background in case of a second wave of infections. The unscheduled care system is working efficiently. In May 2020, NPTH achieved 99% against the 4 hour target and Morriston achieved 75.6% which is the best position for three years. Whilst the number of attendances at the emergency departments is significantly lower than the same period last year, demand is slowly increasing. New critical care area has been set-up in the large open-plan waiting area in the outpatients department in Morriston Hospital and work continues on a self-contained area in the second waiting area. 	 Communicate with the public that the NHS is 'open for business' for patients seeking help for urgent medical conditions. Implementation of the health board's quarter one operational plan and development of the quarters two and three plans which will need to include a focus on winter planning. Introduction of non-COVID essential services within primary and secondary care in the safest and most sustainable way possible Ensure that clinically urgent and cancer patients continue to be treated and ensure that access to radiotherapy and chemotherapy is maintained. Adoption of the all-Wales COVID-19 Workforce Risk Assessment Tool, which is suitable for use for all staff who are vulnerable or at risk of contracting coronavirus, including people from BAME backgrounds. Continue to support staff health and wellbeing and ensure that staff are able to rest and take their annual leave entitlement. Roll out of Test, Trace and Protect. 				
Opportunities	Risks & Threats				
 Continue to explore further utilisation of digital technology to enable new ways of remote working. Services and teams continue to be redesigned in response to the pandemic such as the newly formed Respiratory Support Team who are monitoring and supporting shielding or recently discharged patients by phone, with rapid access to hospital consultants if they need more specialist advice. Additional capacity for managing COVID-19 patients with the 	 The ongoing COVID19 pandemic continues to have a significant impact on the Health Board's ability to meet increasing demands. Extensive work continues to be undertaken in response to the outbreak. Key pressures include: Social distancing is limiting the rate at which staff can return to work and rota systems need to be considered alongside a continuation of remote working Reduction in outpatient appointments and elective treatments is 				
establishment two dedicated field hospitals.	increasing waiting times				

o The health board's ability and pace to reintroduce essential

services in the safest way for staff and patients

partnership with Local Authority partners

Introduction of rapid discharge protocols and pathways in

2. TARGETED INTERVENTION PRIORITY MEASURES SUMMARY (HEALTH BOARD LEVEL) -May 2020

			(Quarter '	1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3		3	Quarter 4		4	
			Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20
	4 hour A&E waits	Actual	78.4%	83.5%										
	4 Hour A&E waits	Profile	76.8%	77.2%	77.1%	78.8%	78.4%	77.7%	78.5%	78.9%	78.5%	79.0%	81.4%	82.5%
Unscheduled	1 12 hour A&E waits	Actual	131	97										
Care	12 Hour A&E waits	Profile	319	290	310	297	342	413	378	402	424	354	327	209
	1 hour ambulance handover	Actual	61	20										
	Thou ambulance handover	Profile	332	311	337	262	286	352	375	373	386	301	303	183
	Direct admission within 4 hours	Actual												
	Bridge daminosion within 1 mode	Profile	61%	53%	56%	54%	41%	52%	64%	59%	63%	58%	77%	68%
	CT scan within 1 hour	Actual												
		Profile												
	Assessed by Stroke Specialist	Actual												
Stroke	within 24 hours	Profile	96%	95%	95%	98%	97%	95%	95%	98%	98%	96%	96%	99%
	Thrombolysis door to needle	Actual												
	within 45 minutes	Profile												
	Patients receiving the required	Actual												
	minutes for Speech and Language Therapy	Profile												
	Outpatients waiting more than	Actual	<i>5,4</i> 99	9,300										
	26 weeks													
	Treatment waits over 36 weeks	Actual	8,355	10,247										
Planned		Profile	6,013	5,895	6, 187	6,627	6,868	7,374	7,287	7,590	8,185	8,263	8,454	8,620
care	Diagnostic waits over 8 weeks	Actual	5,788	8,346										
	ŭ	Profile	400	390	380	370	330	250	180	150	130	100	50	0
	Therapy waits over 14 weeks	Actual	387	982										
0	NILIOC metions at estima	Profile	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cancer	NUSC patients starting	Actual	97% 98%	82% 98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%
	treatment in 31 days USC patients starting treatment	Profile	98% 81%	98% 86%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%
	in 62 days	Actual Profile	87%	83%	86%	86%	90%	93%	92%	91%	96%	95%	94%	94%
Healthcare	Number of healthcare acquired	Actual	11	16	0078	0078	9070	3370	<i>32 /</i> 0	9170	3078	9376	3470	3470
Acquired	C.difficile cases	Profile	8	8	9	8	9	8	9	8	7	8	7	8
Infections	Number of healthcare acquired	Actual	10	6	-								- ' -	
ii iicctions	S.Aureus Bacteraemia cases	Profile	7	6	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	6
	Number of healthcare acquired	Actual	14	14		<u> </u>					_ <u> </u>		١Ť	_ <u> </u>
	E.Coli Bacteraemia cases	Profile	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21
	Number of healthcare acquired	Actual	6	6						_ _				
	Klebsiella Bacteraemia cases	Profile	9	8	8	6	7	6	7	7	7	7	6	6
	Number of healthcare acquired	Actual	2	5										
	Pseudomonas aerginosa cases	Profile	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	1	0

- No RAG status provided as profiles were aligned to the actions in the 20/21 annual plan which are not currently being progressed due to COVID19
- The profiles included are the profiles set out in the original 2020/21 Annual plan
- No benchmarking data available as Welsh Government has stood down performance reporting arrangements during the COVID19 pandemic

3.1 Mental Health and Learning Disabilities- Overview

Chart 1: % of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral

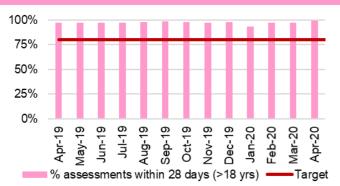


Chart 5: 95% of those admitted 0900-2100 will receive a gate-keeping assessment by the CRHTS prior to admission

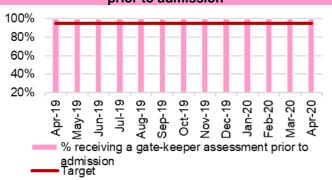
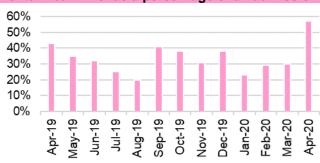


Chart 9: Number of patients detained under the Mental Health Act as a percentage of all admissions



Patients detained under the MHA as a % of all admissions

Chart 13: Urgent assessments undertaken within 24 hours from receipt of referral

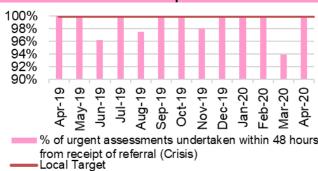


Chart 2: % of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS

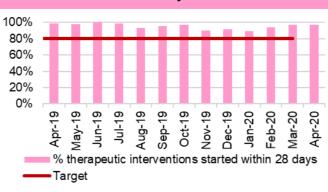


Chart 6: 100% of those admitted without a gate keeping assessment will receive a follow up assessment by CRHTS within 24hrs of admission

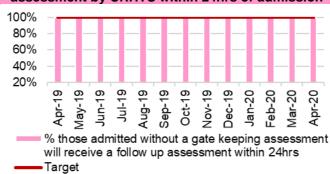


Chart 10: Number of patients subject to Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DOLS)

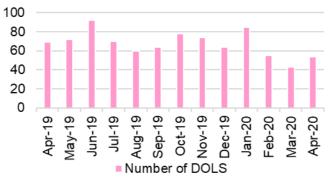


Chart 14:Neuro-developmental disorder assessment and intervention received within 26 weeks

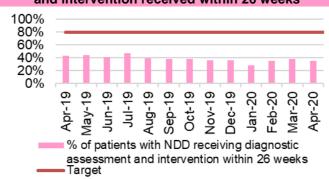


Chart 3: % of health board residents in receipt of secondary mental health services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)

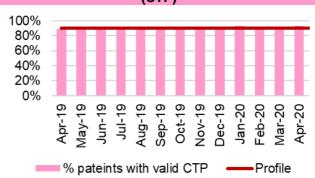


Chart 7: % of patients waiting under 14 weeks for **Therapies**

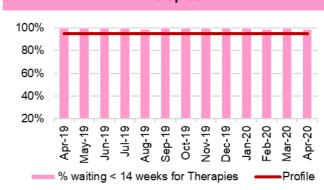
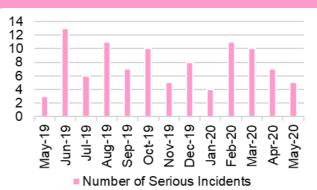
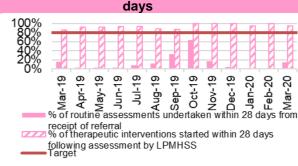


Chart 11 Number of Serious Incidents



Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)

Chart 15: Assessment and intervention within 28



* Apr-20 data not available at the time of writing this report

Chart 4: % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult **Mental Health**

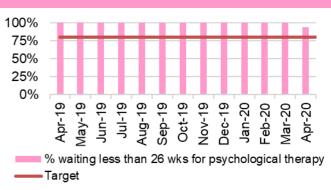


Chart 8: Number of Mental Health Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOCs)

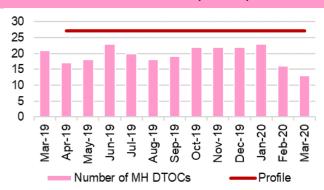


Chart 12: Number of ligature incidents

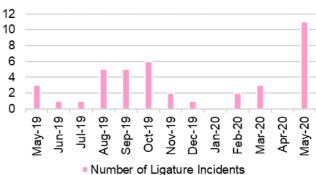
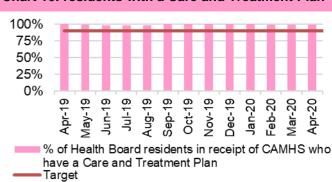


Chart 16: residents with a Care and Treatment Plan



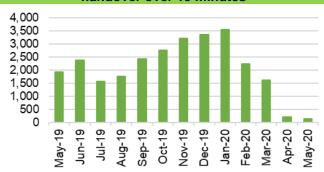
Appendix 1- Integrated Performance Report

4.1 Unscheduled Care- Overview

Chart 1: % GP practices offering daily appointments between 5pm- 6:30pm



Chart 5: Lost hours- notification to ambulance handover over 15 minutes



■ Lost Handover Hours > 15 minutes (SBU HB)

Chart 9: Number of patients waiting over 12 hours in



Chart 13: Number of non- mental health delayed transfers of care

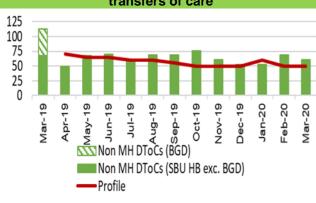


Chart 2: GP Out of Hours/ 111

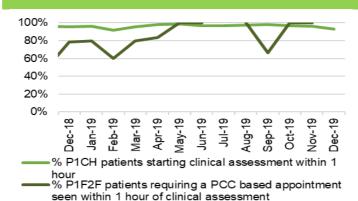


Chart 6: A&E Attendances

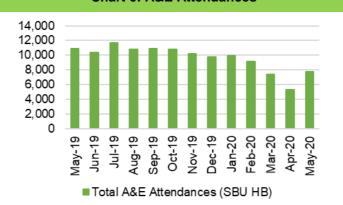


Chart 10: Number of emergency admissions

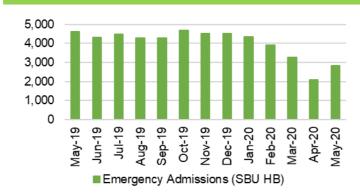


Chart 14: Number of new positive COVID-19 cases

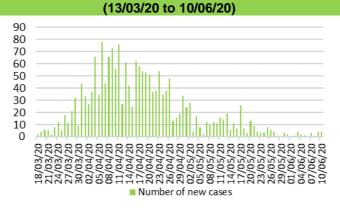


Chart 3: % red calls responded to within 8 minutes

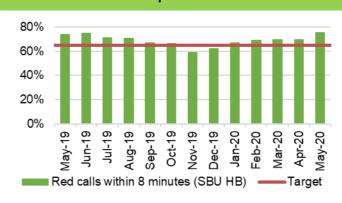


Chart 7: 90 days ED Attendance (14/03/20 to 11/06/20)

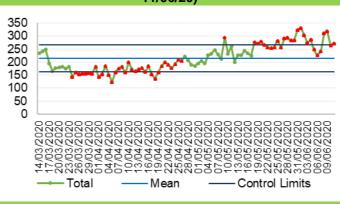


Chart 11: Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds



Chart 15: Number of cumulative COVID-19 positive cases (01/03/20 to 10/06/20)

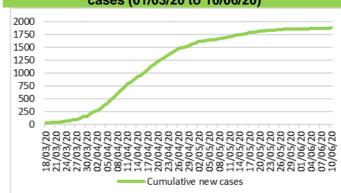


Chart 4: Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour



Chart 8: % patients who spend less than 4 hours in A&E

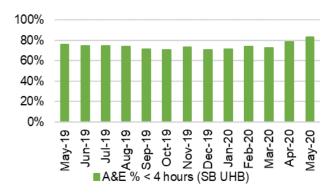


Chart 12: : Number of mental health delayed transfers of care

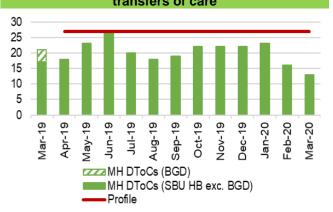
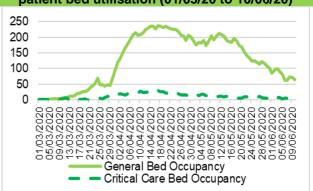


Chart 16: Confirmed and Suspected COVID-19 patient bed utilisation (01/03/20 to 10/06/20)



Unscheduled Care Overview (May 2020)

Primary Care Access

97% (→)

GP practices open during daily core hours

93% (3%1)

% of Out of Hours (OoH)/111 patients prioritised as P1CH that started their definitive clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being answered (July-19)

88% (→)

GP practices offering appointments between 5pm-6:30pm

100% (50%1)

% of Out of Hours (OOH)/111
patients prioritised as P1F2F
requiring a Primary Care
Centre (PCC) based
appointment seen within 1
hour following completion of
their definitive clinical
assessment (Jun-19)

Ambulance

75.0% (5.5%1)

Red calls responded to with 8 minutes

20 (67%+)

Ambulance handovers over 1 hour

3,057 (5%1)

Amber calls

258 (2%+)

Red calls

Emergency Department

7,761 (47%1) A&E attendances

83.45% (5.1%1)
Waits in A&E under
4 hours

97 (26%↓)Waits in A&E over 12 hours

1,423 (47%1)
Patients admitted from A&E

Emergency Activity

2,821 (36%†)

Emergency Inpatient Admissions

127273 (21%1)

Trauma theatre cases

273 (24%1)

Emergency Theatre Cases

2 (100%1)

Elective procedures cancelled due to no beds

Patient Flow

13 (19%) (Mar-20)
Mental Health DTOCs

* Data collection temporarily suspended

60 (13%↓) (Mar-20)
Non-Mental Health DTOCs
* Data collection temporarily
suspended

79 (9%1)

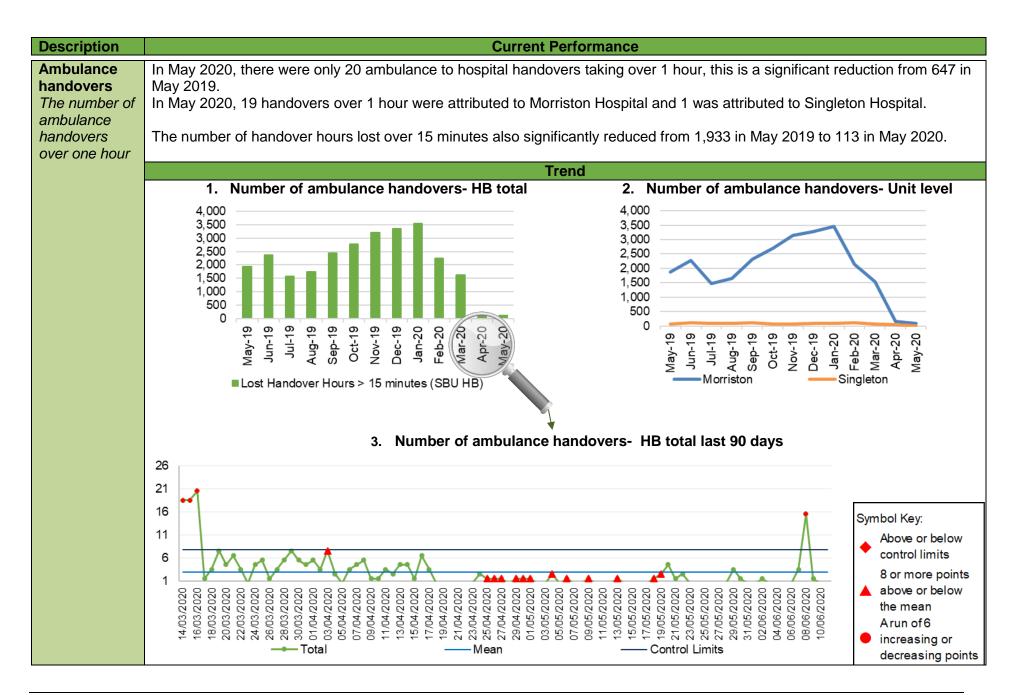
Medically fit patients

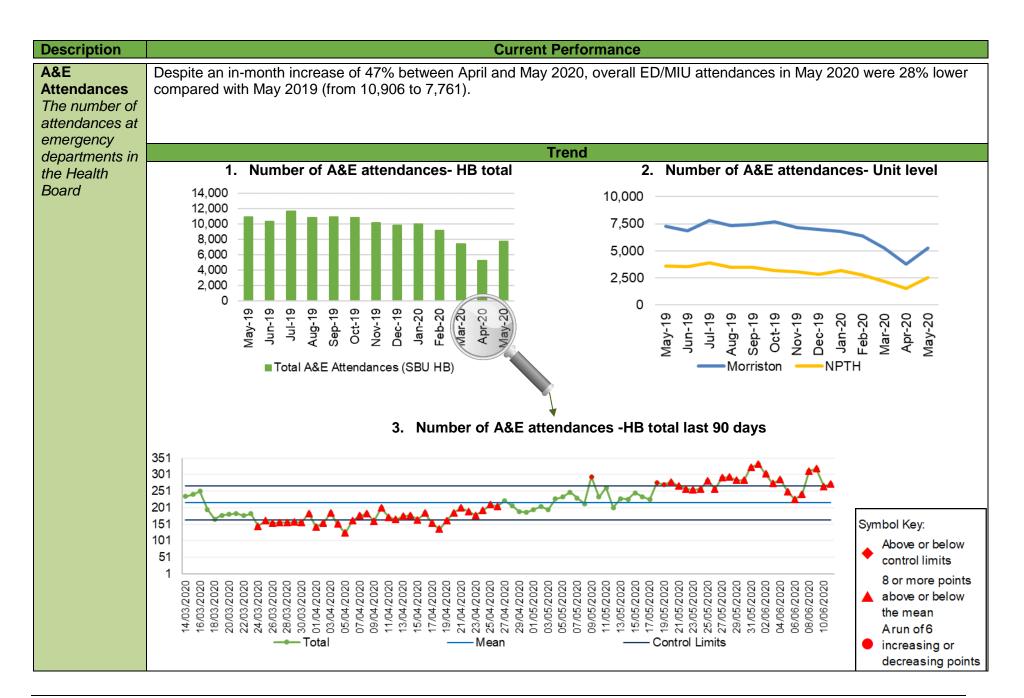
*RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

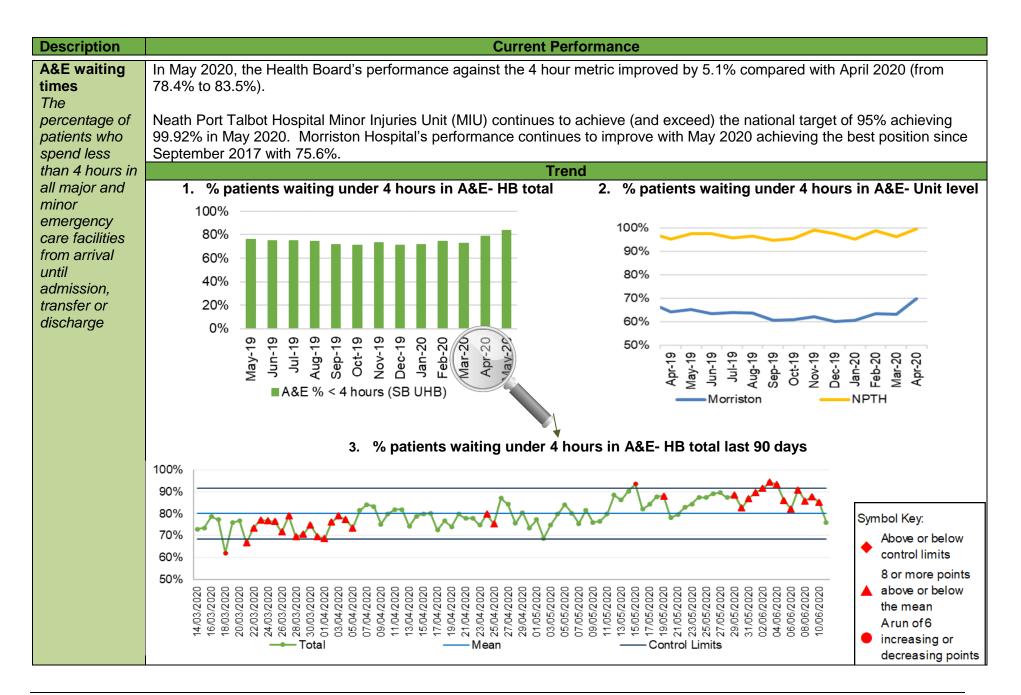
4.2 Unscheduled Care - Updates

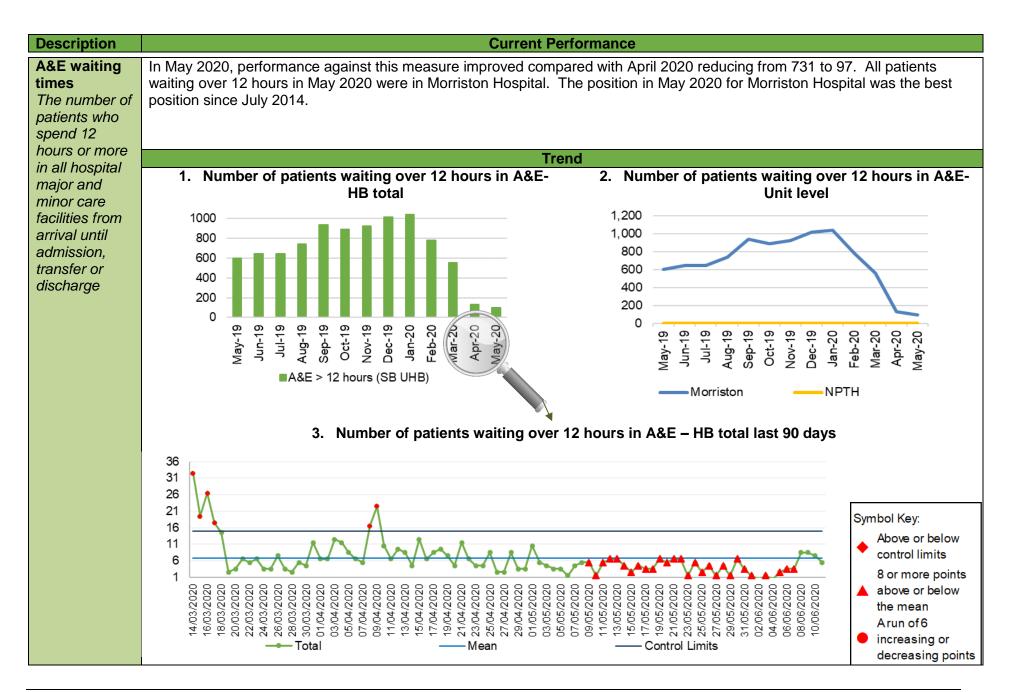
This section of the report provides further detail on key unscheduled care measures.

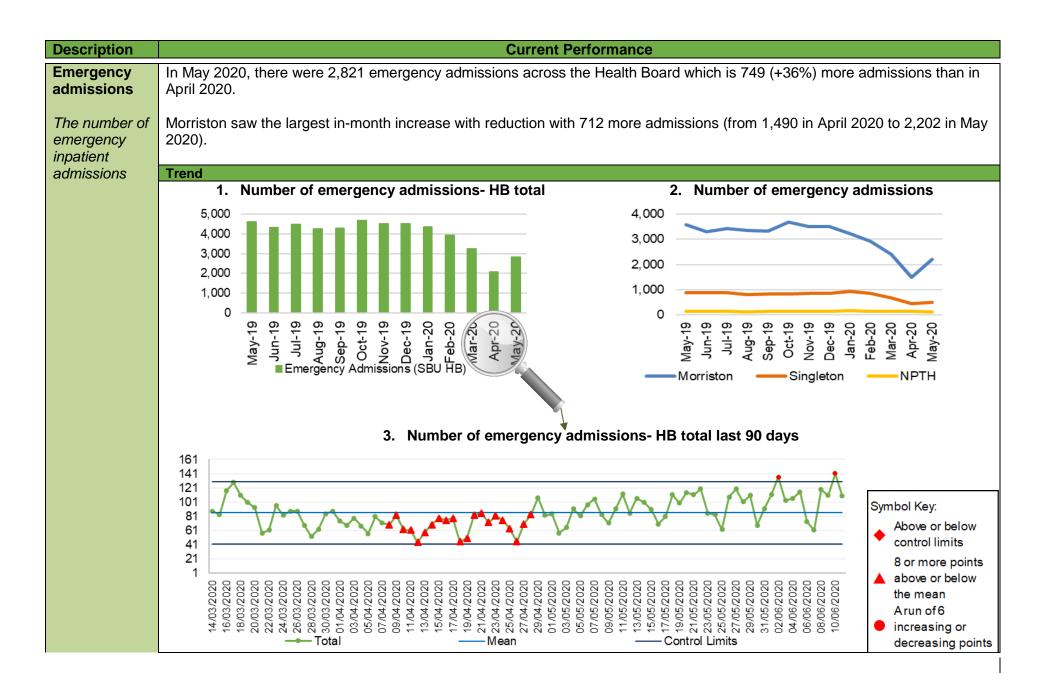
Description **Current Performance Ambulance** Ambulance response times have consistently been above 65% in the year 2020. In May 2020, performance was 75%. In April 2020, the number of green calls reduced by 10%, amber calls reduced by 11% and red calls reduced by 28% compared responses with March 2020. However in May 2020, demand for green calls and amber calls increased (15% increase for green calls and The 5% increase in amber calls). Whereas, red calls reduced by 2% from 263 in April to 258 in May 2020. percentage of emergency responses to **Trend** red calls 1. % of red calls responded to within 8 minutes 2. Number of ambulance call responses arriving within 80% 4.000 (up to and including) 8 60% 3,000 minutes. 40% 2.000 The number of 20% 1,000 responses to 0% ambulance Jul-19 Aug-19 Sep-19 Oct-19 Nov-19 Dec-19 Jan-20 Apr-20 Jul-19 Sep-19 Jun-19 Feb-20 Oct-19 Nov-19 **Dec-19** Jan-20 Feb-20 calls. Red calls Amber calls Red calls within 8 minutes (SBU HB) 3. % of red calls responded to within 8 minutes - HB total last 90 days 100% 80% Symbol Key: 60% Above or below 40% control limits 20% 8 or more points above or below the mean Arun of 6 increasing or decreasing points

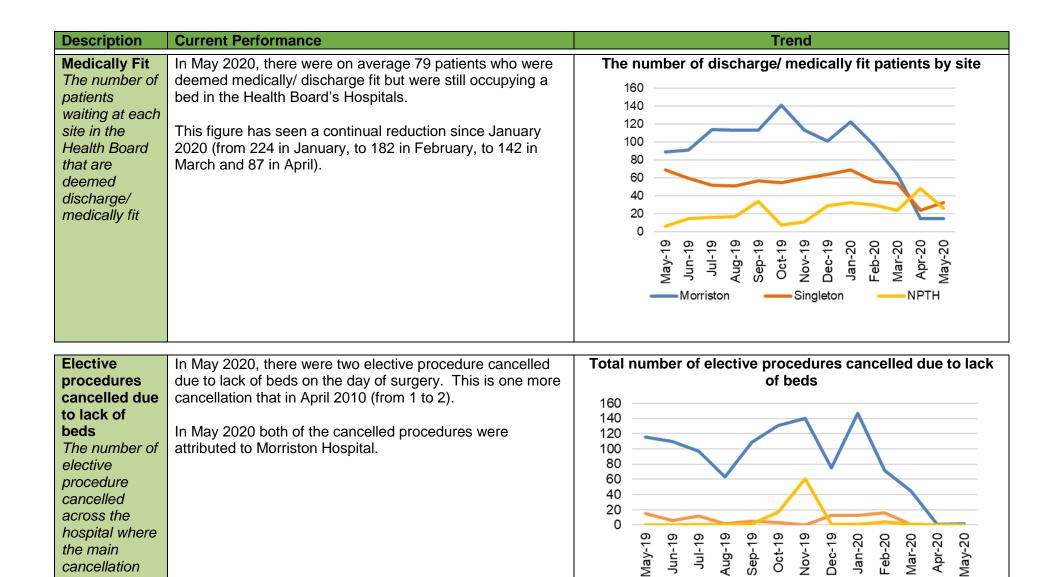










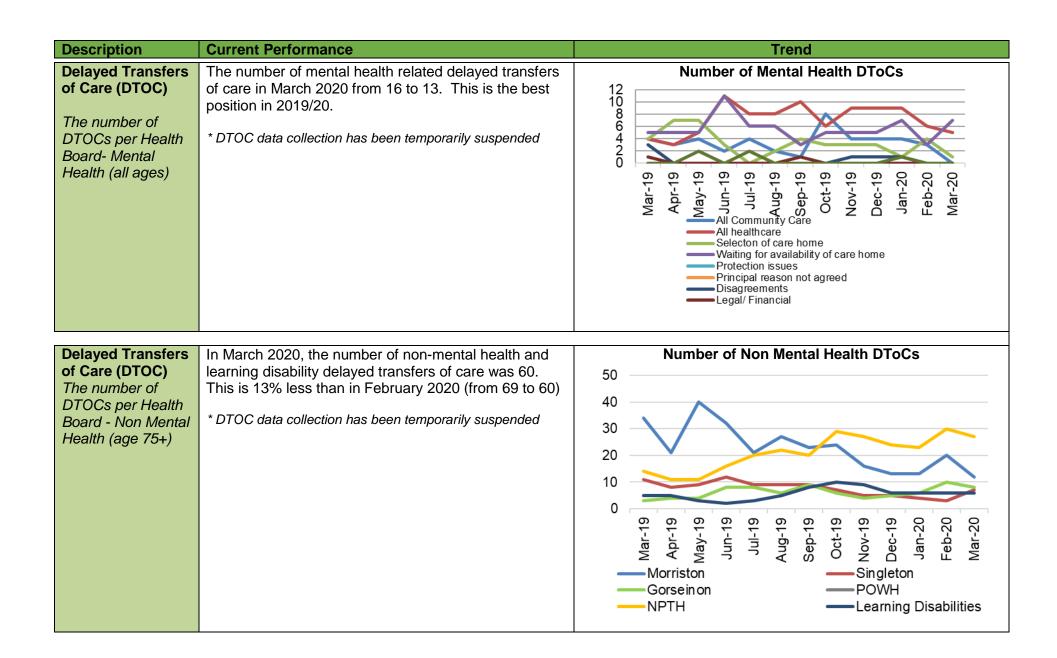


cancellation reasons was

lack of beds

Singleton

Morriston



5.1 Planned Care- Overview

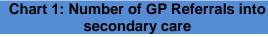




Chart 5: Number of patients waiting for reportable diagnostics over 8 weeks

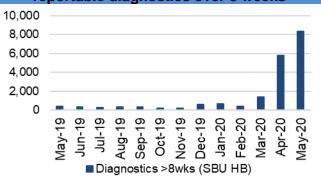


Chart 9: % patients newly diagnosed with cancer, not via the urgent route, that started definitive treatment within (up to & including)

31 days

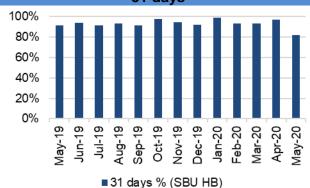


Chart 13: Number of patients without a documented clinical review date

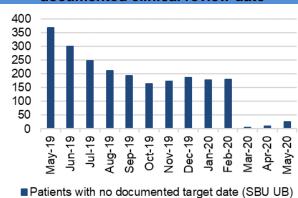


Chart 2: Number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment

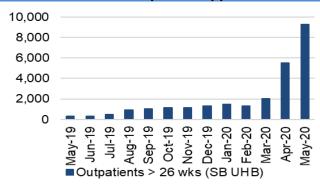


Chart 6: Number of patients waiting for reportable Cardiac diagnostics over 8 weeks

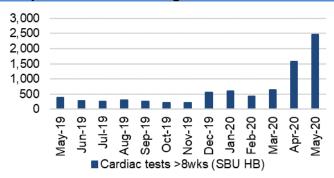


Chart 10: % patients newly diagnosed with cancer, via the urgent suspected cancer route, that started definitive treatment within (up to & including) 62 days of receipt of referral



Chart 14: Ophthalmology patients without an allocated health risk factor

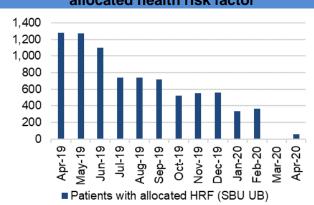


Chart 3: Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment

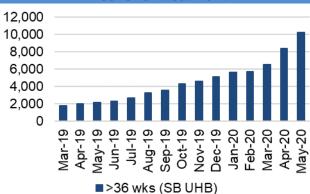


Chart 7: Number of patients waiting less than 14 weeks for Therapies

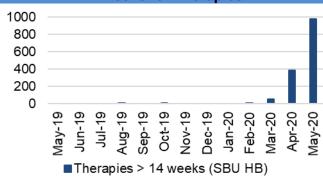
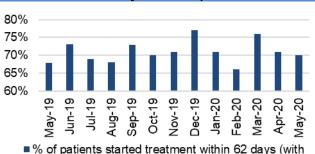
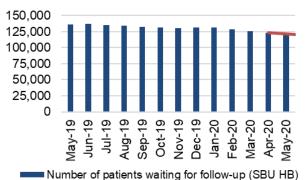


Chart 11: Single Cancer Pathway- % of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (with adjustments)



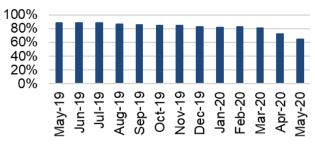
% of patients started treatment within 62 days (with suspensions)

Chart 15: Total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list



Profile (WG 15% reduction target)

Chart 4: % patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment



■% waiting < 26 wks (SBU HB)

Chart 8: Cancer referrals

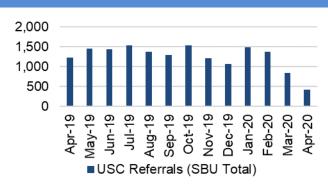
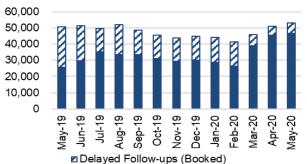
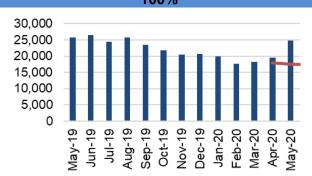


Chart 12: Number of patients waiting for an outpatient follow-up who are delayed past their target date (planned care specialities only)



■ Delayed Follow-ups (Booked)
■ Delayed Follow-ups (Not Booked)

Chart 16: Number of patients delayed by over 100%



Number of patients waiting 100% over target date...

Profile (WG 15% reduction target)

P

Demand		Waiting Times	
4,906 (44%↑) Total GP referrals	9,300 (69%1) Patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment	10,247 (23%↑) Patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment	4,204 (22%↑) Patients waiting over 52 weeks for treatment
1,973 (36%1) Routine GP referrals	64.2% (8.1%↓) Patients waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment	8,346 (44%↑) Patients waiting over 8 weeks for all reportable diagnostics	2,478 (566%1) Patients waiting over 8 weeks for Cardiac diagnostics only
2,933 (50%1) Urgent GP referrals	982 (154%1) Patients waiting over 14 weeks for reportable therapies	12,434 (1.3%↓) Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment	24,880 (27%1) Patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients appointment who are delayed over 100%
	Cancer	Theatı	e Efficiencies
409 (52%L)	27F (400/A)	440/ (50/4)	45% (2% ↑)

409 (52%↓)

Number of USC referrals received

82% (15%↓**)** draft NUSC patients receiving treatment within 31 days

275 (40%↑)

USC backlog over 52 days

86% (5%↑) *draft* USC patients receiving treatment within 62 days

*RAG status and trend is based on in month-movement

11% (5%↑)

Theatre utilisation rate

43% (2%↓)

% of theatres sessions starting late

45% (2%↑)

% of theatres sessions finishing early

47% (42%1)

Operations cancelled on the day

5.2 Planned Care Updates

This section of the report provides further detail on key planned care measures.

Description **Current Performance** The number of GP referrals and additions to the outpatient waiting list per week consistently reduced throughout March Referrals and shape of the and April 2020 however the additions increased in May 2020. This is reflected in the reduction in the waiting list in April waiting list 2020 and subsequent increase in May 2020 as well as the significant reduction in the number of patients waiting at the front end of the waiting list. In May 2019 there was 17,194 patients waiting under 10 weeks whereas in May 2020 there are 7,881 waiting under 10 weeks. **GP Referrals Trend** 1. Number of GP referrals received by SBU 2. Number of stage 1 additions per week The number of **Health Board** Stage 1 additions 2,500 per week 8.000 2,000 7,000 1,500 6.000 Stage 1 1.000 5,000 additions 4,000 500 The number of new 3.000 patients that have 2,000 15/03/2020 22/03/2020 29/03/2020 12/04/2020 19/04/2020 26/04/2020 03/05/2020 10/05/2020 16/02/2020 23/02/2020 01/03/2020 08/03/2020 05/04/2020 been added to the 1,000 outpatient waiting list Aug-19 Nov-19 Dec-19 Jan-20 Feb-20 Apr-20 Mar-20 Size of the ——Number of new additions to the waiting list waiting list GP Referrals (Routine) - GP Referrals (Urgent) Total number of 3. Total size of the waiting list 4. Total number of patients on the waiting list by patients on the weeks wait as at May 2020 65,000 waiting list (all 2,500 stages) No. patients waiting 60,000 2,000 Shape of the 55,000 1.500 waiting list 1,000 Total number of 50,000 Aug-19 Sep-19 patients waiting by Oct-19 Nov-19 Dec-19 Jan-20 Feb-20 **Mar-20** Apr-20 May-20 Jul-19 500 weeks wait Total number of patients on the waiting list (SB Waiting time (weeks) UHB Total)

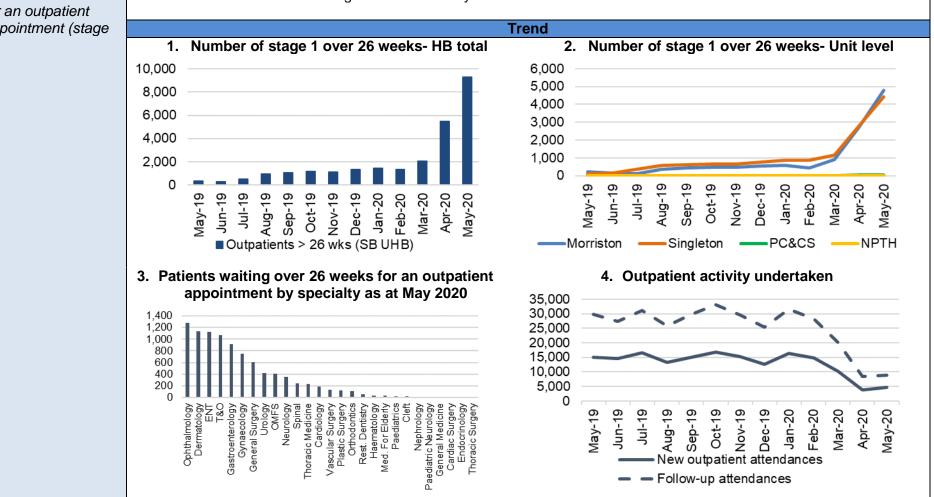
Description Current Performance

Outpatient waiting times

The number of patients waiting more than 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment (stage 1)

The number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a first outpatient appointment is a challenge. In May 2020, there were 9,300 patients waiting over 26 weeks compared with 5,499 in April 2020. Ophthalmology has the largest proportion of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment closely followed by Dermatology and ENT.

The number of outpatient attendances has significantly reduced since February 2020 due to COVID19, however the number of attendances saw a slight increase in May 2020.



Description Current Performance

Patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment

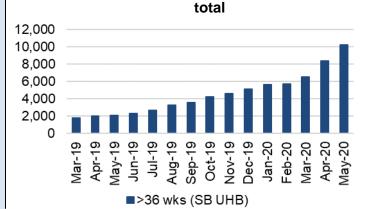
The number of patients waiting more than 36 weeks for treatment and the number of elective patients admitted for treatment

The number of patients waiting longer than 36 weeks from referral to treatment continues to be increase In May 2020 there were 10,247 patients waiting over 36 weeks compared with 8,355 in April 2020. 4,204 of the 10,247 patients in May 2020 were waiting over 52 weeks, this is an increase from 3,432 in April 2020. Orthopaedics/ Spinal accounted for 36% of the breaches, followed by Ophthalmology with 18%. Chart 3 below shows the shape of the 36 week waiting list and that there are now outpatients waiting over 36 weeks.

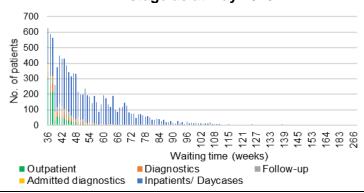
Trend

The number of patients receiving a procedure (and subsequently removed from the waiting list) significantly reduced between March and May 2020 which is resulting in the increase in waiting times.

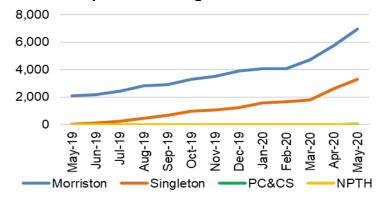
1. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- HB



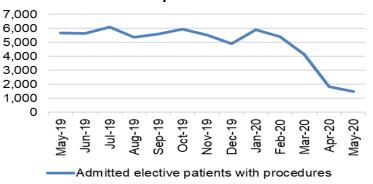
3. The shape of the waiting list over 36 weeks by stage as at May 2020



2. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- Unit level

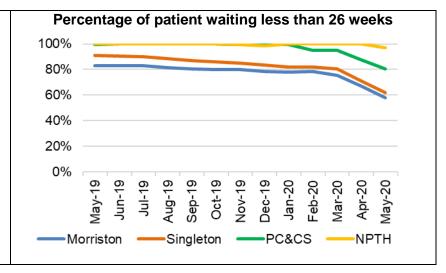


4. Number of elective admissions who received procedures



Total waiting times Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment

Throughout 2019/20 the overall percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment ranged between 80% and 88%. However, in May 2020 the percentage was 64.2%.



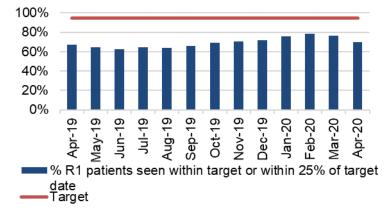
Ophthalmology waiting times

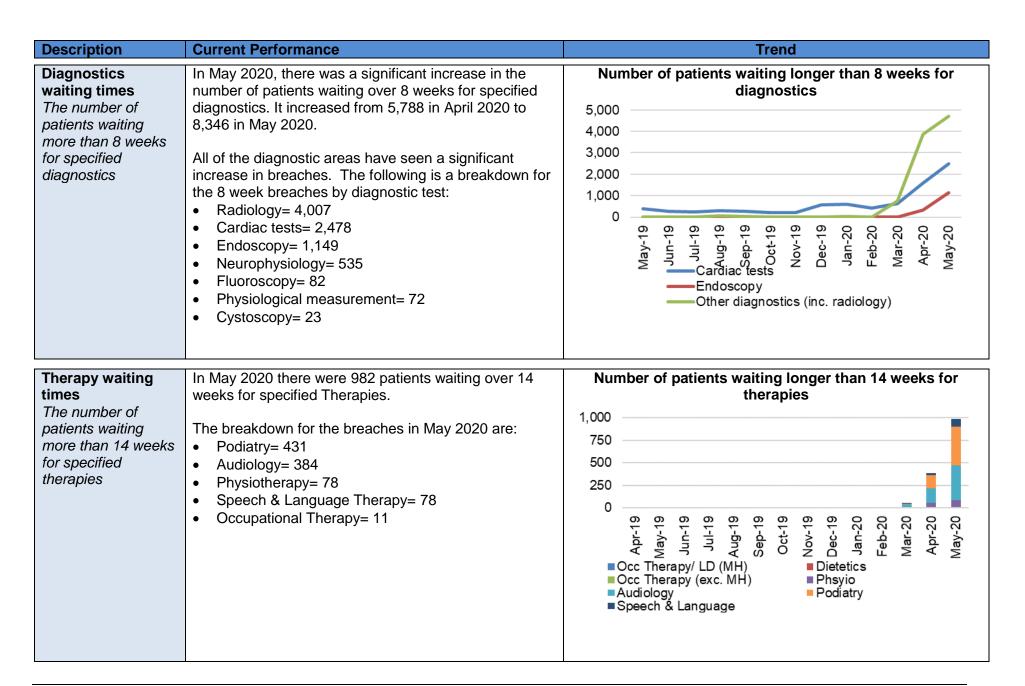
Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments

In April 2020 69.9% of ophthalmology R1 patients were waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% of the target date.

There was an upward trend in performance in 2019/20, however this has not been sustained so far in 2020/21.

Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments

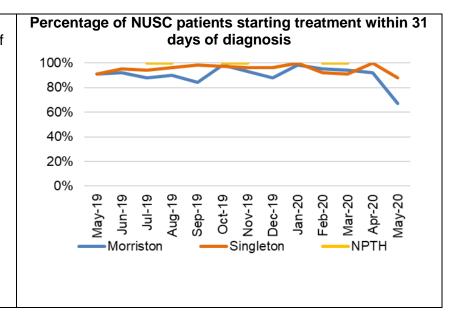




Cancer-NUSC waiting timesPercentage of patients newly diagnosed with cancer, not via urgent route that started definitive treatment within 31 days of diagnosis

May 2020 figures will be finalised on the 2nd July 2020. Draft figures indicate a possible achievement of 82% of patients starting treatment within 31 days. At the time of writing this report there are 9 breaches across the Health Board for May 2020:

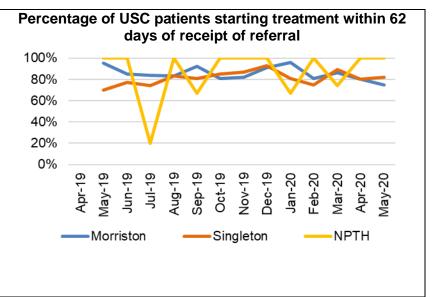
- Lower GI 5
- Upper GI − 2
- Breast 1
- Urology 1



Cancer- USC waiting timesPercentage of patients newly diagnosed with cancer, via the urgent suspected cancer route, that started definitive treatment within 62 days of receipt of referral

May 2020 figures will be finalised on the 2nd July 2020. Draft figures indicate a possible achievement of 86% of patients starting treatment within 62 days. At the time of writing this report there are7 breaches in total across the Health Board for May 2020:

- Lower GI − 2
- Breast 1
- Haematology 1
- Head & Neck 1
- Lung 1
- Urology 1



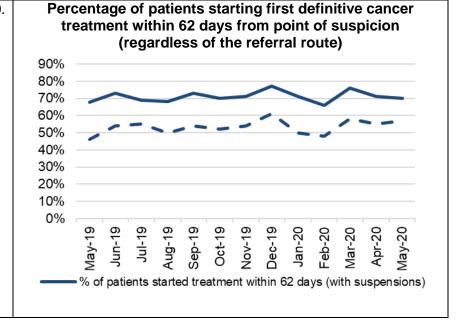
Description Current Performance Trend

Single Cancer Pathway

Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)

May 2020 figures will be finalised on the 2nd July 2020. Draft figures indicate a possible achievement of 70% of patients starting treatment within 62 days of the suspicion of cancer first being raised. At the time of writing this report 34 patients did not receive their treatment within the time frame.

Both adjusted and unadjusted waits are provided as per reporting requirements to WG.

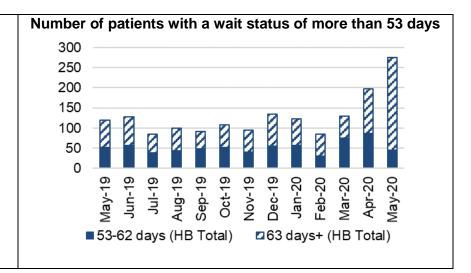


USC backlog

The number of patients with an active wait status of more than 53 days

End of May 2020 backlog by tumour site:

Tumour Site	53 - 62 days	63 >
Breast	2	0
Gynaecological	6	16
Haematological	0	2
Head and Neck	4	12
Lower GI	9	80
Lung	0	3
Other	13	72
Skin	4	11
Upper GI	1	13
Urological	6	21
Grand Total	45	230



Description	Current Performance	Trend
Doco. pt.o	- Carront i Criciniano	i i o i a

USC First Outpatient Appointments

The number of patients at first outpatient appointment stage by days waiting

Week to week through May 2020 the percentage of patients seen within 14 days to first appointment/ assessment ranged between 31% and 67%.

The number of patients waiting for a first outpatient appointment (by total days waiting) - End of May 2020

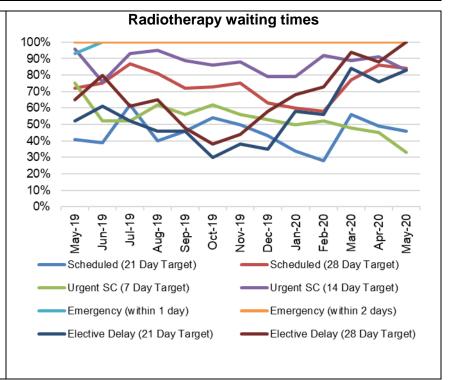
	≤10	11-20	21-30	>31	Total
Breast	16	2	1	0	19
Gynaecological	4	11	25	10	50
Haematological	0	0	0	0	0
Head&Neck	0	10	1	0	11
LGI	0	0	0	0	0
Lung	0	0	0	0	0
Other	1	0	0	0	0
Sarcoma	0	0	0	0	0
Skin	2	27	8	2	2
UGI	0	0	0	0	0
Urological	0	4	0	0	0
Total	23	54	35	12	124

Radiotherapy waiting times

The percentage of patients receiving radiotherapy treatment

Radiotherapy waiting times are challenging however the provision of emergency radiotherapy within 1 and 2 days has been maintained at 100% throughout the COVID19 outbreak.

Measure	Target	May-20
Scheduled (21 Day Target)	80%	46.0%
Scheduled (28 Day Target)	100%	84.0%
Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	80%	33.0%
Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	100%	83.0%
Emergency (within 1 day)	80%	100.0%
Emergency (within 2 days)	100%	100.0%
Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	80%	83.0%
Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	100%	100.0%



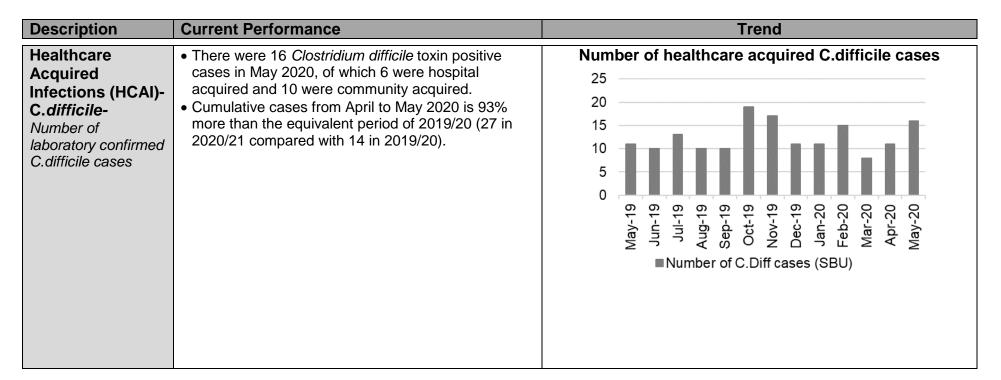
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Delayed follow-ups The number patients delayed past their target date for a follow-up	In May 2020 there was a total of 53,046 patients waiting for a follow-up past their target date. This is an 4% increase compared with April 2020 (from 51,028 to 53,046). Of the 53,046 delayed follow-ups in May 2020, 6,378 had appointment dates and 46,668 were still waiting for an appointment. In addition, 24,880 were waiting 100%+ over target date in May 2020. This is a 27% increase when compared with April 2020. In May 2020, the overall size of the follow-up waiting list reduced by 1.3% compared with April 2020 (from 123,082 to 121,434).	Delayed follow-ups: Planned Care specialties 20,000 15,000 10,000 5,000 0 61-lnn 0 61-lnn 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

6. QUALITY AND SAFETY INDICATORS

This section of the report provides further detail on key quality and safety measures.

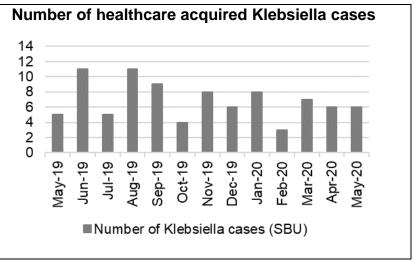
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI) - E.coli bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases	 14 cases of <i>E. coli</i> bacteraemia were identified in April 2020, of which 6 were hospital acquired and 8 were community acquired. Cumulative cases from April to May 2020 is 43% less than the equivalent period of 2019/20. 	Number of healthcare acquired E.coli bacteraemia cases 40 30 20 10 0 Mah-10 Mah
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- S.aureus bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed S.aureus bacteraemias (MRSA & MSSA) cases	 There were 6 cases of Staph. aureus bacteraemia in May 2020, of which 2 were hospital acquired and 4 were community acquired. Cumulative cases from April to May 2020 is 36% less than the equivalent period of 2019/20. 	Number of healthcare acquired S.aureus bacteraemia cases 20 18 16 14 12 10 Nov-19 Nav-20 May-20 May

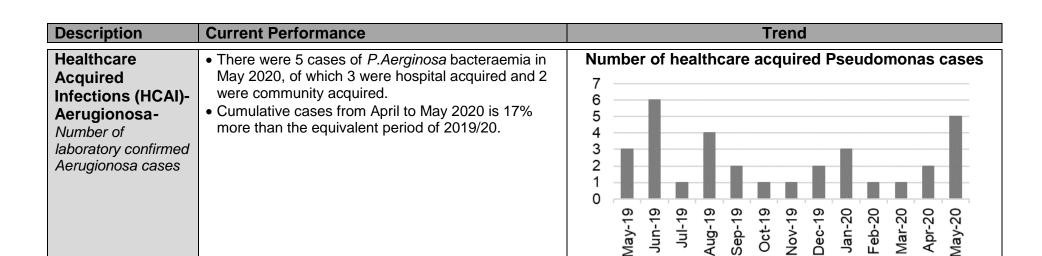
■Number of S.Aureus cases (SBU)





- There were 6 cases of Klebsiella sp in May 2020, of which 4 were hospital acquired and 2 were community acquired.
- Cumulative cases from April to May 2020 is 20% more than the equivalent period of 2019/20.

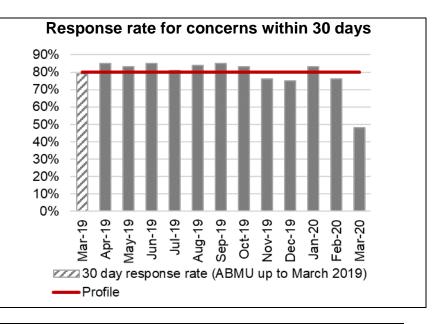






Percentage of concerns that have received a final reply or an interim reply up to and including 30 working days from the date the concern was first received by the organisation

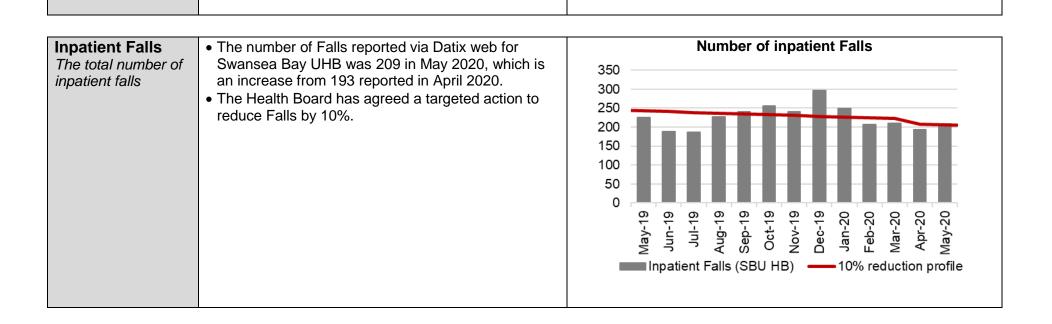
- The overall Health Board rate for responding to concerns within 30 working days was 48% in March 2020 against the Welsh Government target of 75% and Health Board target of 80%.
- Performance in March 2020 ranged from 40% in Morriston Delivery Unit to 100% in Neath Port Talbot Delivery Unit.



■Number of Pseudomonas cases (SBU)

Description Current Performance Trend Number of serious incidents and never events • The Health Board reported 6 Serious Incidents for Serious the month of May 2020 to Welsh Government. Incidents-30 Of the serious 25 • The last Never Event reported was on 13th January incidents due 20 for assurance, the 2020. 15 percentage which were assured 10 • In May 2020, performance against the 80% target of within the submitting closure forms within 60 working days was agreed timescales 28.5%. Of the 7 closure forms due to be submitted Aug-19 Sep-19 Oct-19 Dec-19 Jan-20 Feb-20 Apr-20 Jul-19 to Welsh Government in May 2020, only 2 were submitted on time (28.5%). The 2 closed forms were from Singleton Service Delivery Unit. The ■ Number of Serious Incidents ■ Number of never events following is a breakdown of the 5 forms that were not submitted within target. % of serious incidents closed within 60 days Missed Closures 100% Corporate IT = 190% Mental Health= 1 80% Singleton = 370% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Oct-19 Nov-19 Dec-19 Jan-20 Feb-20 Mar-20 Apr-20 May-20 Jul-19 % SI's assured (SB UHB) Profile

Description Current Performance Trend Total number of grade 3+ hospital and community acquired Number of • In April 2020, there were 47 cases of healthcare **Pressure Ulcers (PU)** acquired pressure ulcers, of which 34 where pressure ulcers community acquired and 13 were hospital acquired. Total number of grade 3, grade 4 and • The number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers in April 12 unstageable 2020 was 6, of which 4 were community acquired 10 pressure ulcers and 2 was hospital acquired. 8 developed in 6 hospital and in the 4 community



Aug-19

Sep-19

Oct-19

■Grade 3+ pressure ulcers (SBU HB)

Jan-20

Feb-20

Mar-20

Apr-20

Jul-19

7. WORKFORCE UPDATES AND ACTIONS

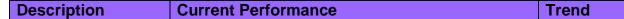
This section of the report provides further detail on key workforce measures.

Description	Current Performance								Tre	nd						
Staff sickness rates- Percentage of	Our in-month performance 7.03% in March 2020 to 6			% of full	tim		quiv sen		•	-	-			:0 S	ickne	ss
sickness absence rate of staff	 The 12-month rolling performance April 2020 increased from 9.92% in April 2020. The following table provid reasons by full time equivers. 	6.31% in Mar es the top 5 a	ch 2020 to	11% 10% 9% 8% 7% 6% 5%			-						<u> </u>	1	<u></u>	
	Absence Reason	FTE Days Lost	%	4% 3%												
	Anxiety/ stress/ depression/ other psychiatric illnesses	9,495.64	27.7%	1% 0%											0	
	Chest & respiratory problems	7,580.64	22.1%		Apr-1	/ay-1	Jun-19	Aug-1	Sep-1	Oct-19	Nov-1	Jan-2(-eb-2	Mar-2	Apr-2	
	Infectious diseases	5,375.61	15.7%													
	Other musculoskeletal problems	2,330.36	6.8%		_		% sick % sick						iing)			
	Other known causes - not elsewhere classified	1,659.45	4.8%													

8. FINANCE UPDATES

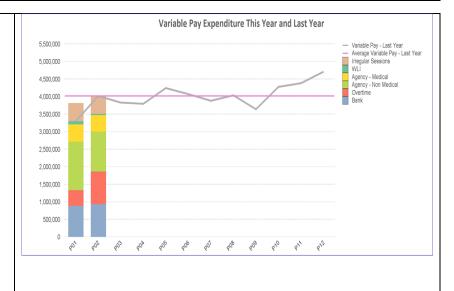
This section of the report provides further detail on key workforce measures.

Description	Current Performance	Trend
Revenue Financial Position – expenditure incurred against revenue resource limit	The reported revenue financial position for May 2020 is an in-month overspend of £10.233m, resulting in a cumulative overspend of £15.629m. The overspend is made up of three key elements: Operational overspend – the Health Board had a planned deficit forecast of £24.4m, which is £2.033m per month. The in-month operational position was £2.101m. Savings Delivery – the Health Board plan included the delivery of £23m of savings. The ability to progress the planned savings has been impacted by COVID-19. The impact in May is £1.480m. COVID-19 net cost impact – during May the Health Board incurred additional costs of COVID-19 of £8.709m which were partially offset by reduced expenditure particularly in planned care services and also slippage against planned investments and funding. This resulted in a net additional cost of COVID-19 of £6.652m.	HEALTH BOARD FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE 2020/21 12,000 10,000 8,000 6,652 4,000 1,749 1,480 2,118 2,101 Operational Position Savings Delivery Net COVID Impact



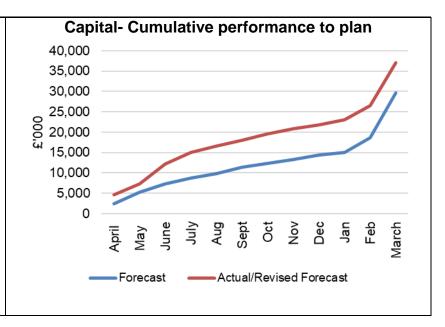
Workforce Spend – workforce expenditure profile

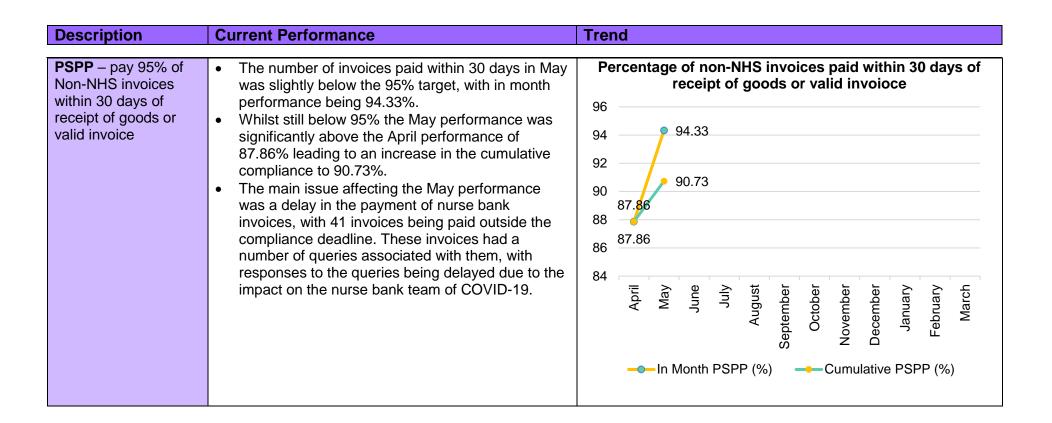
- The workforce costs increased by over £3m in May compared to April.
- Around £0.5m of this can be attributed bank holiday enhancement impacts.
- The remaining £2.5m is attributed to the COVID response, with these additional costs evenly distributed between additional staff recruitment including the use of students and the additional costs incurred for substantive staff through overtime and additional hours payments.



Capital Financial Position – expenditure incurred against capital resource limit

- The forecast outturn capital position for 2020/21 is an overspend of £7.487m.
- The forecast outturn includes latest estimates for COVID expenditure across our surge capacity, Field Hospitals and new ways of working, including home working.





APPENDIX 1: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

The following dashboard provides an overview of the Health Board's performance against all NHS Wales Delivery Framework measures and key local measures.

	AIM 1: People in Wales have improved health and well-being													, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Performance Trend	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20
ر 9	% of babies who are exclusively breastfed at 10 days old	National			Annual ↑															New mea 2020/21- av	
Childhood Immunisation & breastfeeding	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine by age 1	National	Q4 19/20	96%	95%					96%			96%			96%			96%		
Ch Immu breas	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	Q4 19/20	83%	95%			٠٠.		93%			93%			92%			83%		
	% of adult smokers who make a quit attempt via smoking cessation services	National	Jan-20	2.4%	5% annual target	4.2%	×		0.5%	0.8%	1.0%	1.3%	1.5%	1.7%	1.9%	2.1%	2.4%			i !	
	% of those smokers who are co-validated as quit at 4 weeks	National	Q2 19/20	55.3%	40% annual target	40.0%	✓			56%			55%							I I	
	European age standardised rate of alcohol attributed hospital admissions for individuals resident in Wales	National	Q2 19/20	425.9	4 quarter ↓					451.0			438.1] 				
Alcohol	% of people who have been referred to health board services who have completed treatment for alcohol abuse	National			4 quarter ↑															New mea 2020/21- av	
	% uptake of influenza among 65 year olds and over	National	Mar-20	68.0%	75%									49.3%	62.0%	66.2%	68.7%	68.0%	68.0%		
Ø	% uptake of influenza among under 65s in risk groups	National	Mar-20	43.4%	55%									14.7%	32.0%	39.2%	42.8%	43.4%	43.4%	D-4	
enz	% uptake of influenza among pregnant women	National	2018/19	86.1%	75%															Data collect Octobe	
Influ	% uptake of influenza among children 2 to 3 years old	National	Mar-20	50.3%										0.8%	24.0%	42.1%	48.2%	50.3%	50.3%] 	2020
_	% uptake of influenza among healthcare workers	National	Mar-20	58.7%	60%									42.0%	55.0%	56.0%	58.7%	58.7%	58.7%	Ī	
0	Uptake of screening for bowel cancer	National	2018/19	57.0%	60%						2018/19=	57.0% (dat	a relates to	ABMU, awa	iting disago	gregration of	f SBU data)				
Screening sevrices	Uptake of screening for breast cancer	National	2019	72.8%	70%						2019= 7	2.8% (data	relates to AE	BMU, awaiti	ng disaggre	egration of S	SBU data)				
30 111003	Uptake of screening for cervical cancer	National	2018/19	72.1%	80%						2018/19=	72.1% (dat	a relates to	ABMU, awa	iting disago	gregration of	f SBU data)				
Mental	% residents in receipt of secondary MH services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)	National	Apr-20	93%	90%	90%	4	~~~	89%	89%	88%	91%	92%	92%	92%	91%	93%	92%	91%	93%	
Health	% of people with dementia in Wales age 65 years or over who are diagnosed (registered on a GP QOF register)	National	2018/19	59.4%	Annual ↑								20								

QUADRUPL	E AIM 2: People in Wales have better quality and more access	ible health and s	social care se	rvices, enabled by	digital and sup	ported by eng	gagement														
Sub Domai	n Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Performance Trend	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20
Hepatitis (Number of patients with Hepatitis C who have successfully completed their course of treatment in the reporting year	National			HB target TBC															New mea 2020/21- aw	
	% of GP practices that have achieved all standards set out in the National Access Standards for in-hours GMS	National			100%															New mea 2020/21- aw	
/ Care	% of children regularly accessing NHS primary dental care within 24 hours	National			4 quarter ↑															New mea 2020/21- aw	
Primary	% 111 patients prioritised as P1CH that started their definitive clinical assessment within 1 hour of their initial call being answered	National	Jun-19	97%	90%				98%	97%	97%										
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	National	May-20	75%	65%	65%	>		74%	75%	71%	71%	67%	66%	59%	62%	67%	69%	69%	70%	75%
	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	May-20	20	0			~	647	721	594	632	778	827	821	868	848	704	462	61	20
Φ	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	May-20	125				~	1,933	2,381	1,574	1,751	2,432	2,778	3,212	3,361	3,545	2,247	1,623	209	125
dueld Car	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	May-20	83%	95%			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	76%	75%	75%	74%	71%	71%	73%	71%	72%	74%	73%	78%	83%
Unsche	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	May-20	97	0			$\nearrow \setminus$	602	644	642	740	939	890	927	1,018	1,038	783	557	131	97
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	National	Dec-19	83.6%	12 month ↑			$\sim\sim$	77.6%	86.0%	77.8%	82.4%	75.4%	95.6%	75.6%	83.6%					

QUADRUPLE	AIM 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessi	ble health and s	ocial care se	rvices, enabled by	digital and sup	ported by eng	agement														
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Performance Trend	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	National	May-20	75%	65%	65%	>	~~	74%	75%	71%	71%	67%	66%	59%	62%	67%	69%	69%	70%	75%
	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	May-20	20	0			~	647	721	594	632	778	827	821	868	848	704	462	61	20
Φ.	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	May-20	125				~	1,933	2,381	1,574	1,751	2,432	2,778	3,212	3,361	3,545	2,247	1,623	209	125
schedueld Car	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	May-20	83%	95%				76%	75%	75%	74%	71%	71%	73%	71%	72%	74%	73%	78%	83%
- L	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	May-20	97	0			$\nearrow $	602	644	642	740	939	890	927	1,018	1,038	783	557	131	97
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	National	Dec-19	83.6%	12 month ↑			$\sim \sim$	77.6%	86.0%	77.8%	82.4%	75.4%	95.6%	75.6%	83.6%					
	Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit (<4 hrs)	National	Feb-20	61.8%	56.3%	83%	×	~~	55%	57%	57%	42%	29%	55%	55%	39%	24%	62%			
	CT Scan (<1 hrs) (local	Local	Feb-20	38.2%		56%	×	~~	56%	52%	59%	48%	42%	47%	49%	44%	43%	38%			
	Assessed by a Stroke Specialist Consultant Physician (< 24 hrs)	National	Feb-20	97.1%	83.9%	95%	<	$\sim\sim$	93%	100%	98%	95%	95%	94%	98%	100%	90%	97%			
	Thrombolysis door to needle <= 45 mins	Local	Feb-20	0.0%	12 month ↑	40%	×	~~~	17%	0%	40%	27%	0%	0%	0%	20%	0%	0%			
Stroke	% compliance against the therapy target of an average of 16.1 minutes if speech and language therapist input per stroke patient	National	Feb-20	28.2%	12 month 个				47%	41%	48%	48%	50%	49%	45%	38%	33%	28%			
	% of stroke patients who receive a 6 month follow-up assessment	National	Q2 19/20	45%	Qtr on qtr ↑								45%								
	% of patients newly diagnosed with cancer, not via the urgent route, that started definitive treatment within (up to and including) 31 days of diagnosis (regardless of referral route)	National	May-20	82.0%	98%			\sim	91%	94%	91%	93%	91%	98%	95%	92%	99%	93%	87%	97%	82%
0	% of patients newly diagnosed with cancer, via the urgent suspected cancer route, that started definitive treatment within (up to and including) 62 days receipt of referral	National	May-20	86.0%	95%				80%	81%	76%	84%	86%	84%	86%	92%	86%	78%	73%	81%	86%
	% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (with adjustments)	National	May-20	70.0%	12 month 个			$\sim\sim$	67.8%	73.1%	69.0%	68.0%	73.0%	70.0%	71.0%	77.0%	71%	66%	76%	71%	70%
	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	Local	May-20	46.0%	80%		×	~~~	41.0%	39.0%	62.0%	40.0%	46.0%	54.0%	50.0%	43.0%	34.0%	28.0%	56.0%	49.0%	46.0%
	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	Local	May-20	84.0%	100%		×	~~	72.0%	75.0%	87.0%	81.0%	72.0%	73.0%	75.0%	63.0%	60.0%	58.0%	77.0%	86.0%	84.0%
iting	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	Local	May-20	33.0%	80%		ж	\	75.0%	52.0%	52.0%	62.0%	56.0%	62.0%	56.0%	53.0%	50.0%	52.0%	48.0%	45.0%	33.0%
ray waiting times	Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	Local	May-20	83.0%	100%		×		96.0%	76.0%	93.0%	95.0%	89.0%	86.0%	88.0%	79.0%	79.0%	92.0%	89.0%	91.0%	83.0%
	Emergency (within 1 day)	Local	May-20	100.0%	80% 100%		4	/	93.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0% 100.0%	100.0% 100.0%	100.0%
lioth	Emergency (within 2 days) Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	Local Local	May-20 May-20	100.0% 83.0%	80%		→	~ ~/	52.0%	61.0%	52.0%	46.0%	46.0%	30.0%	38.0%	35.0%	58.0%	56.0%	84.0%	76.0%	83.0%
Ø	Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	Local	May-20	100.0%	100%		y	~	65.0%	80.0%	61.0%	65.0%	48.0%	38.0%	44.0%	58.0%	68.0%	73.0%	94.0%	88.0%	100.0%
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified diagnostics	National	May-20	8,346	0		•	\sim	401	295	261	344	294	223	226	569	628	424	1,407	5,788	8,346
	Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified	National	May-20	982	0				0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	51	387	982
	therapy % of patients waiting < 26 weeks for treatment	National	May-20	64.2%	95%				88.1%	88.0%	87.8%	86.4%	85%	84%	84%	83%	82%	82%	80%	72%	64%
Б	Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient	Local	May-20	9,300	0				323	297	479	925	1,039	1,152	1,120	1,305	1,453	1,306	2,055	5,499	9,300
Ö	appointment Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment	National	May-20	10,247	0				2,104	2,318	2,690	3,263	3,565	4,256	4,587	5,141	5,623	5,729	6,509	8,355	10,247
Planned	The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient					404.540	9					134,363									
Plar	appointment The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients	National National	May-20 May-20	121,434 24,880	20% reduction by March 2021	121,518 17,649	*	~	136,216 25,703	137,057 26,545	135,400 24,398	25,758	132,054 23,537	131,471 21,778	130,648	131,263 20,579	131,090	128,674	125,708 18,258	123,082 19,538	121,434 24,880
	appointment who are delayed over 100% % of R1 ophthalmology patient pathways waiting within					17,043	~				-										24,000
	target date or within 25% beyond target date for an outpatient appointment	National	Apr-20	69.9%	95%			~/	64.3%	62.4%	64.4%	63.6%	65.7%	69.5%	70.8%	71.6%	75.9%	78.5%	76.2%	69.9%	
Self harm	Rate of hospital admissions with any mention of intentional self-harm of children and young people (aged 10-24 years)	National	2018/19	3.34	Annual ↓								2	018/19= 3.	34						

QUADRUPLE	AIM 2: People in Wales have better quality and more access	ible health and s	social care se	rvices, enabled by	digital and sup	ported by eng	agement														
Sub Domain		National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Performance Trend	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from	Local	Apr-20	100.0%		100%	J	VV \	100%	96%	100%	98%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%	100%	94%	100%	
	receipt of referral (Crisis) % Patients with Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD)	2000.	74.20	1001070		.0070	•	\	.0070	00,0	10070	0070	10070	10070	0070	10070	10070	10070	0.70	10070	
	receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	National	Apr-20	34.7%	80%	80%	×	~~	44%	41%	47%	39%	38%	38%	36%	36%	28%	35%	38%	35%	
	% Patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient	National	Apr-20	44.4%	80%	80%	×	\sim	0%	0%	0%	63%	98%	99%	77%	69%	87%	0%	67%	44%	
	appointment for Child and Adolescent Mental Health P-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by CAMHS		74.20	,	0070	0070	•	_/	0,0	0,0	0,0	3070	0070	0070	,	0070	0.70	0,0	0.70	, , ,	
CAMHS	undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	National	Mar-20	14%		80%	×		3%	3%	8%	12%	32%	63%	17%	4%	0%	0%	14%		
	P-CAMHS - % of therapeutic interventions started within 28	National	Mar-20	94%		80%	9		92%	93%	93%	89%	87%	100%	100%	100%	94%	100%	94%		
	days following assessment by LPMHSS S-CAMHS - % of Health Board residents in receipt of CAMHS						•	7							10070	10070		10070			
	to have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)	National	Apr-20	99.2%		90%	4		99%	98%	99%	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%	99%	99%	
	S-CAMHS - % of Routine Assessment by SCAMHS	Local	Apr-20	46.2%		80%	×	- /	75%	76%	59%	64%	98%	98%	82%	69%	87%	93%	75%	46%	
	undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral % of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to	2000.	74.20	10.270		0070	•		. 0 / 0	. 0 / 0	0070	0.70	0070	0070	0270	0070	0.70	0070	. 0 / 0	.0,0	
	and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral	National	Apr-20	99.0%	80%	80%	4		97%	97%	97%	98%	98%	98%	97%	98%	93%	97%	97%	99%	
	(over 18 years of age)		·					V													
	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS	National	Apr-20	97.0%	80%	80%	√	1	98%	100%	99%	93%	96%	97%	90%	92%	89%	94%	97%	97%	
ricalui	(over 18 years of age)	Ivalional	Αρι-20	37.076	0070	0070	•		30 /6	100 /8	3370	3370	30 /0	31 /6	3070	3270	0376	3470	31 /6	37 /0	
	% patients waiting < 26 weeks to start a psychological	National	Apr-20	93.4%	95%	95%	×		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	93%	
	therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	13	12 month ↓	27	-0	^	23	27	20	18	19	22	22	22	23	16	13		
DTOCs	Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	60	12 month ↓	50	×	~~ ^	67	70	61	69	69	76	61	53	52	69	60		
	Cumulative cases of E.coli bacteraemias per 100k pop	Ivational	May-20	40.9	<67	30	<u>~</u>	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	75.9	79.9	84.0	81.7	81.2	80.8	76.3	78.6	80.8	82.5	81.4	40.9	40.9
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Hospital)		Ividy 20	6	νοι		•	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$	7	7	14	9	5	10	5	12	15	15	8	6	6
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases (Community)		May-20	8				~~~	15	22	21	13	18	15	10	20	18	16	15	8	8
	Total number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases			14					22	29	35	22	23	25	15	32	33	31	23	14	14
	Cumulative cases of S.aureus bacteraemias per 100k pop		May-20	23.0	<20		×	·	37.2	36.3	40.8	37.5	34.9	35.6	35.4	35.2	35.6	34.8	34.2	31.5	23.0
	Number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases (Hospital)			2				~~~	8	6	8	4	3	11	8	7	6	6	4	4	2
	Number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases (Community)		May-20	4				^~~	3	5	9	3	5	2	3	4	7	2	5	6	4
	Total number of S.aureus bacteraemias cases			6					11	11	17	7	8	13	11	11	13	8	9	10	6
	Cumulative cases of C.difficile per 100k pop		May-20	40.0	<26		×		21.7	24.9	27.0	27.7	29.3	33.4	35.8	35.6	35.3	36.5	35.4	33.4	40.0
control	Number of C.difficile cases (Hospital)	National		6				~~~	8	6	9	5	8	13	13	7	6	11	5	9	6
	Number of C.difficile cases (Community)		May-20	10				~~~	3	4	4	5	2	6	4	4	5	4	3	2	10
ction	Total number of C.difficile cases			16				~~~	11	10	13	10	10	19	17	11	11	15	8	11	16
infe	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop		May-20	18.2					15.5	21.8	20.3	22.1	23.6	22.0	22.3	21.9	22.1	21.0	21.1	18.2	18.2
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)		May 20	4					4	7	1	8	7	4	4	4	7	2	4	1	4
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Community) Total number of Klebsiella cases		May-20	6				/ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	5	11	5	3 11	2	0 4	8	6	8	3	3	5 6	6
	Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop		May-20	12.1				~~~	9.3	12.5	10.0	10.4	9.8	8.8	8.1	7.9	8.0	7.6	7.2	6.1	12.1
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital)		Iviay-20	3				\sim	1	2	10.0	2	2	1	1	1.9	2	1.0	1.2	2	3
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Flospital) Number of Aeruginosa cases (Community)		May-20	2				/	2	4	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
	Total number of Aeruginosa cases		, 20	5				^^ ^	3	6	1	4	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	5
	Hand Hygiene Audits- compliance with WHO 5 moments	Local	May-20	99%		95%	√	~/	98%	97%	97%	96%	96%	97%	97%	96%	97%	93%	99%	98%	99%
	% indication for antibiotic documented on medication chart		Jan-20	90%		95%	×		87.0%		91.0%		87.0%		92.0%		90.0%				
	% stop or review date documented on medication chart		Jan-20	57%		95%	×		52.0%		54.0%		63.0%		51.0%		57.0%				
Audits	% of antibiotics prescribed on stickers		Jan-20	81%		95%	×		61.0%		81.0%		81.0%		86.0%		81.0%				
ial A	% appropriate antibiotic prescriptions choice	Local	Jan-20	97%		95%	4		98.0%		97.0%		96.0%		99.0%		97.0%				
icrob	% of patients receiving antibiotics for >7 days		Jan-20	12%		<20%	4		8.0%		11.0%		15.0%		10.0%		12.0%				
Antimicrobial	% of patients receiving surgical prophylaxis for > 24 hours		Jan-20	33%		<20%	×		6.0%		18.0%		40.0%		50.0%		33.0%				
⋖	% of patients receiving IV antibiotics > 72 hours	1	Jan-20	57%		<30%	×		35.0%		46.0%		41.0%		48.0%		57.0%				

QUADRUPLE	AIM 3: People in Wales have better quality and more access	ible health and	social care se	rvices, enabled by	digital and sup	ported by eng	gagement														
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Performance Trend	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20
	Average rating given by the public (age 16+) for the overall satisfaction with health services in Wales	National	2018/19	6.4	Annual ↑								:	2018/19= 6	.4						
ф	% of adults (age 16+) who reported that they were very satisfied or fairly satisfied about the care that they received at their GP/family doctor	National	2018/19	93.7%	Annual ↑								20)18/19= 93.	.7%						
t experienc	% of adults (age 16+) who reported that they were very satisfied or fairly satisfied about the care that they received at an NHS hospital (Local)	Local	2018/19	92.9%	Annual ↑								20)18/19= 92.	.9%						
Patient	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	May-20	247		12 month ↑	×	\sim	3,800	3,726	4,259	4,082	2,441	3,918	3,564	2,476	3,187	3,014	1,720	150	247
	% of who would recommend and highly recommend	Local	May-20	92%		90%	4	~~	96%	96%	96%	94%	95%	94%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	90%	92%
	% of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 out 10 on overall satisfaction	Local	May-20	100%		90%	4		81%	79%	77%	81%	85%	83%	83%	83%	86%	81%	90%	95%	100%
	Overall staff engagement score – scale score method	National	2018	3.81	Improvement				2018= 3.81												
	% of headcount by organisation who have had a PADR/medical appraisal in the previous 12 months (excluding doctors and dentists in training)	National	May-20	63%	85%	85%	×	~\^	70%	70%	71%	71%	71%	67%	69%	70%	72%	74%	72%	68%	63%
orce	% staff who undertook a performance appraisal who agreed it helped them improve how they do their job	National	2018	55%	Improvement									2018= 55%	6				· !		
Workfor	% compliance for all completed Level 1 competency with the Core Skills and Training Framework	National	May-20	80%	85%	85%	×		75%	75%	77%	78%	78%	79%	80%	80%	81%	82%	83%	82%	80%
	% workforce sickness and absent (12 month rolling)	National	Apr-20	9.92%	12 month ↓				6.00%	6.03%	6.01%	5.99%	5.98%	6.04%	6.05%	6.09%	6.15%	6.18%	6.31%	9.92%	
	% staff who would be happy with the standards of care provided by their organisation if a friend or relative needed treatment	National	2018	72%	Improvement				6.00% 6.03% 6.01% 5.99% 5.98% 6.04% 6.05% 6.09% 6.15% 6.18% 2018=72%												
δ	Number of new formal complaints received	Local	May-20	54		12 month ↓ trend	✓	\sim	95 118 138 114 110 159 137 87 142 113 83% 85% 81% 84% 85% 83% 76% 75% 83% 76%											37	54
Complaints	% concerns that had final reply (Reg 24)/interim reply (Reg 26) within 30 working days of concern received	National	Mar-20	48%	75%	80%	×		83%	85%	76%	48%									
Con	% of acknowledgements sent within 2 working days	Local	May-20	100%		100%	4		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

														SBU							
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Performance Trend	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20
	Of the serious incidents due for assurance, the % which were assured within the agreed timescales	National	May-20	29%	90%	80%	×	$\wedge \wedge$	12%	40%	60%	71%	20%	47%	55%	38%	28%	29%	30%	7%	29%
	Number of new Never Events	National	May-20	0	0	0	4		1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Risks	Number of risks with a score greater than 20	Local	May-20	101		12 month	×		66	75	81	88	103	104	105	109	111	114	108	109	101
ıts & F	Number of risks with a score greater than 16	Local	May-20	193		12 month	×		151	162	164	175	197	204	200	202	205	204	198	202	193
Incider	Number of Safeguarding Adult referrals relating to Health Board staff/ services	Local	Mar-20	8		Monitor		\sim	9	8	2	6	5	19	6	4	5	6	8	New meas	
	Number of Safeguarding Children Incidents	Local	May-20	4		Monitor		~~	10	6	7	6	3	5	13	8	13	7	3	5	4
	Number of pressure ulcers acquired in hospital		Apr-20	13		12 month	×	\ \	16	13	18	14	9	20	22	24	30	41	31	13	
	Number of pressure ulcers developed in the community		Apr-20	34		12 month	×	\sim	33	23	33	37	25	29	31	24	26	25	39	34	
Ulcers	Total number of pressure ulcers] [Apr-20	47		12 month	×	\\\	49	36	51	51	34	49	53	48	56	66	70	47	
ure U	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in hospital	Local	Apr-20	2		12 month	×	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	2	1	2	0	1	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	
Press	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in community] [Apr-20	4		12 month	4	$\overline{}$	6	6	7	8	8	2	8	3	5	8	8	4	
	Total number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers]	Apr-20	6		12 month ↓	✓	~~\\\^	8	7	9	8	9	4	10	5	7	11	9	6	
Inpatient Falls	Number of Inpatient Falls	Local	May-20	209		12 month ↓	×	\\\\\	226	189	186	227	241	255	240	297	249	207	210	193	209

						Annual								SBU							
Sub Domain		National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Performance Trend	May-19	Jun-19	Jul-19	Aug-19	Sep-19	Oct-19	Nov-19	Dec-19	Jan-20	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20
HAT	Number of potentially preventable hospital acquired thromboses (HAT)	National	Q2 19/20	0	4 quarter ↓				2	2		0									
NEWS	% patients with completed NEWS scores & appropriate responses actioned	Local	May-20	94%		98%	×	$\overline{}$	98.3%	95.8%	95.3%	96.8%	96.0%	94.5%	93.7%	96.4%	97.7%	95.17%	91.9%	92.0%	93.9%
	Number of Health and Care Research Wales clinical research portfolio studies		Q4 19/20	102	10% annual ↑	102	4			27			57			84			102		•
c b	Number of Health and Care Research Wales commercially sponsored studies	1	Q4 19/20	36	5% annual ↑	37	×			5			26			31			36		
sear	Number of patients recruited in Health and Care Research Wales clinical research portfolio studies	National	Q4 19/20	1,505	10% annual ↑	2,081	×			491			618			1,109			1,505		
~	Number of patients recruited in Health and Care Research Wales commercially sponsored studies		Q4 19/20	205	5% annual ↑	138	✓			86			93			179			205		
	% of universal mortality reviews (UMRs) undertaken within 28 days of a death	Local	Apr-20	98%	95%	95%	4	~~~	97.8%	99.4%	98.6%	100.0%	100.0%	95.9%	100.0%	98.5%	98.4%	100.0%	95.7%	98.4%	
	Stage 2 mortality reviews required	Local	Apr-20	10				-	13	13	13	9	9	17	9	15	16	8	9	10	
Mortality	% stage 2 mortality reviews completed	Local	Feb-20	44%		100%	×	~~~	84.6%	92.9%	71.4%	60.0%	89.0%	64.7%	78.0%	67.0%	75.0%	44.4%			
,	Crude hospital mortality rate (74 years of age or less)	National	Apr-20	0.80%	12 month ↓				0.75%	0.75%	0.76%	0.76%	0.77%	0.77%	0.78%	0.79%	0.71%	0.72%	0.75%	0.80%	
	% of deaths scrutinised by a medical examiner	National			Qtr on qtr ↑								<u>'</u>	•	'	,	'		'	New mea 2020/21- aw	
Treatment Fund	All new medicines must be made available no later than 2 months after NICE and AWMSG appraisals	National	Q3 19/20	98.6%	100%	100%	×			98.5%			98.5%			98.6%					
	Total antibacterial items per 1,000 STAR-PUs	National	Q3 19/20	336.5	4 quarter ↓					294.0			279.1			336.5					
	Patients aged 65 years or over prescribed an antipsychotic	National	Q3 19/20	1,474	qtr on qtr ↓			; .		1,433			1,470			1,474					
	Number of women of child bearing age prescribed valproate as a % of all women of child bearing age	National			Quarter on quarter ↓			•					ı	l						New mea 2020/21- aw	
scribing	Opioid average daily quantities per 1,000 patients	National	Q3 19/20	4,409	4 quarter ↓			٠ .		4,451			4,486			4,409				2020/21 41	
	Biosimilar medicines prescribed as % of total 'reference' product plus biosimilar	National	Q2 19/20	80.0%	Quarter on quarter ↑			•					80.0%								
	Fluroquinolone, cephalosoporin, clindamycin and co- amoxiclav items per 1,000 patients	Local	Q3 19/20	13.6	4 quarter ↓					13.9			13.3			13.6					
Primary Care	% adult dental patients in the health board population re- attending NHS primary dental care between 6 and 9 months	National	Q3 19/20	32.1%	4 quarter ↓					32.2%			32.2%			32.1%					
Critical Care	% critical care bed days lost to delayed transfer of care	National	Q3 19/20	21.3%	Quarter on quarter √					31.3%						21.3%					
•	Number of procedures postponed either on the day or the day before for specified non-clinical reasons	National	Jan-20	3,354	> 5% annual						3,288	3,174			3,308	3,313	3,354				
Agency spend	Agency spend as a % of the total pay bill	National			HB target TBC															New mea 2020/21- aw	
_	% of episodes clinically coded within 1 month of discharge	Local	Apr-20	94%	95%	95%	×		96%	96%	96%	96%	96%	96%	93%	95%	96%	95%	94%	94%	y and
Coding	% of clinical coding accuracy attained in the NWIS national clinical coding accuracy audit programme	National	2019/20	91%	Annual ↑								20)19/20= 91.	.4%		•				
E-TOC	% of completed discharge summaries (total signed and sent)	Local	May-20	63%		100%	×	\	68.0%	69.0%	64.0%	63.0%	61.0%	63.0%	63.0%	65.0%	66.0%	67.0%	68%	61%	63%
	% of patients who did not attend a new outpatient appointment	Local	May-20	3.7%	12 month ↓			~~	6.7%	6.2%	6.5%	6.6%	6.5%	6.6%	6.7%	7.4%	6.5%	6.0%	5.6%	4.8%	3.7%
DNAs	% of patients who did not attend a follow-up outpatient appointment	Local	May-20	3.4%	12 month ↓			~~~	7.6%	7.4%	7.9%	7.5%	8.0%	7.9%	7.5%	8.0%	7.7%	6.9%	6.5%	4.4%	3.4%
Thester	Theatre Utilisation rates	Local	May-20	11.0%		90%		~~~	69%	72%	66%	56%	67%	69%	70%	56%	63%	66%	35%	6%	11%
Theatre Efficiencies	% of theatre sessions starting late	Local	May-20	42.6%		<25%		~~~	43%	44%	42%	38%	43%	42%	51%	46%	44%	43%	38%	45%	43%
	% of theatre sessions finishing early	Local	May-20	45.0%		<20%		\sim	42%	39%	40%	38%	43%	38%	41%	43%	41%	42%	40%	43%	45%