

Meeting Date	02 February	2023	Agenda Item	3.1
Report Title		on on Mental Ca		
	Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) and proposed			
		iberty Protection Safeguards (LPS) for Quarter 3, october to December 2022		
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Report Sponsor		lls, Executive Dir		3
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Information				
Purpose of the	•	update and ass		
Report		of Deprivation of		
		update and prop	oosed new Libe	πy
	Protection Safeguards (LPS).			
Key Issues				
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	Update on Welsh Government funding for			
	DoLS/MCA training and DoLS breaches			
	 Update on proposed new LPS 			
	 Inclusion of overall staff DoLS and MCA training 			
	compliance			
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	Risk rating update			
Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval
Required			×	
(please choose one				
only)				
Recommendations	Members are	asked to:		

- Note the performance data for Quarter 3 October to December 2022 together with cumulative information for year to-date.
- 2. Note that there is a further delay on the implementation date for LPS. Suggested proposed time scale is likely to be April 2024.
- 3. Note the work relating to the DoLS backlog and LPS training utilising funds from Welsh Government.
- 4. Note the Risk Rating

Update position on Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards and MCA

1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on Quarter 3 in relation to Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards.

2. BACKGROUND

The Mental Capacity Act, Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards provides a legal framework to protect vulnerable adults, who may become, or are being deprived of their liberty in a care home or hospital setting. These safeguards are for people who lack capacity to decide where they need to reside to receive treatment and/or care and need to be deprived of their liberty, in their best interests, other than under the Mental Health Act 1983 (MCA Code of Practice). The safeguards came into force in Wales and England on the 1st April 2009.

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) came into force in October 2007, SBU HB supports a significant number of patients with impaired decision-making, therefore this report aims to provide assurance of awareness and the use of MCA throughout the Health Board, via training and the use of the Independent Mental Capacity Advocacy Service (IMCAs). The Mental Capacity Amendment act received royal assent on the 16th May 2019, introducing the new Liberty Protection Safeguards to replace the Deprivation of Liberty Scheme. The Draft COP (code of practice) and Draft regulation for LPS and the MCACOP were published on the 17th March 2022 for 16-week consultation date. SBUHB response as well as a regional response was submitted 14th July 2022.

The Proposed date for implementation of LPS has changed on a number of occasions it is now proposed that full implementation will be in April 2024.

3. PERFORMANCE, GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

Referrals

Referrals received	October	November	December	Total
Urgent Standard Review	46 20 1	49 8 5	43 10 2	138 38 8
Breaches from previous months	13	14	7	34

Status	October	November	December	Total
Granted	24	14	11	49
Not granted (regained capacity)	0	0	0	0
Not granted (discharged)	23	23	12	48
Not granted (RIP)	7	4	4	15
Not Granted (sectioned)	6	6	4	16
Ongoing*	5	10	9	24

Please note – the numbers will not correlate each month as there is a rolling backlog each month, in this case, there were 27 cases carried over into January 2023.

*Ongoing – awaiting assessments from BIAs (best interest assessors) - 26

Awaiting allocation to BIA - 20

Breaches

Breaches are recorded in accordance with Welsh Government guidance;

- Standard Authorisation: 21 days from allocation to the second assessor until sign off by the Supervisory Body.
- Urgent Authorisations: 7 days from the date the Managing Authority sign the form to allocation and sign off by the Supervisory Body.

It is important to note that figures for activity in each quarter will not corrolate as some assessments would have been received in the previous quarter, while some assessments whilst allocated will not be authorised until following quarter.

If the Heath Board is unable to undertake timely completion of DoLS authorisations the Health Board will be in breach of the legislation and claims may be persued as a result. This is noted both on the Corporate Risk Register and the PCT Group Risk Register with a score of 15 and included below

	Breaches carried over & Longest breach time	Referrals received	Assessments granted/not granted	Breaches
October	8 August	67	Granted Not Granted	24 granted 8 breaches 40 not granted

November	6	62	Granted	26 granted
	August			5 breaches
			Not Granted	75 not granted
December	8	55	Granted	18 granted
	September			8 breaches
	-		Not Granted	56 not granted

Please note, the longest breaches are associated with the backlog of assessments that the external BIA's are completing. Whilst there are a significant number breaching, it is important to note that the number of breaches are reducing month on month and there is a focus on reducing the length of time of breach. The HB (health board) have procured 250 assessments from an independent agency, the performance by the company has been poor and as a result, performance management meetings are in place to improve timescales for completion and have agreement over the number of assessments expected each month.

Approximately 67 referrals are received on a monthly basis. The external provider has been set a target of 35 assessments each month (on average 26 are completed per month). On the basis of accrued assessments, the funding will be sufficient until the end of March 2023. The additional 30 cases per month will be undertaken by the substantive HB BIA and independent BIAs.

Although the number of breaches have reduced considerably to 27 by end of Q3, most breaches are due to a continuing lack of BIA Assessors – both internal and external, along with the fact that 75% of all referrals received for Q3 were for urgent authorisations and the timescale to complete those specific authorisations is challenging.

Current DoLS Workforce

- 1 WTE (whole time equivalent) Team Leader/Best Interest Assessor band 7
- 1 WTE Best Interest Assessor band 6
- 1 WTE Administrator band 4
- External Best Interest Assessors commissioned at a standard rate per assessment £120. Number of BIA's undertaking assessments has reduced dramatically possibily due to recruiting agencies offering a higher remuneration reward. A paper is going to PCT (primary, community, therapies) Group Board to increase BIA payments to £250 that aligns more favourably with other areas, which will hopefully increase numbers of available BIAs. This will further mitigate the HB risk.

Funding

The Health Board received additional funding from WG (Welsh Governmen) in 2021 to address the DoLS backlog (£232,917) and to support training delivery (£94,813).

Additional Welsh Government funding 2022/23 agreed;

- Phase 1 £102,000
- Phase 2 £152,000
- £292,000 for additional IMCA services.

This funding will be used to support:

- Development of data capacity
- Additional DoLS backlog work
- Additional advocacy arrangements
- Additional training needs identified through development of local workforce and training plan

Action Plan

Funding for phase 1 & 2 has now been transferred over to Corporate Nursing to assist in the implementation of LPS. Welsh Government money has been utilised to fund the following roles to assist with the DoLS backlog and to support with the implementation of LPS.

- Best Interest Assessors band 6 WTE x2 (substantive positions). Interviews arranged for 23.01.2023. The 2 BIA's will be managed by the DoLS team.
- Business Administrative Manager band 5 WTE (fixed term 18 months) to manage the implementation for LPS training.
- Clinical Nurse Educator band 6 x1 (0.6 WTE fixed term contract 18 months) to support training delivery.
- Task & Finish Group meetings, chaired by Gareth Howells are to commence January 2023 to look at the transition plan from DoLS to LPS.

DoLS Training

DoLS training delivery continues via virtual platforms, and incorporates links between theory and practice in an aim to increase staff confidence and improve standards in practice.

Swansea University Health Law Department has developed and recorded a webinar to provide training on the application of DoLS for 16 and 17 year olds. This webinar can be accessed at any time and provides an additional resource for staff who may be involved with young people as part of their role. This training has been promoted via the Health Board intranet and can be accessed either through the Corporate Safeguarding SharePoint or the DoLS/MCA page.

Staff attendance at DoLS Training is demonstrated in the Tables below.

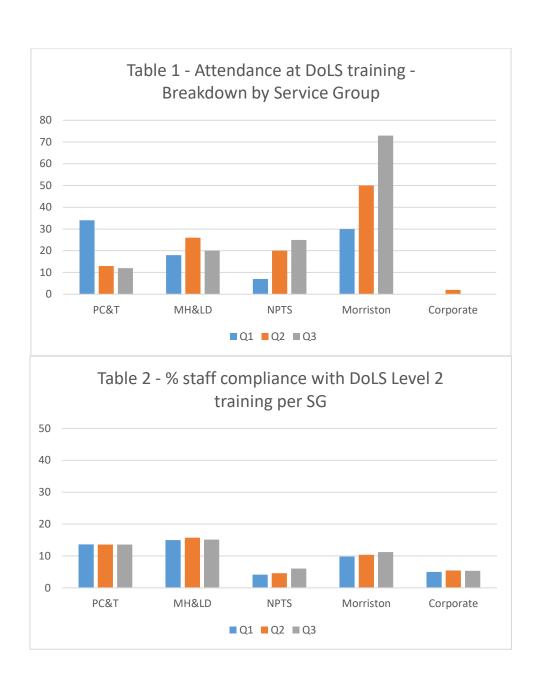


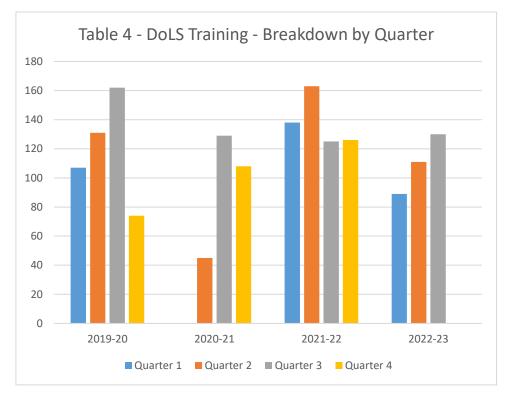
Table 3 - DoLS Level 2 Total HB compliance

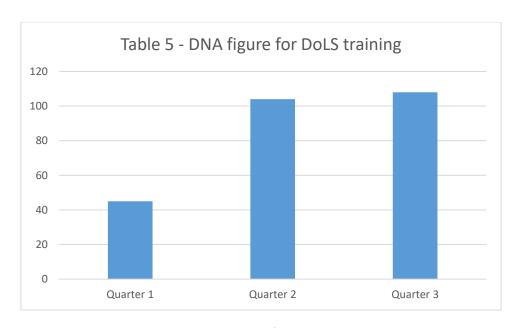
	Q1	Q2	Q3
Total HB	7.9%	8.35%	8.9%
compliance			

The above tables demonstrate a breakdown of staff attendances at DoLS training to the end of Quarter 3. A total of 10 DoLS Level 2 training sessions have been delivered by Swansea University Law lecturers in Quarters 1, 2 and 3. 328 Health Board Staff have attended this training (Table 1). Staff compliance as recorded by Service Group on ESR (electronic staff record) is demonstrated in Table 2. The overall Health Board staff compliance with Level 2 DoLS training is demonstrated in Table 3. Staff compliance across all Service Groups is low, however it must be noted that the

compliance will be calculated using all Health Board staff rather than as a percentage of staff required to hold the competency. Therefore, ESR cannot provide an accurate measure of staff compliance.

Attendance in Quarter 3 has improved across all Service Groups, to similar levels as previous years (Table 4), although it is important to note that non-attendance has also increased with a 108 staff not attending the session they were booked for in Quarter 3 (Table 5). Also to note, during Quarter 3 DoLS training was provided as part of Nurse Induction, with an additional 104 staff attending those sessions. As these attendances are not recorded by Service Group they are not included in Table 1 but will be included in compliance recorded via ESR as per Tables 2 and 3.



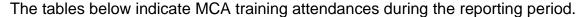


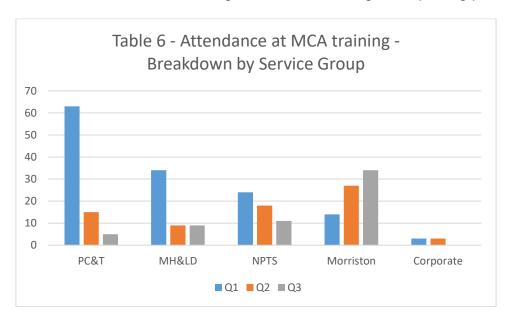
MCA Training

MCA Level 1 & 2 training is delivered as e-learning packages for all SBUHB staff. MCA Level 3 training is directed at ward managers, senior nurses and senior clinicians. MCA Level 3 training continues to be delivered remotely via Microsoft Teams.

In addition to formal training, learning from Safeguarding cases, including MCA/DoLS, is disseminated widely across the Health Board. As with DoLS, MCA support continues to be provided by the BIAs.

In preparation for the introduction of Liberty Protection Safeguards, additional funding for specialist training has been received from Welsh Government. For the period June to December 2022, 4 MCA Principles and 4 MCA Essentials of Mental Capacity Assessments virtual training sessions have been arranged by Swansea University Law lecturers. The MCA Principles session sets out the aim and purpose of the Mental Capacity Act 2005, with particular emphasis on the application of the principles set out in section 1 to practice. MCA Essentials of Mental Capacity Assessment training introduces staff to the essential evidence which will enable them to undertake Mental Capacity Assessments in the course of their practice.





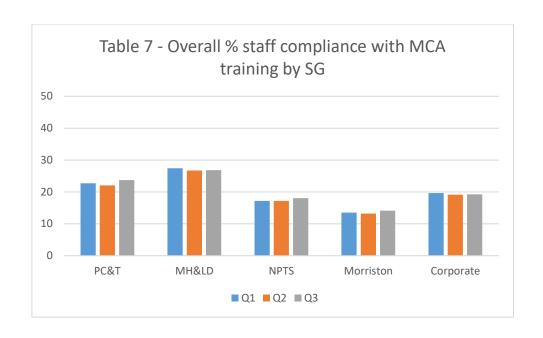
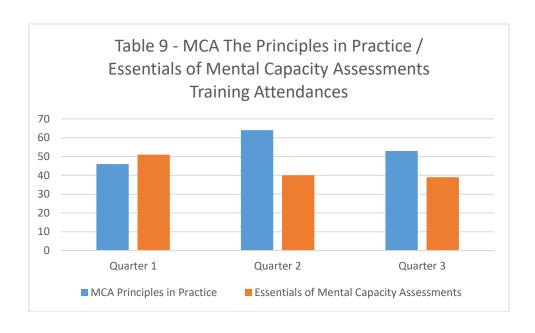


Table 8 MCA Level 2 & 3 Total HB staff compliance

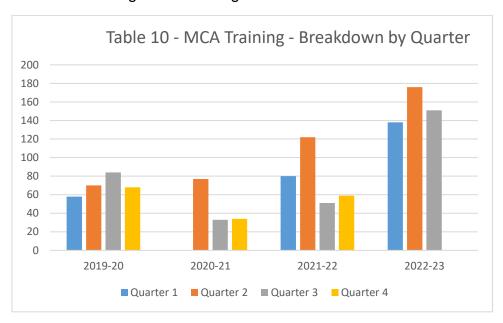
	Q1	Q2	Q3
MCA Level 2	8.39%	8.2%	8.22%
MCA Level 3	15.66%	15.48%	16.25%



10 virtual MCA Level 3 training sessions have been delivered in Quarters 1, 2 and 3, with 269 Health Board staff attending the training (Table 6). Staff compliance per Service Group is low, however as advised ESR cannot provide an accurate compliance percentage as it does not allow for staff groups not required to hold the competency (Tables 7 and 8). 153 staff attended MCA Principles and 130 staff attended Essentials of Mental Capacity Assessments to date (Table 9). Table 10 Mental Health Legislation Committee – Thursday, 2nd February 2023

shows a comparison of training data for 2019/20, 2020/21, 2021/22 and 2022/23 across each Quarter.

MCA Training compliance is identified as an area that requires prioritising across all Service Groups and Health Boards in Wales, and it has been recommended nationally that MCA training is given priority. In 2022/23 there has been an improvement in numbers of staff attending MCA Training across all three Quarters.

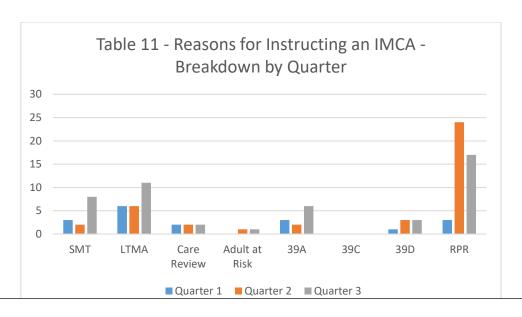


MCA training is imperative to underpinning the preparation for the transition to Liberty Protection Safeguards (LPS). To ensure LPS implementation remains a priority for the Health Board the Corporate Safeguarding Team continue to raise Safeguarding training compliance during the completion of Ward/Department Safeguarding Assurance Audits across all Service Groups. Safeguarding Training compliance is also reported by the Service Groups in their Performance Reports to Safeguarding Committee. There has been an increase in staff attendance at MCA training.

INDEPENDENT MENTAL CAPACITY ADVOCATES (IMCAs)

The Independent Mental Capacity Advocate (IMCA) service is a statutory service implemented in Wales 1st October 2007. IMCAs are independent advocates who represent people who lack capacity, in order to support them in making important decisions, which must comply with the MCA 2005. An IMCA must be appointed for anyone aged 16 or over who has been deemed as lacking capacity and are unfriended; they can also be appointed for Care Reviews or Adult Protection cases.

Mental Health Matters Wales provides the IMCA service for the Health Board and quarterly monitoring reports are provided. The below table indicates the number of new IMCA instructions from the Health Board during Quarters 1, 2 and 3 together with the reasons for instruction.



Key

SMT = Serious Medical Treatment

LTMA = Long Term Move of Accommodation

39A = Where a request has been made for a Standard Authorisation, the 39A IMCA's role is to represent the person in the assessments to be carried out.

39C = Role can be understood as covering gaps in the appointments of relevant person's representatives. The role ends when another relevant person's representative is appointed.

39D = Only available when a standard authorisation is in place and the person has an unpaid relevant person's representative. Both the person who is deprived of liberty under a standard authorisation and their unpaid representative (RPR) have a statutory right of access to an IMCA.

RPR = Paid Relevant Person Representative where the assessors have not identified someone to represent the person.

Members will note an increase in RPR requests in Q2, analysis has not identified a specific reason for this and is due to the nature of the individual and their circumstances.

The advocates are continuing to carry out their role using technology, in combination with meeting patients face-to-face where able. The IMCA quarterly monitoring reports continue to be shared via the Safequarding Committee and include case scenarios.

Mental Capacity Act

MA compliance: Evidence of inconsistent understanding and implementation of MCA/DoLS across the service areas, observations are that compliance and application is significantly better where ward leads have an interest in MCA/DoLS and have attended training or are BIA trained. In other areas there is a clear deficit where frontline staff are not confident or are lacking the skills and knowledge in undertaking mental capacity assessments and completing best interest meetings. This is a concern particularly for the future in relation to LPS as there is likely to be greater responsibilities on MA's when LPS is implemented.

<u>Breaches</u> – The actions taken to reduce breaches include encouraging MAs to submit a Form 1a (providing a further 7-day extension) after an urgent request is received by the Supervisory Body.

Theme: There is a common misunderstanding that a patient has to have a DoLS authorisation in order for MAs to access additional support (1:1) or access support

from onsite security services. This triggers inappropriate referrals and evidences the lack of knowledge and application of the use of the MCA without the need for DoLS. This issue has been addressed by providing staff and security services with additional training.

Ongoing Identified Risks

COVID-19

There have been no adjustments to Mental Capacity Act and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards Legislative responsibilities during COVID pandemic, any deprivation of liberty needs to be authorised. There are ongoing risks to the Health Board in relation to compliance with legislation:

- Lack of availability of BIA's to undertake the assessments. Currently the health board are relying on BIAs from a number of sources due to paucity of substantive BIA's in post. DoLS assessments are being undertaken by an External Provider, external BIA and BIA's within the health board.
- There is a back log of cases awaiting assessment with 27 outstanding assessments, this is due to COVID restrictions, reduced footfall on the ward areas and limited BIA availability.

Mitigation for Covid restrictions:

- BIAs have been undertaking both remote and face-to-face assessments on the acute sites.
- A telephone triage and support service is available Monday to Friday 8am to 5pm.
- BIAs will work with staff in the acute settings to ensure robust care plans are in place to manage DoLS.
- For patients with existing DoLS the review will be undertaken remotely where possible and the previous Section 12 Doctors report will be used.
- Admin support is still available.
- BIAs have been supporting acute staff with complex cases and to ensure patients are not delayed in hospital for concerns related to best interest decisions.

In addition:

- As part of triage BIAs have put in place 'traffic light' prioritisation for transparency and consistency.
- All local guidance has been updated in line with government's updated guidance and widely circulated to relevant staff.

High Risk

• The newly appointed BIA commenced 1st August 2022. However due to only 1 WTE BIA within the team, the DoLS team are heavily reliant on assessment's being undertaken by external BIA's.

Risk

Reference number HBR 43

ID 1514

Datix ID Number: 1514	HBR Ref Number: 43
Health & Care Standard: Safe Care 2.1 Managing Risk	Risk Target Date: 30th September 2022
& Promoting Health & Safety	Current Risk Rating 3 x 5 = 15
Objective : Best Value Outcomes from High Quality Care	Director Lead: Gareth Howells, Executive Director of Nursing
	Assuring Committee: Quality and Safety Committee
Risk: Due to a lack of Best Interest Assessor resource,	Date last reviewed: January 2023
there is a risk of failure to complete and authorise the	Rationale for current score:
assessments associated with Deprivation of	Although processes have been planned in order to reduce
Liberty/Liberty Protection Safeguards within the legally	the breach position they have yet to be fully implemented.
required timescales, exposing the health board to	The impact is yet to be realised.
potential legal challenge and reputational damage.	The position will be reviewed next month.
Risk Rating	
(consequence x likelihood):	
Initial: 4 x 4 = 16	
Current: 3 x 5 = 15	
Target: 3 x 2 = 6	
Level of Control	Rationale for target score:
= 40%	Consequences of DoLS breaches for the Health Board
	will not change. With controls in place, over time
	likelihood should decrease.



Liberty Protection Standards (LPS)

There has been no further update on the implementation date for Liberty Protection Safeguards. The consultation is now complete and the Code of Practice is in the process of review by West Minster Government and the regulations by Welsh Government. Completion of this is anticipated to be later this year and a 6-month period will be required following this to manage the legislatory processes. Any implementation date is now likely to be early 2024, but the expectation is still that all Health Boards will be LPS ready once the date is announced.

Work is well advanced in procuring providers to develop the all Wales training package and the Health Board has provided representation to this. It is

anticipated that the training will be launched prior to the implementation date to support staff with the changes required in practice and the Health Board will be required to implement this.

The Health Board's strategic lead for Occupational Therapy sits on the All Wales LPS Implementation Steering Group and meetings are once again in progress. Representatives from the DoLS Team and the Head of Nursing for LPS attend the NHS Wales Network Task & Finish Groups and dedicated work streams that feed into the Welsh Government National Steering Implementation Group. Regional groups with Health Board and Local Authority representation are meeting regularly to support developments required and prepare for the implementation of LPS.

Annual Monitoring Report 2020-21

The annual monitoring report of Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW) and Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW), on the implementation of Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) in Wales covering the period April 2020 until the end of March 2021 has been received and accepted in the Health Board.

The key highlights were:

- SBU had the greatest proportion of standard applications taking over 28 days to process (74%) (The next nearest was 67%)
- SBU had the greatest proportion of urgent applications taking over 28 days to process (76%) (The next nearest was 72%)
- SBU processed the greatest proportion of applications with duration of over 3 months (62%) (The next nearest was 59%). It was highlighted in Q4 report that SBUHB has 7 long stay assessment units (Cefn Coed Hospital, Tonna Hospital and Neuro Rehab Unit) which accounted for 92.5% of applications with a duration of over 3 months due to residing in a long stay assessment unit.

Actions progressing as a result of the report and from Q4 report include:

- External company retained to support ongoing back log issues
- Ongoing work to identify required workforce for LPS
- Additional training for MCA/DoLS being provided to relevant professionals in anticipation for LPS.
- Learning from other Health Boards for the management of DOLs and their prep for LPS being considered.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Members are requested to:

1. Note the performance data for Quarter 3 – October to December 2022 together with cumulative information for year to-date.

- 2. Note that there is a further delay on the implementation date for LPS. Suggested proposed time scale is likely to be April 2024.
- 3. Note the work relating to the DoLS backlog and LPS training utilising funds from Welsh Government.
- 4. Note the Risk Rating

Governance ar	nd Assurance	
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively	promoting and
Enabling	empowering people to live well in resilient communities	
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	
(please choose)	Co-Production and Health Literacy	
	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing	
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care service	es achieving the
	outcomes that matter most to people	T
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	
	Partnerships for Care	
	Excellent Staff	
	Digitally Enabled Care	
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	
Health and Car		
(please choose)	Staying Healthy	
	Safe Care	\boxtimes
	Effective Care	
	Dignified Care	
	Timely Care	
	Individual Care	×
	Staff and Resources	
Quality, Safety	and Patient Experience	
	ts the importance of safe and timely assessment	
Financial Impli		
	s the current financial challenges and lack of funding for	r Supervisorv
Body Function.	g	
	ons (including equality and diversity assessment)	
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implementation	o the regar frame from miles to carrein and the ratare i	•
Staffing Implica	ations	
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	plications (including the impact of the Well-being o	f Euturo
	Vales) Act 2015)	i Futur e
	ference to future legislation.	
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Report History	•	ee in October
	2022	
Appendices		