





Meeting Date	25 <sup>th</sup> November 2019 Agenda Iten			6.1	
Report Title	Mental Capacity Act 2005 Update Monitoring Report				
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Report Sponsor	Gareth How	ells, Director	of Nursing	and Patient	
	Experience				
Presented by	Gareth How	ells, Director	of Nursing	and Patient	
	Experience				
Freedom of	Open				
Information					
Purpose of the	This paper will provide the Committee of the Health Board				
Report	position in relation to the Mental Capacity Act 2005				
Key Issues	This report highlights the importance of consistent and				
	robust safeguarding and governance processes, which are				
	an essential part in contributing to effective safeguarding				
	for adults at risk.				
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Specific Action	Information	Discussion	Assurance	Approval	
Required					
(please choose one					
only)					
Recommendations	Members are asked to:				
	NOTE				

### MENTAL CAPACITY ACT 2005 UPDATE MONITORING REPORT

### 1. INTRODUCTION

This report is requested by the Mental Health and Capacity Act Legislative Committee in order to provide assurance to the Board of Swansea Bay University Health Board (SBU HB) regarding compliance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005.

### 2. BACKGROUND

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 (MCA) came into force in October 2007, amended to include the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) in April 2009.

SBU HB supports a significant number of patients with impaired decision-making, therefore this report aims to provide assurance of awareness and the use of MCA throughout the Health Board, via training and the use of the Independent Mental Capacity Advocacy Service (IMCA's).

### 2.1 LEGISLATIVE UPDATE

Changes to the Mental Capacity Act have progressed so that the Mental Capacity (Amendment) Bill is now an Act of Parliament – the Mental Capacity (Amendment) Act 2019. The Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) will be replaced with the Liberty Protection Safeguards (LPS). It is anticipated that the target date for implementation is from autumn 2020, with 12 months of transitional arrangements whereby DoLS and LPS are used alongside each other, with full implementation of LPS in 2021.

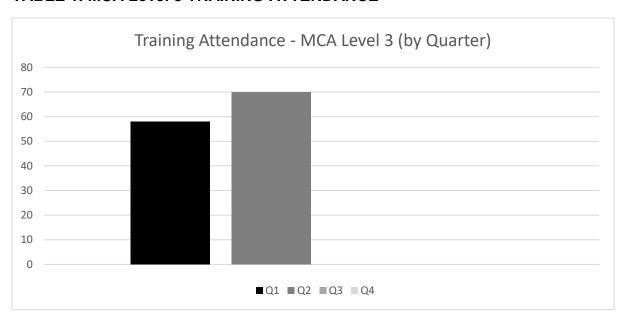
A Revised Mental Capacity Act Code of Practice is currently under development, being led by the Ministry of Justice, and a Code for LPS is being co-produced by the Department of Health & Social Care (DHSC) and Association of Directors of Social Services (ADSS). There will be public consultation for both Codes, and the intention is that they will be published together, with review within 3 years and 5 yearly thereafter.

The NHS Wales Safeguarding Network and Welsh Government have tasked the National Safeguarding Team to lead on an initial review of the current approaches to and management of the implementation of the Mental Capacity Act and Deprivation of Liberty Standards within NHS Wales. This will include the implications of the Mental Capacity Act Amendment Bill, the new Liberty Protection Standards and how these demands can be met consistently across NHS Wales to safeguard those at risk. A Task and Finish group has been set up with the first meeting due in early December

2019, and there will be representation from the Corporate Safeguarding Team and Primary Care & Community Service Delivery Unit (as the current Supervisory Body).

# 2.2 MCA TRAINING

MCA training continues to be delivered via e-learning for MCA Levels 1 & 2 for all SBU HB staff. MCA Level 3 training is facilitated as a workshop directed at ward managers, senior nurses and senior clinicians. Table 1 illustrates the training attendances for MCA Level 3 training and shows an increase in attendance over the last quarter.



**TABLE 1. MCA Level 3 TRAINING ATTENDANCE** 

Training has been evaluated over the last 6 months and feedback has been positive as demonstrated in Tables 2 & 3.

**Table 2 EVALUATION REPONSES FOR QUALITY OF PRESENTATION** 

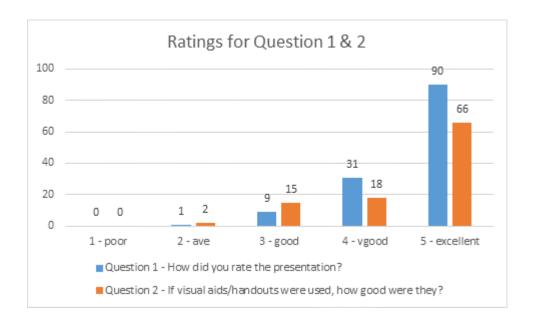
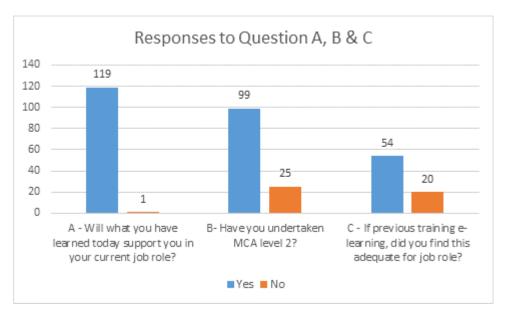


Table 3 EVALUATION RESPONSES FOR APPLICATION OF TRAINING TO ROLE



In addition to formal training, learning from safeguarding cases, including MCA/DoLS, is disseminated more widely across the Health Board via quarterly rotational learning events.

# 2.3 INDEPENDENT MENTAL CAPACITY ADVOCATES (IMCA)

The Independent Mental Capacity Advocate (IMCA) service is a statutory service which came into effect in Wales on the 1<sup>st</sup> October 2007. IMCAs are independent advocates who represent people who lack capacity in order to support them in making important decisions, which must comply with the MCA 2005. They were introduced by the MCA to act as a person's legal safeguard and are usually instructed when there is no other independent person (e.g. a relative or friend) to act on the person's behalf. The IMCA service that is currently contracted to the HB is provided by Mental Health Matters Wales, and quarterly monitoring reports are provided to the Health Board. For the period 1<sup>st</sup> July to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019, 24 instructions were received for an IMCA from the HB (Table 4).

Table 4. BREAKDOWN OF REASONS FOR INSTRUCTION OF AN IMCA

Serious	Long term	Care	Vulnerable	39a*	39d*
Medical	move of	Review	Adult		
Treatment	accommodation				
2	8	3	1	4	6

<sup>\*</sup> These different categories are, when a person who is deprived of their liberty, does not have a representative e.g. a friend, family member or advocate

### 2.4 Dols Processes and Best Interest Decisions

If a patient has been assessed as lacking in capacity then any action taken or decision made on their behalf must be made in his or her best interests. There are many factors within the MCA to consider in deciding what is in a person's best interests. It is good professional practice to record these, particularly as these decisions may be challenged. These best interest decisions happen on a frequent basis and can vary from simple to very complicated. Currently the Service Delivery Units (SDUs) do not collate the number of occasions where best interest decisions are made or provide assurance around the process, except in cases requiring DoLS assessment whereby best interests assessment occurrences are collated on the DoLS 'Dashboard'. The Primary Care and Community Care Service Delivery Unit has appointed two substantive Best Interests Assessors who, as part of their role, are reviewing DoLS processes across the HB.

# 3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

The Service Delivery Units (SDUs) monitor MCA training levels as part of their overall Safeguarding training compliance, reporting to the Safeguarding Committee via their Performance reports. A Health Board-wide training needs analysis has been commenced that will enable the Health Board to identify more accurate figures of staff requiring training, thereby enhancing compliance monitoring. This is to be reported on separately.

### 4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Safeguarding is a core duty of care for the Health Board. Financial implications to meet the statutory safeguarding mandatory training requirements are within existing budgets. Withdrawal of Bridgend Local Authority funding has resulted in an additional cost pressure for the Corporate Safeguarding Team but this is minimal.

# 5. RECOMMENDATION

The Committee is requested to note the contents of this report.

Governance and Assurance						
Link to	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting					
Enabling	and empowering people to live well in resilient communities					
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	⊠				
(please	Co-Production and Health Literacy					
choose)	Digitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing					
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services achieving the outcomes that matter most to people					
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	⊠				
	Partnerships for Care	$\boxtimes$				
	Excellent Staff	$\boxtimes$				
	Digitally Enabled Care					
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and					
	Learning					
Health and Car	e Standards					
(please	Staying Healthy	$\boxtimes$				
choose)	Safe Care	$\boxtimes$				
	Effective Care	$\boxtimes$				
	Dignified Care	$\boxtimes$				
	Timely Care					
	Individual Care	$\boxtimes$				
	Staff and Resources	$\boxtimes$				
Quality, Safety	and Patient Experience	l				
N/A						
Financial Impli	cations					
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Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)						
The Health Board has a statutory responsibility to make arrangements to protect and						
safeguard the welfare of children, young people and adults at risk.						
Safeguarding policies uphold that patient and service users have the right to						
independence, dignity, respect, equality, privacy and choice.						
Staffing Implications						
N/A						

# Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015) Improve population health through prevention and early intervention Report History N/A Appendices N/A