





Meeting Date	25 <sup>th</sup> October 2022	Agenda Item	4.1
Report Title	Quality & Safety Performance R	•	
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Report Sponsor	Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance		
Presented by	Darren Griffiths, Director of Finance	ce and Performand	е
Freedom of	Open		
Information			
Purpose of the	The purpose of this report is to p	•	
Report	performance of the Health Board		
	reporting window in delivering key	•	
	well as the national measures out	lined in the 2022/2	23 NHS Wales
Mary Innovan	Performance Framework.		
Key Issues	The Quality and Safety Report is	•	•
	overview of how the Health Bo National Delivery measures and		
	measures.	a key local qualii	ly and salety
	modearoo.		
	The Performance Delivery Frame	work 2022/23 was	s published in
	July 2022, and the measures have		•
	line with current data availability.	·	0,
	Key high level issues to highlig	ht this month are	as follows:
	COMPAG		
	COVID19  - The number of new case	os of COVID10 k	as increased
	slightly in September 202		
	reported in-month.	.2, With 210 HeW	cases being
	l opened in menun		
	Unscheduled Care		
	- ED attendances have ded		mber 2022 to
	10,288 from 10,731 in Augu		
	- Performance against the 4		•
	on target for the outlined tr	• •	
	4-hour performance has i		in September
	2022 to 72.7% from 69.66%	•	الاحاداء المصروس
	- Performance against the 12		
	and it is currently performing The number of patients wait		
	to 1,470 in September from	•	
	- Internal flow activities to su		
	improve flow throughout the		
	these include; Same Day	,	
	delivered services, Frailty		

- currently being undertaken with WAST colleagues to implement further pathways.
- The number of emergency admissions has reduced in September 2022 to 4,051 from 4,230 in August 2022.

#### **Planned Care**

- September 2022 saw a 4% in-month reduction in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a new outpatient appointment.
- Additionally, the number of patients waiting over 36 weeks decreased by 3.9% to 37,095.
- We continue to outperform the trajectory for the number of patients waiting over 104 weeks for treatment, with 10,623 patients waiting at this point in September.
- In September, there was a further reduction in the number of patients waiting over 52 weeks at Stage 1, with 13,980 patients waiting at this stage.
- As a Health Board, we are outperforming the Ministerial Priority recovery trajectory for the number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment and for the percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment.
- Therapy waiting times have declined slightly, there are 755
  patients waiting over 14 weeks in September 2022
  compared with 682 in August 2022.
- The number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for an Endoscopy has slightly reduced in September 2022 to 4,205 from 4,255 in August 2022.

#### Cancer

- August 2022 saw 55% performance against the Single Cancer Pathway measure of patients receiving definitive treatment within 62 days (measure reported a month in arrears).
- The average backlog of patients waiting over 63 days has increased in September 2022 to 572 from 507 in August 2022.

#### **Mental Health**

- Performance against the Mental Health Measures continues to be maintained. All Welsh Government targets were achieved in August 2022.
- Psychological therapies within 26 weeks continue to be maintained at 96.5%.

#### **Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS)**

- Access times for crisis performance has been maintained at 100% August 2022.
- Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) access times within 26 weeks continues to be a challenge, the performance has

	80%.  Nationally Report In Septement Incidents  Patient Experie September	ortable Incidents hber 2022, there reported. hce er 2022 data is inc	August 2022 again were 15 National cluded in this report surveys completed	ly Reportable showing 88%
Considia Astion	lufa una ati a u	Discussion	A	Ammontol
Specific Action Required	Information  √	Discussion	Assurance   ✓	Approval
Recommendations	Members are as	L ked to:	<u>,                                      </u>	<u> </u>
		ent Health Boa	ard performance	against key

#### **QUALITY & SAFETY PERFORMANCE REPORT**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide an update on current performance of the Health Board at the end of the most recent reporting window in delivering key performance measures outlined in the NHS Wales Delivery Framework and local Quality & Safety measures.

#### 2. BACKGROUND

In 2021/22 a Single Outcomes Framework for Health and Social was due to be published but was delayed due to the COVID19 pandemic. Welsh Government has confirmed that during the Single Outcomes Framework will be developed for adoption in 2022/23 and that the 2020/21 measures will be rolled over into 2021/22.

The NHS Wales Delivery Framework sets out measures under the quadruple aims which the performance of the Health Board is measured. The aims within the NHS Delivery Framework are:

- **Quadruple Aim 1**: People in Wales have improved health and well-being with better prevention and self-management
- Quadruple Aim 2: People in Wales have better quality and more accessible health and social care services, enabled by digital and supported by engagement
- Quadruple Aim 3: The health and social care workforce in Wales is motivated and sustainable
- Quadruple Aim 4: Wales has a higher value health and social care system that has demonstrated rapid improvement and innovation, enabled by data and focused on outcomes

The Health Board's performance reports have traditionally been structured according to the aims within the NHS Delivery Framework however, the focus for NHS Wales reporting has shifted to harm management as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. In order to improve the Health Board's visibility of measuring and managing harm, the structure of this report has been aligned with the four quadrants of harm as set out in the NHS Wales COVID-19 Operating Framework. The harm quadrants are illustrated in the following diagram.

Harm from Covid itself	Harm from overwhelmed NHS and social care system
Harm from reduction in non- Covid activity	Harm from wider societal actions/lockdown

**Appendix 1** provides an overview of the Health Board's latest performance against the Delivery Framework measures along with key local quality and safety measures. A number of local COVID-19 specific measures have been included in this iteration of the performance report.

The traditional format for the report includes identifying actions where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery. However, due to the operational pressures within the Health Board relating to the COVID-19 pandemic, it was agreed that the narrative update would be omitted from this performance report until operational pressures significantly ease. Despite a reduction in the narrative contained within this report, considerable work has been undertaken to include additional measures that aid in describing how the healthcare systems has changed as a result of the pandemic.

#### 3. GOVERNANCE AND RISK ISSUES

**Appendix 1** of this report provides an overview of how the Health Board is performing against the National Delivery measures and key local measures. Mitigating actions are listed where performance is not compliant with national or local targets as well as highlighting both short term and long terms risks to delivery.

#### 4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

#### 5. RECOMMENDATION

Members are asked to:

• **NOTE**- current Health Board performance against key measures and targets

Governance ar	nd Assurance									
Link to Enabling	Supporting better health and wellbeing by actively promoting empowering people to live well in resilient communities	ng and								
Objectives	Partnerships for Improving Health and Wellbeing	$\boxtimes$								
(please	Co-Production and Health Literacy	$\boxtimes$								
choose)	gitally Enabled Health and Wellbeing									
	Deliver better care through excellent health and care services									
	achieving the outcomes that matter most to people									
	Best Value Outcomes and High Quality Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Partnerships for Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Excellent Staff	$\boxtimes$								
	Digitally Enabled Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Outstanding Research, Innovation, Education and Learning	$\boxtimes$								
Health and Car	re Standards									
(please	Staying Healthy	$\boxtimes$								
choose)	Safe Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Effective Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Dignified Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Timely Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Individual Care	$\boxtimes$								
	Staff and Resources	$\boxtimes$								

#### **Quality, Safety and Patient Experience**

The performance report outlines performance over the domains of quality and safety and patient experience, and outlines areas and actions for improvement. Quality, safety and patient experience are central principles underpinning the National Delivery Framework and this report is aligned to the domains within that framework.

There are no directly related Equality and Diversity implications as a result of this report.

#### **Financial Implications**

At this stage in the financial year there are no direct impacts on the Health Board's financial bottom line resulting from the performance reported herein.

#### Legal Implications (including equality and diversity assessment)

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to legislation, such as the Mental Health Measure.

#### Staffing Implications

A number of indicators monitor progress in relation to Workforce, such as Sickness and Personal Development Review rates. Specific issues relating to staffing are also addressed individually in this report.

## Long Term Implications (including the impact of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015)

The '5 Ways of Working' are demonstrated in the report as follows:

• Long term – Actions within this report are both long and short term in order to balance the immediate service issues with long term objectives.

- Prevention the NHS Wales Delivery framework provides a measurable mechanism to evidence how the NHS is positively influencing the health and well-being of the citizens of Wales with a particular focus upon maximising people's physical and mental wellbeing.
- Integration this integrated performance report brings together key performance measures across the seven domains of the NHS Wales Delivery Framework, which identify the priority areas that patients, clinicians and stakeholders wanted the NHS to be measured against. The framework covers a wide spectrum of measures that are aligned with the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.
- **Collaboration** in order to manage performance, the Corporate Functions within the Health Board liaise with leads from the Service Groups as well as key individuals from partner organisations including the Local Authorities, Welsh Ambulance Services Trust, Public Health Wales and external Health Boards.
- **Involvement** Corporate and Service Groups leads are key in identifying performance issues and identifying actions to take forward.

Report History	The last iteration of the Quality & Safety Performance Report was presented to Quality & Safety committee in September 2022. This is a routine monthly report.
Appendices	Appendix 1: Quality & Safety performance report







# Appendix 1- Quality & Safety Performance Report October 2022



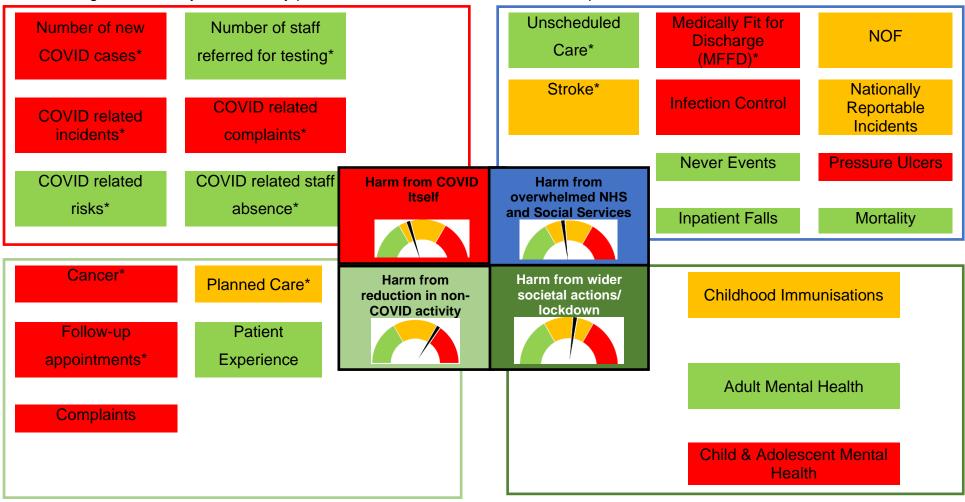
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#### 1. QUADRANTS OF HARM SUMMARY

The following is a summary of all the key performance indicators included in this report.

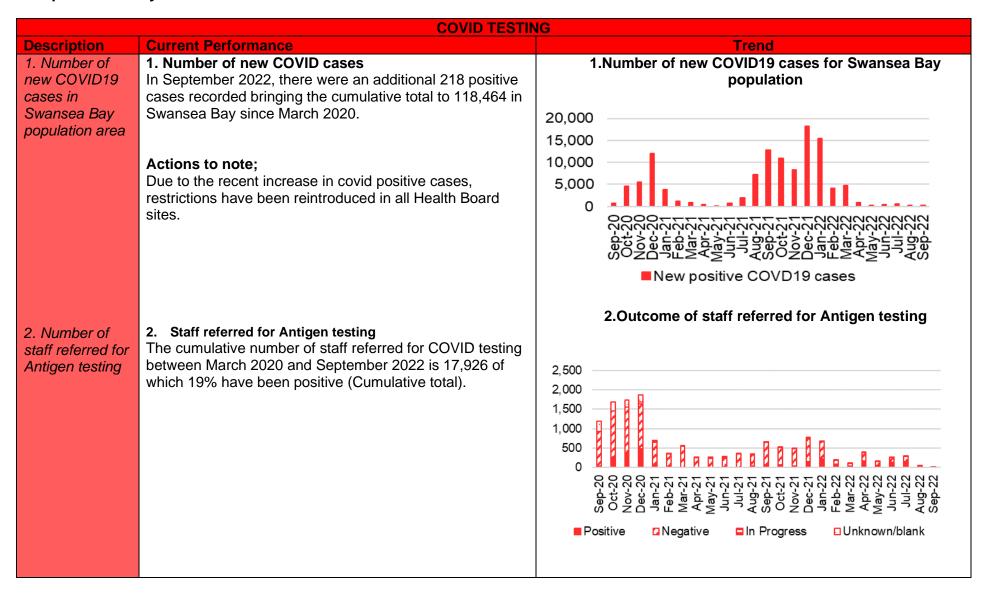


NB- RAG status is against national or local target
\*\* Data not available

<sup>\*</sup>RAG status based on in-month movement in the absence of local profiles

		Harm	quadra	nt- Harm	from	Covid	itself										
Measure	Locality	National/ Local Target	Internal profile	Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-2
Number of new COVID19 cases*	HB Total	_		~~	12,839	10,918	8,247	18,167	15,433	4,209	4,749	835	286	372	600	217	218
Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing	HB Total			~~~	673	524	494	787	691	200	109	402	157	264	299	38	10
Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test*	HB Total				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of COVID19 related incidents*	HB Total			~~~	36	47	53	54	59	55	57	83	39	52	91	46	84
Number of COVID19 related serious incidents*	HB Total			^~	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.
Number of COVID19 related complaints*	HB Total			^~~	3	4	14	20	4	4	10	6	0	4	5	6	11
Number of COVID19 related risks*	HB Total			-	0	0						i					
	Medical			V	20	13	6	0	11	1	5	2	0	2	3	0	0
	Nursing Registered			~~~	67	38	20	46	31	15	35	10	12	12	15	4	2
Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)*	Nursing Non Registered			M	43	28	12	37	13	18	25	15	8	6	3	0	1
	Other			\	97	41	27	43	32	9	22	15	9	8	5	4	2
	Medical			~~~	15	10	5	3	17	13	37	33	15	27	38	15	2
	Nursing Registered			~~~	57	51	34	166	104	66	91	88	33	102	83	49	42
Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)*	Nursing Non Registered			1	44	34	20	94	79	45	52	52	35	52	53	26	22
	Other			~~~	88	85	61	130	109	80	146	97	42	106	98	31	34
	Medical			~~~	3.6%	2.4%	1.2%	0.3%	3.0%	1.5%	4.6%	4.1%	1.8%	3.5%	4.9%	1.8%	0.2%
	Nursing Registered			~~~	3.1%	2.2%	1.3%	5.3%	3.4%	2.0%	3.1%	2.4%	1.1%	2.8%	2.4%	1.3%	1.1%
ó sickness*	Nursing Non Registered				4.3%	3.1%	1.6%	6.5%	4.5%	3.1%	3.7%	3.2%	2.1%	2.7%	2.7%	1.2%	1.1%
	Other			~~~	2.9%	2.0%	1.4%	2.7%	2.2%	1.4%	2.6%	1.8%	0.8%	1.8%	1.6%	0.5%	0.6%
	All			~~~	3.2%	2.3%	1.4%	3.9%	3.0%	1.8%	3.1%	2.3%	1.2%	2.4%	2.2%	1.0%	0.8%

#### 3.1 Updates on key measures



	COVID RELATED STAF	F ABSENCE
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Staff absence due to COVID19  1.Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic)  2.Number of staff selfisolating	The following data is based on the mid-month position and broken down into the categories requested by Welsh Government.  1. & 2. Number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic and symptomatic)  Between August and September 2022, the number of staff self-isolating (asymptomatic) reduced from 8 to 5 and the number of staff self-isolating (symptomatic) reduced from 121 to 100. In September 2022, the Registered Nursing staff group had the largest number of self-isolating staff who were both asymptomatic and symptomatic.	1.Number of staff self isolating (asymptomatic)  1,000 800 600 400 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
(symptomatic)  3.% staff sickness	3. % Staff sickness The percentage of staff sickness absence due to COVID19 has reduced from 1% in August 2022 to 0.8% in September 2022.	2.Number of staff self isolating (symptomatic)  1,000  800  400  200  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
		Medical ✓ Nursing Reg ✓ Nursing Non  3.% staff sickness    Sep-21   Oct-21   Nov-21   Dec-21   Jan-22   Feb-22   Mar-22   May-22   Jun-24   Medical   3.6%   2.4%   1.2%   0.3%   3.0%   1.5%   4.6%   4.1%   1.8%   3.5     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   2.2%   1.3%   5.3%   3.4%   2.0%   3.1%   2.4%   1.1%   2.8     Nursing Reg   3.1%   3

#### 4. HARM QUADRANT- HARM FROM OVERWHELMED NHS AND SOCIAL CARE SYSTEM

#### 4.1 Overview

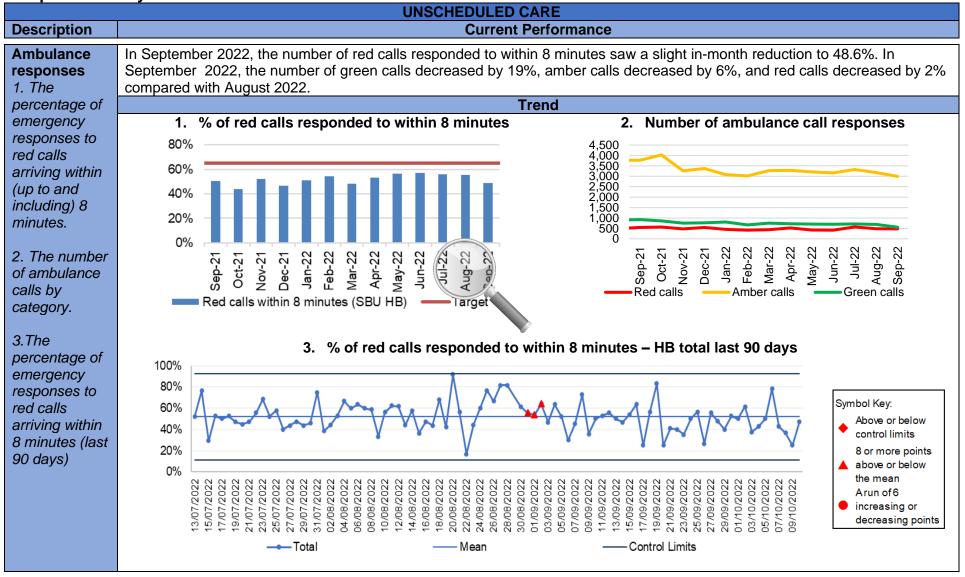
Measure	Locality	National/ Local	Internal	Trend													
measure	Locality	Target	profile		Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
			l	Jnschedule													
	Morriston			~~~	622	633	655	591	724	657	659	645	507	568	637	681	710
Number of ambulance handovers over one hour*	Singleton	0		~~~	20	15	15	21	11	21	28	26	31	10	22	24	22
	Total			<b>\</b>	642	648	670	612	735	678	687	671	538	578	659	705	732
% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major	Morriston			~	59.7%	58.8%	60.0%	58.5%	58.5%	58.8%	57.2%	58.9%	57.8%	54.6%	54.0%	51.4%	55.9%
and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from	NPTH	95%		~~~	98.3%	99.4%	99.0%	94.9%	96.8%	97.2%	95.0%	96.7%	97.9%	96.9%	93.1%	97.4%	98.2%
arrival until admission, transfer or discharge*	Total			< {	73.1%	72.0%	73.5%	70.2%	72.6%	72.3%	71.4%	72.9%	73.8%	71.7%	69.4%	69.7%	72.7%
Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all	Morriston	_		~~~	1,250	1,275	1,054	1,100	1,139	1,104	1,276	1,292	1,192	1,386	1,427	1,472	1,470
hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until	NPTH	0		^	0	1	1	1	3	1	6	2	3	2	2	2	0
admission, transfer or discharge*	Total			~~~	1,250	1,276	1,055	1,101	1,142	1,105	1,282	1,294	1,195	1,388	1,429	1,474	1,470
				Strok													
% of patients who have a direct admission to an acute Morriston 59.8% \( \square\)																	
stroke unit within 4 hours*	Total	(UK SNAP average)		~~~	15.4%	0.0%	11.4%	16.7%	9.5%	41.7%	16.0%	12.1%	20.0%	4.5%	4.2%	6.0%	7.5%
% of patients who receive a CT scan within 1 hour*	Morriston	54.5%		~~ <u> </u>	34.1%	16.7%	40.9%	35.1%	40.5%	61.5%	44.0%	34.5%	38.1%	36.4%	33.3%	38.0%	55.0%
	Total	(UK SNAP average)		~~~	34.1%	16.7%	40.9%	35.1%	40.5%	61.5%	44.0%	34.5%	38.1%	36.4%	33.3%	38.0%	55.0%
% of patients who are assessed by a stroke specialist	Morriston	84.2%		$\sim$	90.2%	100.0%	95.5%	97.3%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	90.5%	97.7%	97.9%	98.0%	92.5%
consultant physician within 24 hours*	Total	(UK SNAP average)		$\sim$	90.2%	100.0%	95.5%	97.3%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	90.5%	97.7%	97.9%	98.0%	92.5%
% of thrombolysed stroke patients with a door to door	Morriston	12 month		~~\	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
needle time of less than or equal to 45 *minutes	Total	improvement trend		$\sim\sim$	0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
% of patients receiving the required minutes for speech	Morriston	12 month		1	58.6%	64.6%	54.4%	45.6%	42.5%	41.5%	44.3%	40.9%	34.8%	29.5%	29 1%	30.7%	35.2%
and language therapy		improvement trend															
	1		Fractu	ed Neck of	Femur (N	IOF)											
Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- % patients receiving an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours of presentation	Morriston	75%		/	87.3%	88.0%	88.7%	88.4%	88.8%	89.4%	89.5%	89.5%	90.0%	89.4%	91.2%	92.9%	
Prompt surgery - % patients undergoing surgery by the day following presentation with hip fracture	Morriston	75%		/	58.4%	57.7%	57.1%	56.5%	51.0%	48.6%	46.0%	42.2%	37.2%	33.3%	29.2%	26.5%	
$\mbox{NICE compliant surgery}$ - $\%$ of operations consistent with the recommendations of NICE CG124	Morriston	75%		$\sim$	69.4%	69.9%	70.3%	70.1%	69.7%	69.8%	71.4%	72.4%	73.5%	71.5%	71.0%	71.6%	
Prompt mobilisation after surgery - % of patients out of bed (standing or hoisted) by the day after operation	Morriston	75%		7	72.6%	71.1%	71.2%	70.7%	71.7%	70.8%	70.2%	70.2%	69.2%	68.9%	69.2%	70.2%	
Not delirious when tested- % patients (<4 on 4AT test) when tested in the week after operation	Morriston	75%		M	76.1%	76.8%	77.0%	76.2%	76.4%	76.3%	76.9%	77.4%	76.5%	76.6%	76.1%	75.9%	
Return to original residence- % patients discharged back to original residence, or in that residence at 120 day follow-up	Morriston	75%			66.1%	70.4%	69.8%	69.6%	68.4%	67.7%	69.0%	70.9%	69.9%	63.8%	69.2%	66.2%	
30 day mortality - crude and adjusted figures, noting ONS data only correct after around 6 months	Morriston	12 month improvement trend										!					
% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	HB Total	12 month improvement trend		W	72.2%	77.8%	52.4%	68.8%	52.9%	81.4%		! !					

M	L Pt-	National/ Local	Internal	т							SBU						
Measure	Locality	Target	profile	Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	21 Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
			Health	care Acqui	red Infect	ions											
	PCCS Community		14	~~~	12	12	17	12	8	17	17	18	13	12	18	21	8
	PCCS Hospital	1	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 1	0	0	0	0	1
	MH&LD	12 month reduction	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases	Morriston	trend	4	~~~	5	5	3	2	4	9	2	7	5	3	3	6	0
	NPTH	trend	1	\	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	Singleton		2	~~~	1	1	2	3	2	0	2	5	2	2	0	4	5
	Total	Γ	21	~~~	21	19	22	17	15	26	21	31	21	17	21	32	15
	PCCS Community		3	~~~	4	7	3	4	11	3	4	7	9	2	6	6	5
	PCCS Hospital	1	0	Ī	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I 0	0	0	0	0	0
	MH&LD	10	0	Ī	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of S.aureus bacteraemia cases	Morriston	12 month reduction	2	~~~	8	9	0	5	2	5	5	i 3	8	4	4	3	6
	NPTH	trend	0	$\sim$	1	0	0	0	0	- 1	0	. 0	0	1	0	1	0
	Singleton		1		4	2	1	0	0	1	2	3	1	2	2	- 1	2
	Total		6	~~~	17	18	4	9	13	10	11	13	18	9	12	11	13
	PCCS Community		2	-~~	5	5	10	1	3	5	6	2	4	9	6	6	3
	PCCS Hospital		0		0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
	MH&LD	12 month reduction trend	0		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of C.difficile cases	Morriston		4	~~~	6	7	6	9	8	6	7	1 8	5	5	7	9	6
	NPTH		1		0	0	0	0	- 1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
	Singleton		2		3	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	0	2	3	6	5
	Total		9	~~~	14	15	20	12	14	13	18	1 13	11	16	16	22	14
	PCCS Community		3	~~~	3	5	5	3	0	1	3	2	1	2	7	4	9
	PCCS Hospital		0		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MH&LD	40	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Klebsiella cases	Morriston	12 month reduction	2	~~~	6	6	1	4	2	3	2	1 2	5	3	3	3	0
	NPTH	trend	0	_^_	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	! 1	0	0	0	0	0
	Singleton		1	~~~	2	2	1	2	2	0	1	1 1	2	3	1	1	1
	Total		6	~~~	11	13	7	9	5	4	7	6	8	8	11	8	10
	PCCS Community		1		0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	0	1
•	PCCS Hospital	1	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MH&LD	1	0	l	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	i 0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Aeruginosa cases	Morriston	12 month reduction	0	~~~~	2	0	2	2	1	2	0	! 1	1	3	1	2	2
	NPTH	trend	0		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1 0	0	0	0	0	0
•	Singleton	1	1		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	0	0	1	1	2
	Total		2	~~~	2	0	3	4	1	3	2	2	2	4	4	3	5
	PCCS			V	100.0%	-	100.0%	95.8%	94.7%	95.8%	93.1%	96.4%	96.2%	97.8%	96.2%	90.3%	96.6%
	MH&LD			~~	98.3%	96.0%	90.3%	94.9%	95.5%	92.3%	92 1%	96.6%	97.7%	98.9%	99.1%	95.0%	96.6%
	Morriston			<u> </u>	99.0%	97.9%	95.5%	96.1%		100.0%	91.0%	93.0%	95.2%	97.7%	94.8%	91.1%	99.3%
Compliance with hand hygiene audits	NPTH	95%			100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%	100.0%		100.0%		97.0%	96.4%	96.6%	100.0%
	Singleton	-		$\vdash$	90.0%	97.0%	87.8%	- 100.076	100.076	100.076	30.070	100.0%		100.0%		100.0%	
	Total	-			96.0%	97.1%	07.076	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%		95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	
	rotar				96.0%	97.1%	92.2%	95.0%	35.0%	35.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%

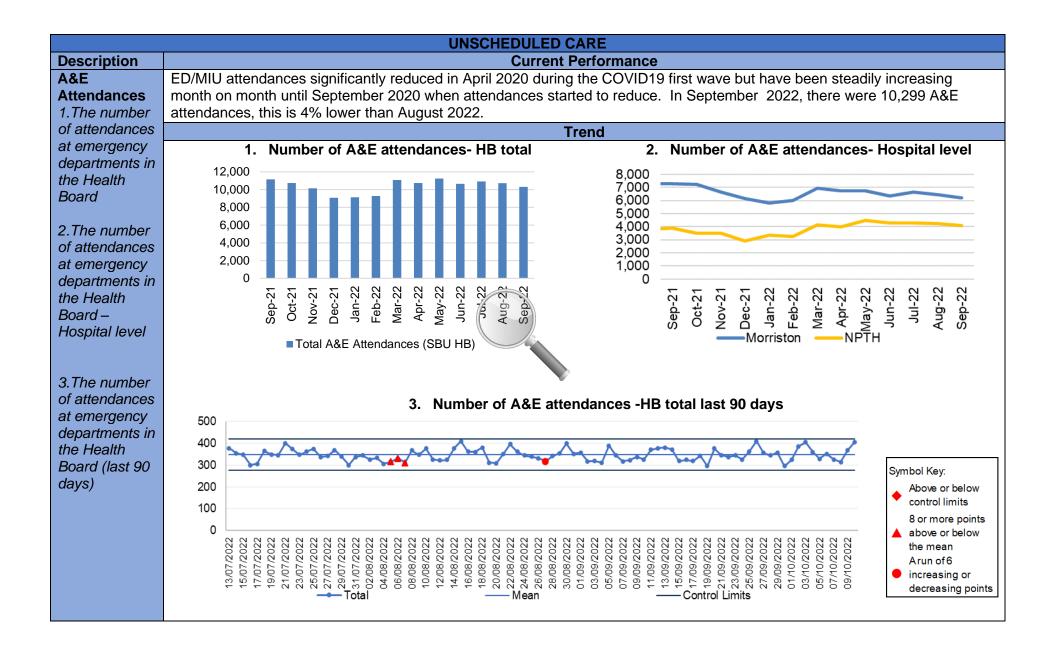
Manage	L Ph.	National/ Local	Internal	T1							SBU						
Measure	Locality	Target	profile	Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
			Ser	ious Incide	nts & Risk												
	PCCS				0	0	1	0	4	0	2	0	2	2	0	1	0
	MH&LD			/	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1 1	0	0	0	0	9
Number of Nationally Reportable Incidents	Morriston	12 month reduction		~~~	2	0	6	0	0	2	1	0	3	0	1	5	4
Number of Nationally (Cepottable incidents	NPTH	trend		~~^	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	i 0	1	0	0	3	1
	Singleton			$\sim\sim$	2	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	1
	Total			~~~	5	4	8	2	5	2	7	1	8	2	1	11	15
Of the nationally reportable incidents due for				I /											ı		
assurance, the % which were assured within the	Total	90%		I/\	-	0%	0%	0%	25%	0%	33%	25%	100%	33%	-	0%	0%
agreed timescales																	
	PCCS				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0
	MH&LD				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of Never Events	Morriston	0		~^~	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
	NPTH				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	i 0	0	0	0	0	0
	Singleton				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total			_^^~	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
		Pressure Ulcers															
	PCCS Community			$\sim$	39	32	31	55	27	38	56	33	39	32	27	50	
	PCCS Hospital			-	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	MH&LD	12 month reduction			1	0	0	1	0	0	2	I 1	1	1	1	1	
Total number of Pressure Ulcers	Morriston	trend		$\sim$	47	32	27	42	40	36	29	26	30	38	37	34	
	NPTH			<u>~~</u>	0	1	3	0	3	1	1	3	5	1	1	3	
	Singleton			~~~	17	9	13	13	22	15	16	i 15	22	13	19	16	
	Total			V~~	104	74	74	111	92	91	105	78	97	85	85	104	
	PCCS Community			-//	6	7	8	14	1	15	11	<u> 2</u>	10	12	2	11	
	PCCS Hospital				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	MH&LD	12 month reduction		$\overline{}$	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Total number of Grade 3+ Pressure Ulcers	Morriston	trend		<u> </u>	0	1	1	2	6	4	2	2	2	1	3	2	
	NPTH			<u></u>	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		0	
	Singleton				7	0	1		3	7	2	0	0	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	
	Total	40 11 1 2		-^^~	- 1	8	10	18	10	21	16	5	12	15		14	
Pressure Ulcer (Hosp) patients per 100,000 admissions	Total	12 month reduction trend		\\\\\\	955	613	616	857	1,018	823	778	689	821	760	805	767	

Measure	Locality	National/ Local	Internal	Trend	SBU												
medsure	Locality	Target	profile	Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
				Inpatient													
	PCCS			~~~	8	4	6	8	6	4	5	2	10	2	3	6	6
	MH&LD			~~~	25	28	36	37	29	28	22	19	24	14	18	30	24
Total number of Inpatient Falls	Morriston	12 month reduction		~~~	96	114	91	91	93	86	115	88	71	75	76	105	72
Total number of inpatient i alis	NPTH	trend		~~~	25	35	27	38	26	34	36	37	29	32	39	34	18
	Singleton			$\sim\sim$	53	58	53	33	42	46	31	44	48	49	36	41	55
	Total			~~~	207	240	213	208	196	199	209	190	182	172	174	216	175
Inpatient Falls per 1,000 beddays	HB Total	Between 3.0 & 5.0		~~	5.18	5.81	5.35	5.28	4.81	5.37	5.13	4.83	4.45	4.29	4.21	5.29	4.29
				Mortali	ty												
	Morriston	95%		$\sim$	97%	96%	99%	96%	96%	98%							
Universal Mortality reviews undertaken within 28 days	Singleton			-	100%	100%					į						
(Stage 1 reviews)	NPTH			$\sim$	100%	80%	88%	100%	100%	67%							
	Total			$\sim$	98%	97%	99%	96%	96%	97%							
	Morriston			1	78%	83%	56%										
Stage 2 mortality reviews completed within 60 days	Singleton	95%		\	100%	50%	0%										
Stage 2 mortality reviews completed within 60 days	NPTH	3570		_	-	-	0%										
	Total			1	82%	75%	50%										
	Morriston			_	1.72%	1.71%	1.76%	1.59%	1.52%	1.50%	1.48%	1.47%	1.47%	1.47%	1.43%	1.42%	
Crude hospital mortality rate by Delivery Unit (74 years	Singleton	12 month reduction		~~_	0.53%	0.54%	0.50%	0.53%	0.58%	0.48%	0.49%	0.47%	0.46%	0.46%	0.45%	0.44%	
of age or less)	NPTH	trend		~~	0.11%	0.10%	0.09%	0.08%	0.06%	0.07%	0.06%	0.05%	0.03%	0.04%	0.05%	0.05%	
	Total (SBU)			_	1.03%	1.03%	0.99%	0.95%	0.92%	0.89%	0.88%	0.87%	0.86%	0.85%	0.83%	0.83%	

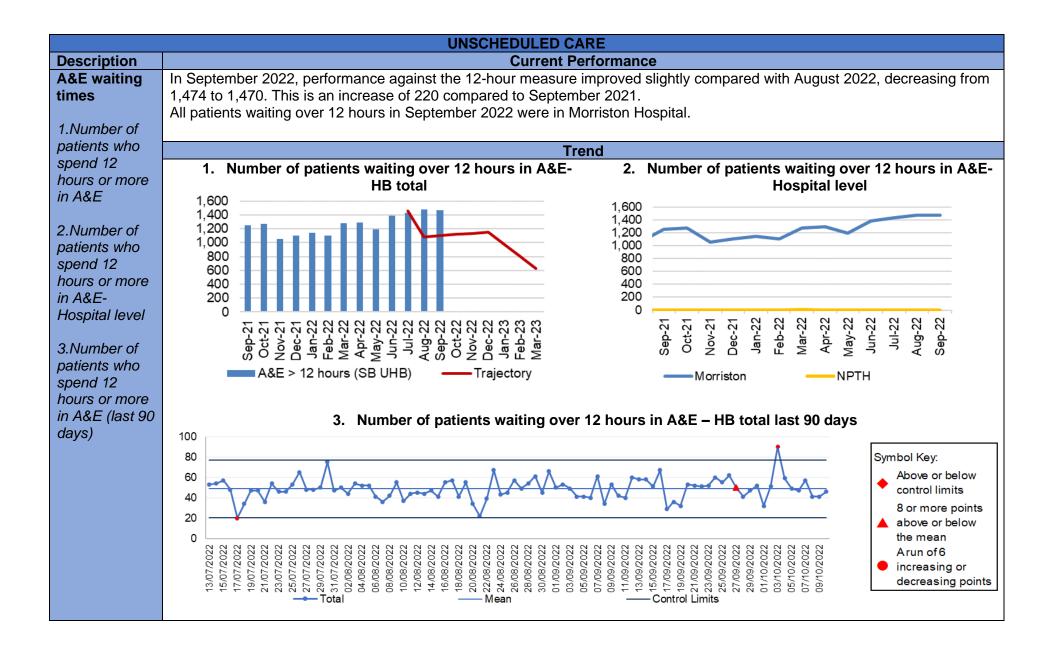
4.2 Updates on key measures

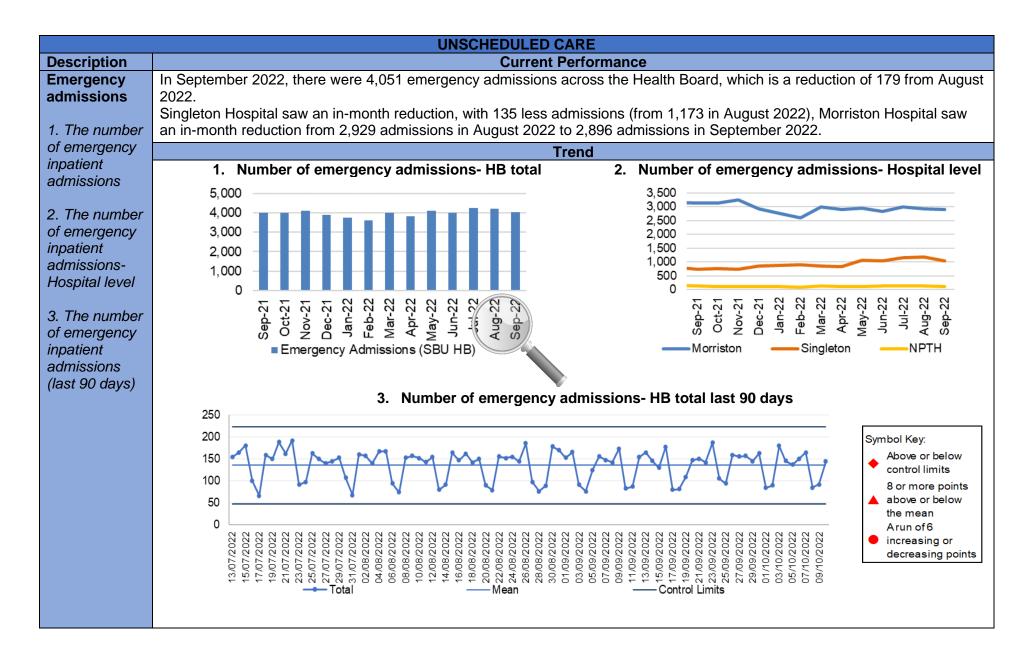


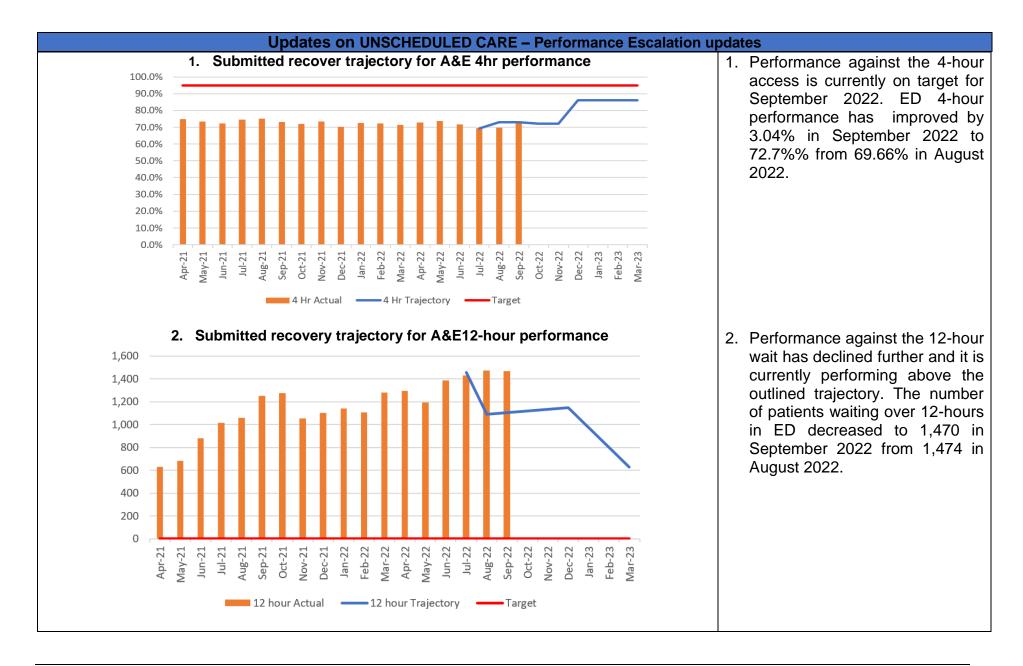
	UNSCHEDULED CARE				
Description	Current Performance				
Ambulance handovers 1.The number of ambulance handovers	In September 2022, there were 732 ambulance to hospital handovers taking over 1 hour; this is an increase in figures compared with 705 in August 2022. In September 2022, 710 handovers over 1 hour were attributed to Morriston Hospital and 22 were attributed to Singleton Hospital.  The number of handover hours lost over 15 minutes have increased from 3,870 in August 2022 to 4,378 in September 2022.  Trend				
over one hour	1. Number of ambulance handovers- HB total 2. Number of ambulance handovers over 1 hour-				
2. The number of ambulance handovers over one hour-Hospital level 3. The number of ambulance handovers over one hour (last 90 days)	Hospital level  Hospital level  Hospital level  Robert Sep-21  Sep-21  Oct-21  Oct-21  Nov-21  Sep-21  Oct-21  Oct-21  Oct-21  Nov-21  Aug-22  Aug-22  Aug-22  Aug-22  Aug-22  Aug-22  Aug-22  Sep-24  Aug-22  Aug-22  Aug-22  Sep-24  Sep-24  Aug-22  Aug-22  Sep-24  Sep-24  Aug-25  Aug-25  Aug-25  Aug-25  Aug-25  Singleton handovers > 1 hour  Singleton handovers > 1 hour				
	3. Number of ambulance handovers- HB total last 90 days				
	50 40 30 20 10 0    Symbol Key:   Above or below control limits				

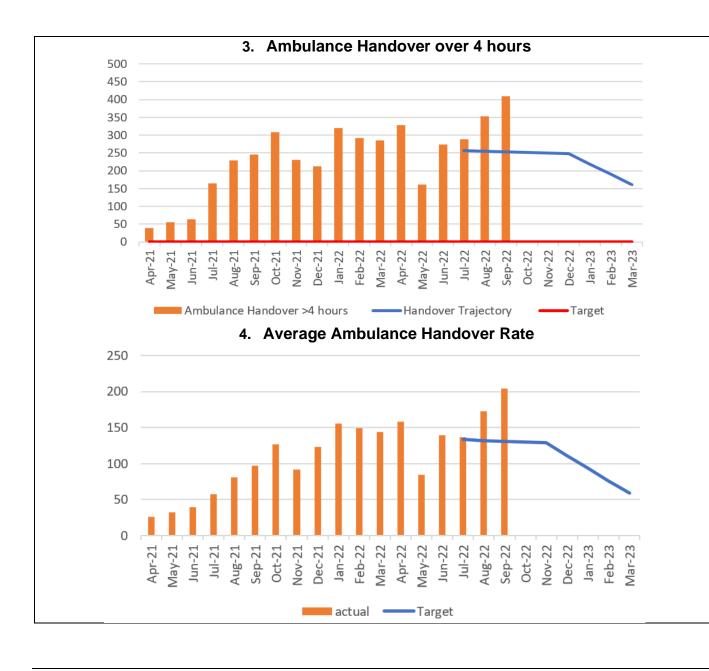


	UNSCHEDULED CARE
Description	Current Performance
A&E waiting times  1.% of patients who spend	The Health Board's performance against the 4-hour measure improved from 69.66% in August 2022 to 72.7% in September 2022  Neath Port Talbot Hospital Minor Injuries Unit (MIU) has improved above the national target of 95% achieving 98.2% in September 2022. Morriston Hospital's performance improved between August 2022 and September 2022 achieving 55.88%% against the target.
less than 4	Trend
hours in all major and	1. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total 2. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- Hospital level
minor	100%
emergency care facilities	80%90%
from arrival	60%
until	40%
admission,	20%
transfer or discharge	0%
2. % of	Sep-21  Nov-21  Nov-21  Nov-21  Nov-22  Nar-22  Sep-21  Sep-22  Nov-22  Nov-22  Nov-22  Nov-22  Nov-22  Nov-22  Aug-22  Sep-22
patients who spend less	A&E % < 4 hours (SB UHB) —— Trajectory —— Morriston —— NPTH
than 4 hours in A&E- Hospital	3. % Patients waiting under 4 hours in A&E- HB total last 90 days
3. % of patients who spend less than 4 hours in	80% 75% 70% 65% 60% 55%
A&E (last 90 days)	## Total ### ### ############################







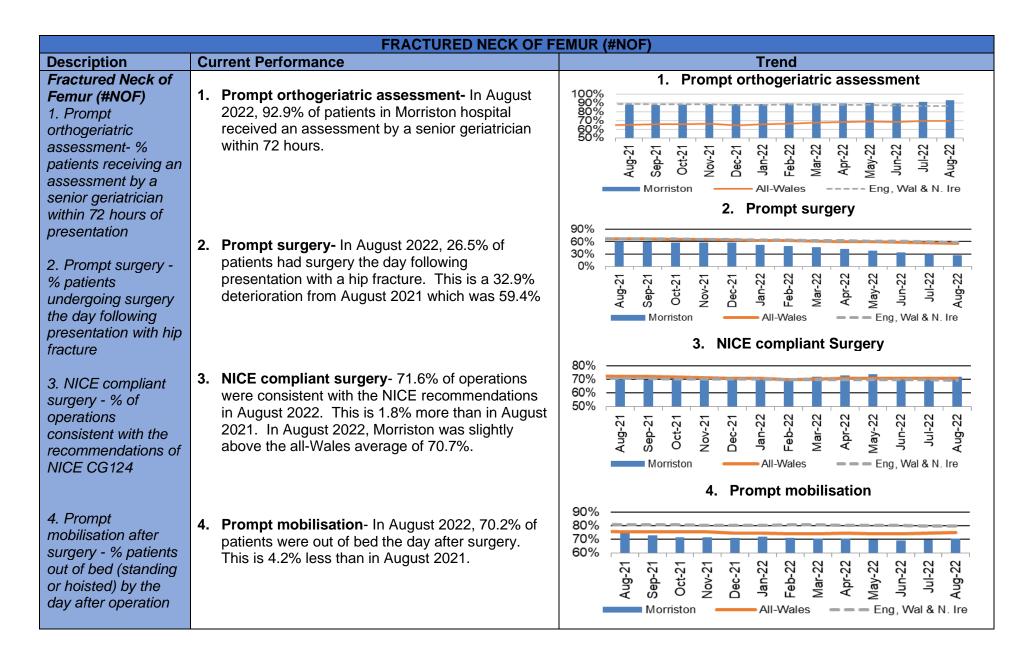


3. The Ambulance handover rate over 4 hours has seen a continued deterioration since May 2022 with the handover times over four hours increasing to 410 in September 2022 from 353 in August 2022. The figures remain above the outlined trajectory for September 2022 which was 253.

4. The average ambulance handover rate has seen a further deterioration in September 2022. The average handover rate deteriorated down from 173 in August 2022 to 204 in September 2022, which is above the outlined trajectory for September 2022 (131).

#### **UNSCHEDULED CARE** Description **Current Performance** In September 2022, there were a total of 93 admissions into the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) in Morriston Hospital, this is an increase **Critical Care**when compared with 58 admissions in August 2022. September 2022, saw a slight reduction in the number of delayed discharge **Delayed** hours from 4350.5 in August 2022 to 4223.45 in September 2022. However, the average lost bed days increased to 5.87 per day. Transfers of The percentage of patients delayed over 24 hours decreased from 80.85% in August 2022 to 57.53% in September 2022. Care (DTOC)-Morriston **Trend** Hospital 1. Total Critical Care delayed discharges (hours) 2. Average lost bed days per day 1.Total Critical Care delayed 5.000 8 discharges 4.000 (hours) 3.000 2.000 2. Average lost 1,000 bed days per day Feb-22 Apr-22 May-22 Jun-22 Aug-22 Jan-22 Mar-22 Sep-22 Dec-21 Jul-22 Nov-21 Aug-22 Mar-22 May-22 Jun-22 Apr-22 Oct-21 Nov-21 Dec-21 Feb-22 3.Percentage ■ Total Delayed Discharges (hours) of patients Average Lost Bed Days (per day) delayed: Up to 8 3. Percentage of Critical Care patients delayed hours 100% Between 8 and 24 80% hours 60% Over 24 hours 40% 20% 0% Jul-22 Oct-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 **Mar-22** Apr-22 Aug-22 Nov-21 ■ % delayed up to 8 hours % delayed between 8 and 24 hours ■ % delayed over 24 hours

	UNSCHEDULED (	CARE
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Clinically Optimised The number of patients waiting at each site in the Health Board that are clinically optimised	In September 2022, there were on average 317 patients who were deemed clinically optimised but were still occupying a bed in one of the Health Board's Hospitals.  In September 2022, Morriston Hospital had the largest proportion of clinically optimised patients with 120, closely followed by Neath Port Talbot Hospital with 90.  Actions of Improvement; Detailed work is currently being undertaken by the Deputy Chief Operating Officer to explore opportunities to reduce the number of Clinically Optimised Patients in the Hospital by implementing new pathways.	The number of clinically optimised patients by site  160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 101-52 100 80 60 40 20 100 80 80 80 Morriston  Morriston  Singleton  Morriston  Singleton  Morriston  The number of clinically optimised patients by site  160 140 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 12
Elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds The number of elective procedure cancelled across the hospital where the main cancellation reasons was lack of beds	In September 2022, there were 23 elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds on the day of surgery. This is 7 less cancellations than those seen in September 2021.  All of the cancelled procedures were attributed to Morriston Hospital in September 2022.	Total number of elective procedures cancelled due to lack of beds  70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 Verify and A bar-72 Now-71 Now-72 Now-



			FRACTURED NECK OF F	EMUR	(#NOF)
	Description	Cı	irrent Performance		Trend
4	5. Not delirious when tested- % patients (<4 on 4AT test) when tested in the week after operation	5.	Not delirious when tested- 75.9% of patients were not delirious in the week after their operation in August 2022. This is a reduction of 1.8% compared with August 2021.	80% 60% 40% 20%	S. Not delirious when tested  Ang-21  Ang-22  Ang-22  Ang-22  Ang-22  All-Wales  All-Wales
	6. Return to original residence- % patients discharged back to original residence, or in that residence at 120 day follow-up	6.	Return to original residence- 66.2% of patients in August 2022 were discharged back to their original residence. This is 1.5% less than in August 2021.	100% 50% 0%	
	7. 30 day mortality rate	*	30 day mortality rate- In January 2021 the morality rate for Morriston Hospital was 7.5% which is 0.5% less than January 2020. The mortality rate in Morriston Hospital in January 2021 is higher than the all-Wales average of 6.9% but lower than the national average of 7.6%.  Updated data is currently not available, but is being reviewed.	9% 8% 7% 6% 5%	

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	DINFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI) - E.coli bacteraemia- Number of laboratory confirmed E.coli bacteraemia cases	<ul> <li>15 cases of <i>E. coli</i> bacteraemia were identified in September 2022, of which 7 were hospital acquired and 8 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently below the Welsh Government Profile target of 21 cases for September 2022.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement; Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired E.coli bacteraemia cases  40  30  20  10  10  20  10  10  20  10  20  2
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- S.aureus bacteraemia- Number of Iaboratory confirmed S.aureus bacteraemias (MRSA & MSSA) cases	<ul> <li>There were 13 cases of Staph. aureus bacteraemia in September 2022, of which 8 were hospital acquired and 5 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 6 cases for September 2022.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;         Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates     </li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired S.aureus bacteraemia cases  20 15 10 2ct-57 Nun-57 Nun-57 Nun-57 Nun-57 Nun-57 Nun-57 Nunber of S. Seb-53 Number of S. Aureus cases (SBU)  Number of S. Aureus cases (SBU)  Trajectory

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	D INFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- C.difficile- Number of laboratory confirmed C.difficile cases	<ul> <li>There were 14 Clostridium difficile toxin positive cases in September 2022, of which 11 were hospital acquired and 3 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 9 cases for September 2022.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;         Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates     </li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired C.difficile cases  25  20  15  10  Seb-27  And-25  And-25  Number of C.difficile cases  Seb-27  And-25  Number of C.difficile cases  Nov-21  Seb-27  Seb-27  And-25  Number of C.difficile cases  Trajectory
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Klebsiella sp- Number of laboratory confirmed Klebsiella sp cases	<ul> <li>There were 10 cases of Klebsiella sp in September 2022, of which 1 was hospital acquired and 9 were community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 6 cases for September 2022.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;</li> <li>Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired Klebsiella cases  14 12 10 8 6 4 22 7 7 7 8 8 8 7 10 8 9 10 8 9 10 10 8 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

	HEALTHCARE ACQUIRE	D INFECTIONS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Healthcare Acquired Infections (HCAI)- Aeruginosa- Number of laboratory confirmed Aeruginosa cases	<ul> <li>There were 5 cases of <i>P.Aerginosa</i> in September 2022, 4 of which were hospital acquired, and one was community acquired.</li> <li>The Health Board total is currently above the Welsh Government Profile target of 2 cumulative cases for August 2022.</li> <li>Actions of Improvement;</li> <li>Each Service Group has developed detailed action plans which reinforce the quality and safety guidelines to support the reduction of Infection rates</li> </ul>	Number of healthcare acquired Pseudomonas cases  Oct-21  Nov-22  Nav-22  Apr-22  Apr-22  Aug-22  Nov-22  Nov-2
		Number of Pseudomonas cases (SBU) ——Trajectory
	PRESSURE ULC	
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Number of pressure ulcers 1. Total number of pressure ulcers developed in hospital and in the community	<ul> <li>In August 2022 there were 104 cases of healthcare acquired pressure ulcers, 50 of which were community acquired and 54 were hospital acquired.</li> <li>There were 14 grade 3+ pressure ulcers in August 2022, of which 11 were community acquired and 3 were hospital acquired.</li> </ul>	Total number of hospital and community acquired Pressure Ulcers (PU) and rate per 100,000 admissions  120 1,500 80 40 20 0
2. Rate of pressure ulcers per 100,000 admissions	The rate per 100,000 admissions reduced from 805 in July 2022 to 767 in August 2022	Aug-21  Sep-21  Sep-21  Sep-21  Sep-22  Sep-21  Aug-22  Aug-22  Sep-21  Aug-22  Aug-22  Sep-21  Aug-22  Sep-22  Aug-22  Sep-22  Aug-22  Sep-22  Aug-22  Sep-22  Aug-22  Sep-22  Sep-22

	NATIONALLY REPORTAE	BLE INCIDENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Nationally Reportable Incidents (NRI's)- 1. The number of Nationally reportable incidents	<ol> <li>The Health Board reported 15 Nationally Reportable Incidents for the month of September 2022 to Welsh Government. The Service Group breakdown is as follows;</li> <li>Morriston – 4</li> <li>Singleton &amp; NPT – 2</li> <li>Mental Health &amp; LD - 9</li> </ol>	1. and 2. Number of nationally reportable incidents and never events  30 25 20 15 10 5
2. The number of Never Events	There were no new Never Event reported in September 2022	Sep-21 Sep-21 Sep-21 Sep-22 Apr-22 Aur-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-22 Sep-23 Sep-23 Sep-23 Sep-23
3. Of the nationally reportable incidents due for assurance, the percentage which were assured within the agreed	<ol> <li>In September 2022, performance against the 80% target of submitting closure forms to WG within agreed timescales was 0%.</li> </ol>	3. % of nationally reportable incidents closed within the agreed timescales  100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30%
timescales		Sep-21

	INPATIENT FA	LLS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Inpatient Falls The total number of inpatient falls	The number of Falls reported via Datix web for Swansea Bay UHB was 175 in September 2022. This is 18% less than September 2021 where 207 falls were recorded.	Number of inpatient Falls  300 250 200 150 100 50 100 Seb-22 Aug-22 Aug-
Description	DISCHARGE SUMM	
Discharge Summaries Percentage of discharge summaries approved and sent to patients' doctor following discharge	The latest data shows that in September 2022, the percentage of completed discharge summaries was 70%.  In September 2022, compliance ranged from 63% in Singleton Hospital to 79% in Mental Health & Learning Disabilities.	**Sep-22 And 2-22 Sep-23 Sep-24 Sep-25 Sep-25 Sep-26 Sep-27 Sep-27 Sep-27 Sep-27 Sep-28 Sep-2

	CRUDE MORTA	LITY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crude Mortality Rate	August 2022 reports the crude mortality rate for the Health Board at 0.83%, which is the same figure reported in July 2022.  A breakdown by Hospital for August 2022:  Morriston – 1.42%  Singleton – 0.44%  NPT – 0.05%	Crude hospital mortality rate by Hospital (74 years of age or less)  2.5% 2.0% 1.5% 1.0% 0.0%  Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital  Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital NPT Hospital
	READMISSION R	
Description Readmission	Current Performance In September 2022, 20% of patients were readmitted	Trend Emergencies readmitted within 28 days of previous discharge
Rates	as an emergency within 28 days of their previous discharge date. This is the same figure seen in August 2022.	25% 20% 15% 10% 5% 0%  Apr-22 Nov-21 1

# 5 HARM QUADRANT- HARM FROM REDUCTION IN NON-COVID ACTIVITY

### **5.1 Overview**

		Harm f	rom red	uction ir	non-C	Covid a	ctivity	1									
Managema	Lassitu	National/ Local	Internal	Tuend		SBU											
Measure	Locality	Target	profile	Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
				Cance	er												
Single Cancer Pathway- % of patients started	Total	75%		7 ^	62.2%	61.9%	63.4%	53.6%	54.4%	5/1 20%	5/1/30/6	48.1%	16 5%	50.6%	55.9%	54.9%	45.0%
treatment within 62 days (without suspensions)	Total	1370		- \		01.070	05.470	33.070	J4.470	J4.270	34.370	40.170	40.370	30.070	33.970	34.370	45.070
			PI	anned Care	•												
	Morriston				15,092	15,906	16,385	17,204	17,859	18,220	18,351	18,976	19,498	19,662	19,516	19,607	18,748
Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient	NPTH				407	378	387	342	186	88	0	3	18	4	2	4	1
appointment*	Singleton	0		~	8,447	8,162	7,955	7,882	7,520	7,192	6,359	6,606	6,943	7,159	7,212	7,314	7,218
арронинен	PC&CS				51	37	25	24	23	22	18	16	0	1	81	94	98
	Total			~	23,997	24,483	24,752	25,452	25,588	25,522	-	25,601	26,459	26,826	26,811	27,019	26,065
	Morriston				23,214	23,874	24,121	24,494	25,203	25,090	25,490	26,036	26,411	26,574	26,832	26,710	25,771
	NPTH			_	189	191	198	168	136	136	44	37	5	7	2	0	1
Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment*	Singleton	0		~~	11,764	11,841	12,245	12,376	12,283	12,194	11,749	12,110	12,310	12,438	11,256	11,013	10,557
	PC&CS	v			43	35	25	22	22	22	17	15	0	1	41	117	124
	Total (inc. diagnostics			~^	35,711	36,420	37.064	37.504	38.117	37 920	37,820	38.799	39.403	39.760	38,888	38.583	37,095
	> 36 wks)			/ '		,	,	,	,	, i	, i	00,700	,	,	00,000	00,000	07,000
Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified	Morriston			~~	3,528	3,320	3,217	2,927	2,724	2,180	1,672	1,910	1,753	1,575	1,629	1,853	1,975
diagnostics*	Singleton	0			2,204	2,619	2,791	3,144	3,543	3,898	4,191	4,398	4,553	4,437	4,403	4,255	4,202
diagnostics	Total			~~~	5,732	5,939	6,008	6,071	6,267	6,078	5,863	6,308	6,306	6,012	6,032	6,108	6,177
	MH&LD				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified	NPTH	0		~~~	18	28	29	8	13	38	45	35	17	30	46	45	82
therapy*	PC&CS	U			302	386	600	877	1,015	888	775	644	597	579	668	637	673
	Total			<u> </u>	320	414	629	885	1,028	926	820	679	614	609	714	682	755

Measure	Locality	National/ Local	Internal	Trend							SBU						
measure	Locality	Target	profile	Heliu	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
				Planned	Care												
Total number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient appointment *	Total			~~	130,963	131,554	129,255	131,403	131,848	######	133,772	135,471	135,879	136,435	136,982	138,736	139,989
Number of patients delayed by over 100% past their target date *	Total	HB Target TBC		1	32,574	33,121	30,946	31,912	32,521	32,447	32,936	34,003	34,568	35,114	35,659	36,037	36,144
Number of patients delayed past their agreed target date (booked and not booked) *	Total			7~	60,340	60,447	56,618	58,006	58,639	58,804	58,514	60,348	60,314	61,071	61,156	61,778	62,461
Number of Ophthalmology patients without an allocated health risk factor	Total	0		WW	702	413	528	694	288	299	639	425	246	495	270	222	400
Number of patients without a documented clinical review date	Total	0		WW	7	3	4	2	4	1	5	5	2	4	2	3	4
			Patier	nt Experience	e/ Feedb	ack											
	PCCS MH&LD			<b>\$</b>	213 18	89 10	360 36	291 23	191 17	251 17	165 15	106 8	154 26	130 11	162 11	195 22	114 16
Number of friends and family surveys completed	Morriston NPTH	12 month improvement trend		~~~	995	941	1,131	878	1,130	1,285	1,454	1,245	1,336	1,194	1,341	1,629	1,590
	Singleton Total			~~~~	1,452 2,025	1,118 2,733	1,602 <b>3,194</b>	1,580 <b>2,776</b>	1,727 3,395	1,485 <b>3,099</b>	1,737 3,353	1,648 <b>3,133</b>	1,932 3,550	1,727 <b>3,292</b>	1,931 <b>3,391</b>	2,343 <b>3,950</b>	2,252 3,914
	PCCS MH&LD			<u> </u>	90% 94%	90% 90%	94% 97%	90% 100%	93% 100%	95% 100%	92% 100%	94% 100%	94% 100%	90% 100%	94% 100%	94% 100%	95% 100%
% of patients who would recommend and highly recommend	Morriston NPTH	90%	80%	~~	93%	92%	93%	94%	94%	84%	86%	85%	92%	83%	84%	84%	83%
	Singleton Total				90% 92%	92% 92%	94% 94%	94% 93%	94% 92%	94% 90%	94% 90%	91% 89%	92% 90%	92% 88%	92% 89%	91% 89%	91% 88%
	PCCS MH&LD			~~~	92%	94%	89%	97%	97%	99%	97%	96%	95%	92%	96%	96%	96%
% of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 or 10 on overall satisfaction	Morriston NPTH	90%	80%	~~~	96%	94%	93%	96%	97%	89%	91%	89%	89%	82%	89%	90%	88%
	Singleton Total			<b>}</b>	96% <b>96%</b>	95% <b>93%</b>	93% <b>93%</b>	97% 96%	96% 93%	97% <b>91%</b>	97% <b>91</b> %	94% <b>89%</b>	95% <b>91%</b>	92% <b>91%</b>	94% 90%	94% 93%	94% <b>92%</b>
	PCCS MH&LD			~ ~	11 12	12 13	16 13	9	15 19	19 16	23 15	16 10	34 14	20 16	22 11		
Number of new complaints received	Morriston NPTH	12 month reduction rend		~~~ ~~~	61 6	57 6	66 8	42 3	53 7	49 13	52 3	54 6	69 4	53 2	70 6		
5	Singleton Total			~~~	21 115	33 134	26 159	20 115	21 <b>124</b>	36 139	51 156	28 <b>12</b> 3	46 176	21 118	39 <b>153</b>		
% of complaints that have received a final reply (under	PCCS MH&LD			<>>	73% 92%	83% 69%	88% 31%	78% 78%	67% 58%	68% 38%	87% 60%	94% 70%	88% 43%	75% 69%	82% 73%		
up to and including 30 working days from the date the	Morriston NPTH	75%	80%	<b>\{\}</b>	84% 50%	70% 83%	73% 75%	69% 67%	74% 29%	78% 62%	73% 67%	83% 83%	74% 50%	72% 100%	70% 67%		
complaint was first received by the organisation	Singleton Total			<	52% 75%	48% 67%	54% 69%	50% 68%	43% 63%	50% 64%	43% 65%	57% 76%	54% 69%	38% 65%	38% 64%		

5.3 Updates on key measures

### **PLANNED CARE Current Performance Description** Referrals and September 2022 has seen a reduction in referral figures compared with August 2022 (12,930). Referral rates have continued to rise slowly since December 2021, with 12,572 received in September 2022. Chart 4 shows the shape of the shape of the waiting list current waiting list. Chart 3 shows the waiting list as at December 2019 as this reflects a typical monthly snapshot of the waiting list prior to the COVID19 pandemic. **Trend** 1. GP Referrals 1. Number of GP referrals received by SBU Health 2. Number of stage 1 additions per week The number of Board Stage 1 additions 17.500 2500 15,000 per week 2000 12,500 1500 10,000 2. Stage 1 7.500 1000 additions 5,000 500 The number of new 2,500 patients that have Apr-22 May-22 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22 been added to the outpatient waiting list Additions to outpatients (stage 1) waiting list ■Routine ☑Urgent 3. Size of the waiting list 3. Total size of the waiting list and movement 4. Total size of the waiting list and movement Total number of (December 2019) (September 2022) patients on the 3500 3500 waiting list by stage 3000 3000 as at December 2500 2500 2019 2000 2000 1500 4. Size of the 1500 waiting list 1000 1000 Total number of 500 500 patients on the waiting list by stage as at August 2022 ■ STAGE 1 ■ STAGE 2 ■ STAGE 3 ■ STAGE 4 ■ STAGE 5 ■ STAGE 1 ■ STAGE 2 ■ STAGE 3 ■ STAGE 4 ■ STAGE 5

#### **PLANNED CARE Description Current Performance Outpatient waiting** The number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for a first outpatient appointment is still a challenge. September 2022 saw an in-month reduction of 4% in the number of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment. The number times of breaches reduced from 27,019 in August 2022 to 26,065 in September 2022. Orthopaedics has the largest proportion 1. Number of of patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient appointment, closely followed by Ophthalmology and ENT. Chart 4 shows that the number of attendances has remained steady in recent months despite the impact of the recent Covid patients waiting more than 26 weeks wave. for an outpatient **Trend** appointment (stage 1. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- HB total 2. Number of stage 1 over 26 weeks- Hospital level 1)- Health Board 30.000 22,500 20,000 Total 25,000 20.000 2. Number of 15.000 7,500 5,000 2,500 patients waiting 10.000 more than 26 weeks 5.000 for an outpatient Aug-22 Sep-22 Jan-22 May-22 Jun-22 Apr-22 Jul-22 Oct-21 Feb-22 Mar-22 Sep-21 Dec-21 Apr-22 Aug-22 May-22 Jul-22 appointment (stage Mar-22 Dec-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 1)- Hospital Level Singleton NPTH Morriston Outpatients > 26 wks (SB UHB) 3. Patients waiting 3. Patients waiting over 26 weeks for an outpatient 4. Outpatient activity undertaken over 26 weeks for an appointment by specialty as at September 2022 30,000 outpatient 25.000 6,000 appointment by 20,000 5,000 specialty 15,000 4,000 10.000 3,000 5.000 2,000 4. Outpatient activity 1,000 Aug-22 Feb-22 May-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 Mar-22 undertaken Dec-21 New outpatient attendances Follow-up attendances \*\*Please note – reporting measures changed from June 2021 – Using power BI platform

#### **PLANNED CARE Description Current Performance** The number of patients waiting longer than 36 weeks from referral to treatment has increased every month since the first wave **Patients waiting** of COVID19 in March 2020. In September 2022, there were 37,095 patients waiting over 36 weeks which is a 3.9% in-month over 36 weeks for reduction from August 2022, 27,077 of the 37,095 were waiting over 52 weeks in September 2022. In September 2022, there treatment were 10,623 patients waiting over 104 weeks for treatment, which is a 3% reduction from August 2022. 1. Number of **Trend** patients waiting 1. Number of patients waiting over 36 weeks- HB total 2. Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks at Stage 1more than 36 weeks HB total for treatment and the 50,000 20,000 number of elective 40,000 patients admitted for 15,000 30,000 treatment- Health 10,000 20,000 Board Total 10,000 5.000 2. Number of Nov-21 Dec-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22 Apr-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 patients waiting more than 36 weeks for treatment Outpatients >52 wks (SB UHB) ->36 wks (SB UHB) Traiectory Ministerial Target = 0 by December 2022 Ministerial Target = 0 by 2026 3. Number of elective admissions 3. Number of elective admissions 4. Number of patients waiting over 104 weeks- HB total 4. Number of 15000 6.000 patients waiting 5,000 more than 104 10000 4.000 weeks for treatment 3.000 5000 2.000 1.000 Apr-22 May-22 Jun-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Jul-22 Nov-21 Dec-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22 Oct-22 0 Aug-22 May-22 Nov-21 Jan-22 Feb-22 **Mar-22** Apr-22 Jun-22 Jul-22 Sep-22 Sep-21 Oct-21 Dec-21 > 104 weeks —Trajectory Admitted elective patients Ministerial Target = 0 by 2024

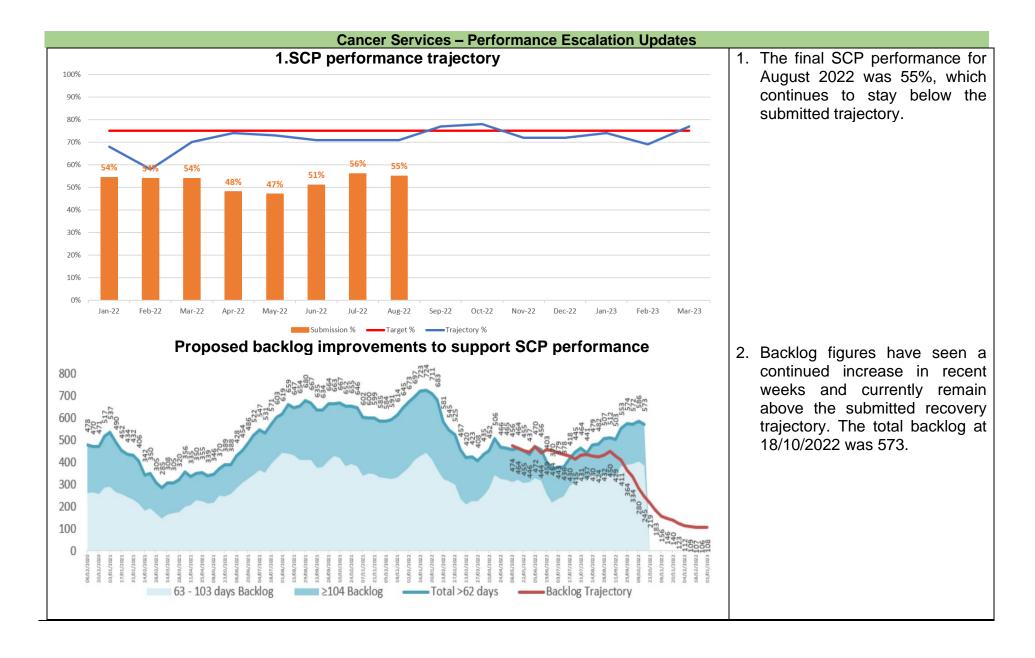
	PLANNED CARE	
Description	Current P	Performance
Total waiting times Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment	Throughout 2019/20 the overall percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment ranged between 80% and 88%. Whereas, throughout the Covid19 pandemic in 2020/21 the percentage ranged between 41% and 72%.  In September 2022, 52.1% of patients were waiting under 26 weeks from referral to treatment, which is 0.1% more than those seen in August 2022.	Percentage of patient waiting less than 26 weeks  80% 60% 40% 20% 0%  1
Ophthalmology waiting times Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments	In September 2022, 60.3% of Ophthalmology R1 patients were waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% of the target date.  There was an upward trend in performance in 2019/20 however, there was a continuous downward trend in performance in 2020/21, however performance seems to be improving slightly in 2021/22.  Actions of Improvement; A detailed Ophthalmology action plan is currently being executed which focusses on performance improvement schemes using insourcing and outsourcing resources, administrative validation and active recruitment to fill any current vacancies impacting capacity	Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are waiting within their clinical target date or within 25% in excess of their clinical target date for their care or treatments  100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0%  **Target*  **Target*  Percentage of ophthalmology R1 patients who are within their clinical target date or within 25% beyond their clinical target date.  Target*

	THEATRE EFFICI	ENCY
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Theatre Efficiency 1. Theatre Utilisation Rates	In September 2022 the Theatre Utilisation rate was 71%. This is an in-month improvement of 12% and marginally lower rates than those seen in September 2021.	1. Theatre Utilisation Rates  100% 80% 60% 40% 20%
2. % of theatre sessions starting late	37% of theatre sessions started late in September 2022. This is a 1% deterioration on performance in August 2022 (36%).	Sep-21 Nov-21 Nov-21 May-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Aug-22 Sep-22 Sep-23
3. % of theatre sessions finishing early	In September 2022, 48% of theatre sessions finished early. This is 5% higher than figures seen in August 2022 and 2% higher than those seen in September 2021	2. and 3. % theatre sessions starting late/finishing  80% 60% 40% 20%
4. % of theatre sessions cancelled at short notice (<28 days)	9% of theatre sessions were cancelled at short notice in September 2022. This is 10% lower than figures reported in August 2022 and is 3% higher than figures seen in September 2021.	17   17   17   17   17   17   17   17
5. % of operations cancelled on the day	Of the operations cancelled in September 2022, 36% of them were cancelled on the day. This is a deterioration from 31% in September	40% 20% 0% 17-description New Year State of Stat
		80% 40% 20% 0% 17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-1

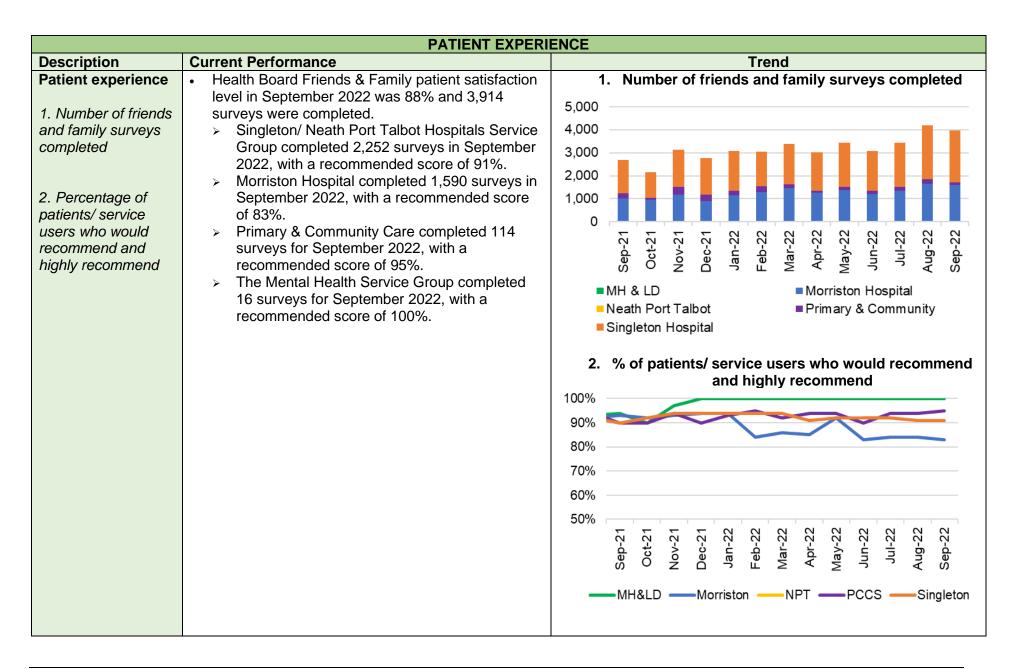
	PLANNED CARI	E
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Diagnostics waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 8 weeks for specified diagnostics	In September 2022, there was a slight increase in the number of patients waiting over 8 weeks for specified diagnostics. It increased from 6,108 in August to 6,177 in September 2022.  The following is a breakdown for the 8-week breaches by diagnostic test for September 2022:  Endoscopy= 4,205  Cardiac tests= 1,019  Other Diagnostics = 953 ^  Actions of Improvement; Endoscopy waits have reduced slightly this month and the figures are slightly above the submitted trajectory. The Endoscopy team have implemented several actions to support future improvement, which include increasing list capacity, increasing insourcing and outsourcing sessions, along with an ongoing clinical validation project.	Number of patients waiting longer than 8 weeks for diagnostics  5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 0  Endoscopy >8wks (SBU HB)  Endoscopy >8wks (SBU HB)  Ministerial Target = Endoscopy waits > 8 Weeks will be 0 by Spring 2024
Therapy waiting times The number of patients waiting more than 14 weeks for specified therapies	In September 2022 there were 755 patients waiting over 14 weeks for specified Therapies.  The breakdown for the breaches in September 2022 are:  Podiatry = 615 Speech & Language Therapy= 58 ^ Dietetics = 22  Actions of Improvement; The Service Group have already identified the declining position in both Dietetics and Podiatry and have developed detailed recovery trajectories in both areas. Podiatry have developed a revised recovery trajectory for Q4, with Dietetics working through their deadline for recovery	Number of patients waiting longer than 14 weeks for therapies  2,000 1,500 1,000 500 0 1,000 1,000 500 0 1,000 0 1

Current Performance	
shape of the waiting list  Single Cancer Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway backlog-patients waiting over 63 days  Single Cancer Pathway backlog-patients waiting over 63 days  Tumour Site 63-103 days 2104 days  Acute Leukaemia 0 0 0  Gynaecological 1 0 0  Heast 20 5  Children's cancer 0 0 0  Head and neck 20 7  Lung 14 8  Other 6 0 0  Sarcoma 7 2  Skin(c) 21 5  Urological 56 36  Grand Total 405 182  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction;  Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper Gl, Lower Gl, Gynae and Breast.  Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
Single Cancer Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway backlog-patients waiting over 63 days  Single Cancer Pathway backlog-patients waiting over 63 days  Acute Leukaemia 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	an 62 days
Single Cancer Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  Active Leukaetinia 0 0 0 Breast 20 5 Children's cancer 0 0 0 Gynaecological 42 16 Haematological 7 13 Head and neck 20 7 Lower Gastrointestinal 151 57 Lung 14 8 Other 6 0 0 Sarcoma 7 2 Skin(c) 21 5 Upper Gastrointestinal 59 33 Urological 56 36 Grand Total 405 182  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days  Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer within 62 days from point of suspicion utilined to support backlog reduction; - Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
Single Cancer Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days    Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days    Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days    Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days    Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days    Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days    September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; - Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable    September 2022 has been an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; - Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
Single Cancer Pathway   Percentage of patients   Starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)   Single Cancer Pathway backlog-patients waiting over 63 days	
Pathway Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  Children's cancer  O 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	P2
Percentage of patients starting first definitive cancer treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway backlog-patients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction;  I Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	2 0 U
Head and neck   20   7	
within 62 days from point of suspicion (regardless of the referral route)  Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days  Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days  Single Cancer Pathway backlogpatients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction;  Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
Lung	
Content   Con	
Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast. Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable    Deper Gastrointestinal   59   33   36   36   36   36   36   36   3	7 7 7 7
Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast. Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable    Deper Gastrointestinal   59   33   36   36   36   36   36   36   3	5 5 5
Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast. Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable    Dercentage of patients starting first definitive cance within 62 days from point of suspicion within 62 days from point of suspicion on within 62 days from point of suspicion support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast. Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	Aug-, Sep-,
Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast. Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable    Dercentage of patients starting first definitive cance within 62 days from point of suspicion within 62 days from point of suspicion on within 62 days from point of suspicion support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast. Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	y ny ey
Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction;  Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable  Percentage of patients starting first definitive cance within 62 days from point of suspicion  SCP Performance  Possible Cancer  Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction;  Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	•
Single Cancer Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  September 2022 has seen an increase in the number of patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction;  Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable  Percentage of patients starting first definitive cance within 62 days from point of suspicion within 62 days from point of suspicion suspicion within 62 days from point of suspicion	iys
Pathway backlog- patients waiting over 63 days  patients waiting over 63 days  patients waiting over 63 days. The following actions have been outlined to support backlog reduction; Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast. Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable  within 62 days from point of suspicion  within 62 days from point of suspicion  scp Performance  100%	
patients waiting over 63 days  Outlined to support backlog reduction;  Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
- Individual meetings are taking place with tumour sites to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	1
to explore additional work to support a further reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  - Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
reduction in the backlog, with specific focus on Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast.  - Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
Urology, Upper GI, Lower GI, Gynae and Breast Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
- Focussed work is being undertaken with the Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
Endoscopy service to develop a sustainable	
Engoscopy pian	
- Targeted work is being undertaken to focus on	
reducing the number of patients waiting >104 days as a priority	
- Data quality is currently being reviewed to support the	
validation of any backlog figures	-22 Jan-23 Feb-23 Mar-23
- Work is currently underway to develop a live	
dashboard for efficient data review of all patients	
additional for emoletic data review of all patients	

			CANCER										
Description	<b>Current Performance</b>				Tı	rend							
USC First Outpatient Appointments	To date, early October 2022 f volumes for first outpatient ap			The number of patients waiting for a first ou appointment (by total days waiting) – Early Oc									
The number of	increased by 15% when comp	pared wit	h the previous		FIRST OPA	02-Oct	09-Oct						
patients at first	week.				Acute Leukaemia	0	0						
outpatient					Brain/CNS Breast	0	0						
appointment stage by	Of the total number of patient	s awaiting	g a first		Children's Cancer	1	2						
days waiting	outpatient appointment, 42%	have bee	en booked,		Gynaecological	58	98						
, G	which is a reduction increase		•		Haematological	3	1						
	performance.	•			Head and Neck	88	102						
					Lower GI	95	79						
					Lung	9 37	5 67						
					Other Sarcoma	1	0						
					Skin	190	200						
					Upper GI	47	62						
					Urological	21	16						
						550	632						
Radiotherapy waiting times  The percentage of	Radiotherapy waiting times at the provision of emergency ra 2 days has been maintained a COVID19 outbreak.	adiothera	by within 1 and	100% 90% 80%	Radiotherap	y waitii	ng times						
patients receiving	Measure	Target	August-22	70% 60%			>						
radiotherapy	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	80%	34%	50%	$\wedge =$	<b>/</b>							
treatment	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	100%	85%	40% 30%									
	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	80%	54%	20%	_								
	Urgent SC (14 Day Target)	100%	89%	10%									
	Emergency (within 1 day)	80%	100%		2 2 2 2	2 2	22 22	5 5 5					
	Emergency (within 2 days)	100%	100%	Sep-21 Oct-21	Nov-21 Dec-21 Jan-22	Mar-22	Apr-22 May-22	Jun-22 Jul-22 Aug-22 Sep-22					
	Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	80%	91%	Scheduled	(21 Day Target) (7 Day Target)		Schedule	d (28 Day Target) C (14 Day Target)					
	Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	100%	97%	Emergency	(within 1 day) lay (21 Day Target)	-	Emergen	cy (within 2 days) Delay (28 Day Target)					



	FOLLOW-UP APPOIN	TMENTS
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Follow-up appointments  1. The total number of patients on the follow-up waiting list  2. The number of patients waiting 100% over target for a follow-up appointment	In September 2022, the overall size of the follow-up waiting list increased by 1,253 patients compared with August 2022 (from 138,736 to 139,989).  In September 2022, there was a total of 62,461 patients waiting for a follow-up past their target date. This is a slight in-month increase of 1.1% (from 61,778 in August 2022 to 62,461 in September 2022).  Of the 62,461 delayed follow-ups in September 2022, 12,312 had appointment dates and 50,149 were still waiting for an appointment.	1. Total number of patients waiting for a follow-up  150,000 125,000 100,000 75,000 50,000 25,000  Number of patients waiting for a follow-up  Number of patients waiting for follow-up (SBU HB)
	In addition, 36,144 patients were waiting 100%+ over target date in September 2022. This is a 0.3% increase when compared with August 2022.  Actions of Improvement; Recently a new internal SBUHB validation team has been created and they have recently started validation work. Alongside this, Welsh Government has facilitated a pan-Wales contract with HBSUK to undertake more in-depth validation which focuses on direct contact with patients and a more "clinical-triage" approach.	22. Delayed follow-ups: Number of patients waiting 100% over target  40,000 35,000 25,000 25,000 10,000 5,000 10,000 5,000 Number of patients waiting 100% over target date (SBU HB)  Trajectory



		COMPLAINTS	S
Description	Current Performance		Trend
Patient concerns  1. Number of formal complaints received	1. In July 2022, the Health E complaints; this is a 23% in seen in June 2022.  Since the COVID19 outbreathe monthly number of comsignificantly low. The numbincreased each month and consistent with those seen process.	crease on the number  ak began in March 2020, plaints received has been pers have gradually numbers are now	1. Number of formal complaints received  80  60  40  20  Feb-22 Mar-22 Apr-22 May-22 Jun-22 Jul-22  MH & LD Morriston Hospital NPT Hospital PCCS Singleton Hospital
2. Percentage of concerns that have received a final reply or an interim reply up to and including 30 working days from the date the concern was first received by the organisation	2. The overall Health Board concerns within 30 working July 2022, against the Wels 75% and Health Board target.  Below is a breakdown of peday response target:  Neath Port Talbot Hospital  Morriston Hospital  Mental Health & Learning Disabilities  Primary, Community and Therapies  Singleton Hospital	days was 64% in ships the	2. Response rate for concerns within 30 days  90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% War-22 Ab-day Ab-d

## **6.1 Overview**

		Harm fr	om wide	r societ	tal actio	ns/lockdo	wn				
M	1. 19.	National/ Local	Internal						SBU		
Measure	Locality	Target	profile	Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21 Nov-	21 Dec-21	Jan-22 Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22 May-22 Jun-22	Jul-22 Aug-22 Sep-
	<u> </u>		Chil	dhood imn	nunisation						
% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in	NPT				96.6%	97.09	%	96.2%			
it vaccine by age 1	Swansea	95%	90%		95.9%	95.59	%	95.7%			
vaccine by age 1	HB Total				96.2%	96.19	%	95.9%			
	NPT				96.6%	96.79		96.5%		<u> </u>	
6 children who received MenB2 vaccine by age 1	Swansea	95%	90%		95.5%	95.19		95.3%			
	HB Total				95.9%	95.79	%	95.8%		<u> </u>	
	NPT				98.2%	98.79	V <sub>2</sub>	97.4%		•	
% children who received PCV2 vaccine by age 1	Swansea	95%	90%		96.8%	96.39		97.0%			
to children who received i GVZ vaccine by age i	HB Total		3070		97.3%	97.29		97.2%		<del> </del>	
							•				
	NPT				96.6%	96.39	%	95.8%			
% children who received Rotavirus vaccine by age 1	Swansea	95%	90%		94.4%	94.19	%	94.6%			
	HB Total				95.2%	94.99	%	95.1%			
											_
	NPT				94.3%	95.29		94.5%			
% children who received MMR1 vaccine by age 2	Swansea	95%	90%		93.8%	93.09		93.6%			
	HB Total				94.0%	93.89	%	93.9%			
	NIDT				05.00/	0.4.00	V	02.00/			1
, 131 1 : 150/W : 1 0	NPT	95%	000/		95.6%	94.69		93.9%		<u>.                                    </u>	
% children who received PCVf3 vaccine by age 2	Swansea HB Total	95%	90%		93.0% 93.9%	93.39 <b>93.8</b> 9		92.6% 93.1%			
	HB Total				93.9%	93.83	/0	93.1%			
	NPT				95.3%	94.99	%	94.2%			
% children who received MenB4 vaccine by age 2	Swansea	95%	90%		93.0%	93.39		92.8%			
, ,	HB Total				93.8%	93.99		93.3%			
	NPT				95.3%	94.39		93.6%			
% children who received Hib/MenC vaccine by age 2	Swansea	95%	90%		93.5%	92.39		93.2%			
	HB Total				94.1%	93.09	%	93.3%			

	L Etc.	National/ Local	Internal	Torond							SBU						
Measure	Locality	Target	profile	Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-2
	NPT				86.4%		82.2%			85.9%							
% children who are up to date in schedule by age 4	Swansea	95%	90%		88.3%		85.6%			86.4%							
	HB Total				87.6%		86.8%			86.2%							
	NPT				89.0%		91.6%			88.4%							
% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR	Swansea	95%	90%		90.3%		90.9%			87.8%							
vaccine by age 5	HB Total	-			89.8%		91.2%			88.0%							
	IIID Total			1													
	NPT				89.3%		92.4%			90.1%							
% children who received 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5	Swansea	95%	90%		92.0%		90.1%			88.7%							
7.6 children who received 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5	HB Total	- 3370	3070		91.0%		91.0%			89.2%							
-	no iviai				31.070		31.070			05.270							
	NDT	+	1	1	94.0%		93.3%			92.6%							
N shildren who seem and MMD was in all seems and all	NPT	- 050/	000/		90.0%		93.3%			92.0%							
% children who received MMR vaccination by age 16		95%	90%														
	HB Total	-	<u> </u>		91.6%		92.0%			91.0%							
	I				00.40/		07.00/			00.007							
	NPT				90.4%		87.9%			89.3%							
% children who received teenage booster by age 16		90%	85%		90.0%		91.0%			89.2%		<u> </u>					
	HB Total				90.2%		89.8%			89.2%							
% children who received MenACWY vaccine by age	NPT				90.9%		88.1%			89.8%							
16	Swansea	Improve			90.4%		91.3%			90.1%		<u> </u>					
] 10	HB Total				90.6%		90.0%			90.0%							
% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48	< 18 years old	100%			95%	97%	97%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
hours from receipt of referral (Crisis) (< 18 yrs)	(CAMHS)	10070		17	9070	9170	9170	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
% of patients waiting less than 28 days for 1st	< 18 years old	80%		1 . M	40%	40%	34%	22%	28%	27%	29%	18%	40%	33%	38%	34%	
outpatient appointment (< 18 yrs)	(CAMHS)	8070		\~\v	4070	4070	3470	2270	2070	21 70	2570	10 70	4070	3370	3070	3470	
% of routine assessments undertaken within 28	< 18 years old	80%		<b> </b> \	89%	65%	36%	43%	28%	24%	36%	23%	23%	22%	42%	27%	
days from receipt of referral (PCAMHS) (< 18 yrs)	(CAMHS)	0070		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0370	0070	3070	4570	2070	2470	3070	<u> </u>	2070	2270	42.70	2170	
% of routine assessments undertaken within 28	< 18 years old	80%		N~V	41%	3%	3%	2%	27%	26%	30%	19%	41%	41%	38%	34%	
days from receipt of referral (SCAMHS) (< 18 yrs)	(CAMHS)	0070		V .	4170	370	3,0	2 //	2.70	2070	3070	1576	4170	4170	3070	3470	
% of mental health assessments undertaken within				1010								i					
(up to and including) 28 days from the date of	> 18 years old	80%		/ \/ <i>V</i> \/	96%	98%	98%	95%	95%	99%	96%	97%	98%	96%	94%	97%	
receipt of referral (> 18 yrs)				, v													
% of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days		80%		.~~	35%	0%	64%	50%	39%	67%	78%	51%	51%	38%	61%	35%	
following assessment by LPMHSS (< 18 yrs)	(CAMHS)			V	00,0	0,70	0.170	00,0	0070	0.70	1070		0170	0070	0.170	0070	
% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to				$1 \sim $								!					
and including) 28 days following an assessment by	> 18 years old	80%		1/	90%	98%	96%	100%	99%	100%	98%	96%	97%	100%	100%	100%	
LPMHSS (> 18 yrs)				/								<u> </u>					
% of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a	l			7								!					
psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental	> 18 years old	95%		1 1	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	97%	
Health (> 18 yrs)				1													
% of patients with NDD receiving diagnostic	< 18 years old			I ∧								i					
assessment and intervention within 26 weeks (<	(CAMHS)	80%			34%	34%	37%	37%	33%	33%	35%	35%	36%	47%	44%	44%	
18 yrs)	(Gramino)			7 \													
% residents in receipt of secondary mental health	< 18 years old			1 1/													
services (all ages) who have a valid care and	(CAMHS)	90%		I ./V	84%	84%	84%	84%	89%	88%	100%	87%	97%	100%	100%	100%	
treatment plan (CTP) (< 18 yrs)	(UNIVITO)																
% residents in receipt of secondary mental health				~~													
services (all ages) who have a valid care and	> 18 years old	90%		l. /	84%	83%	81%	80%	81%	85%	89%	88%	89%	89%	89%	90%	
treatment plan (CTP) (> 18 yrs)				$\sim$													

6.3 Updates on key measures

6.3 Opdates on key mea	ADULT MENTAL H	<b>EALTH</b>
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Adult Mental Health Measures: 1. % of MH	1. In August 2022, 079/ of accomments were	1. % Mental Health assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral
assessments undertaken within 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (18 years and over)	In August 2022, 97% of assessments were undertaken within 28 days of referral for patients 18 years and over.	75% 50% 25% 0%  Way-22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
2 % of thoronoutic	2. In August 2022, the percentage of therepolitic	2. % Mental Health therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following LPMHSS assessment
2. % of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (18 years and over)	<ol> <li>In August 2022, the percentage of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following an assessment by the Local Primary Mental Health Support Service (LPMHSS) was 100%.</li> </ol>	100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-1
3. % of health board	3. 90% of residents in receipt of secondary care	3. % residents with a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)
residents in receipt of secondary mental health services who have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)	mental health services had a valid Care and Treatment Plan in August 2022.	10% 80% 40% 20%  Nov-21 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1
(18 years and over)		4. % waiting less than 26 weeks for Psychology Therapy
4. % of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	4. In July 2022, 96.5% of patients waited less than 26 weeks for psychological therapy. This was above the national target of 95%.	100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 12-b-c-12-12-22-22-22-27-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-

	CHILD & ADOLESCENT MENTA	L HEALTH (CAMHS)
Description	Current Performance	Trend
Crisis - % Urgent     Assessment by     CAMHS undertaken     within 48 Hours from     receipt of referral	In August 2022, 100% of CAMHS patients received an assessment within 48 hours.	1. Crisis- assessment within 48 hours  100% 90% 80% 70%
2. Primary CAMHS (P-CAMHS) - % Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	2. 27% of routine assessments were undertaken within 28 days from referral in August 2022 against a target of 80%.	Wurgent assessments within 48 hours
3. Primary CAMHS (P-CAMHS) - % Therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	3. 35% of therapeutic interventions were started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS in August 2022.	100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 12-bn A So Oct-21 C2-bn A So Oct-22 C2-bn A So
4. NDD - % Neurodevelopmental Disorder patients receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	4. 44% of NDD patients received a diagnostic assessment within 26 weeks in August 2022 against a target of 80%.	4. NDD- assessment within 26 weeks  100% 25% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20
5. Specialist CAMHS (S-CAMHS) - % Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	5. 34% of routine assessments by SCAMHS were undertaken within 28 days in August 2022.within 28 in July 2022	5. S-CAMHS % assessments within 28 days  100% 75% 50% 25% 0% 17-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-

APPENDIX 2: Summary
The following table provides a high level overview of the Health Board's most recent performance against key quality and safety measures by quadrant component measure.

		Harm	quadrant-	Harm from	Covid its	elf					
Category	Measure	Target Type	Target	Internal HB Profile	Reporting period	Morriston	NPTH	Singleton	Primary & Community	MH & LD	HB Total
	Number of new COVID19 cases*	Local			Sep-22						218
	Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing*	Local			Sep-22						10
	Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test*	Local			Sep-22						0
	Number of COVID19 related incidents*	Local			Sep-22						84
COVID19 rela	Number of COVID19 related serious incidents*	Local			Sep-22						1
	Number of COVID19 related complaints*	Local			Sep-22						11
	Number of COVID19 related risks*	Local			Oct-21						0
	Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)*	Local			Sep-22						5
	Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)*	Local			Sep-22						100
	% sickness*	Local			Sep-22						0.8%

National or local target achieved
Target not achieved but within tolerance level
Performance outside of profile/ target

<sup>\*</sup> In the absence of local profiles, RAG is based on in-month movement

	Harm q	uadrant- Harr	n from over	whelmed N	NHS and s	ocial care	system	1			
Category	Measure	Target Type	Target	Internal HB Profile	Reporting period	Morriston	NPTH	Singleton	Primary & Community	MH & LD	HB Total
	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour*	National	0		Sep-22	710		22			732
Unscheduled Care	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge*	National	95%		Sep-22	55.9%	98.2%				73%
	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge*	National	0		Sep-22	1,470	0				1,470
	% of patients who have a direct admission to an acute stroke unit within 4 hours*	National	59.8% (UK SNAP average)		Sep-22	8%					8%
	% of patients who receive a CT scan within 1 hour*	National	54.5% (UK SNAP average)		Sep-22	55%					55%
Stroke	% of patients who are assessed by a stroke specialist consultant physician within 24 hours*	National	84.2% (UK SNAP average)		Sep-22	93%					93%
	% of thrombolysed stroke patients with a door to door needle time of less than or equal to 45 minutes*	National	12 month improvement trend		Sep-22	0%					0%
	% of patients receiving the required minutes for speech and language therapy*	National	12 month improvement trend		Sep-22	35%					35%
	Number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases	National		21	Sep-22	0	1	5	9	0	15
	Number of S.aureus bacteraemia cases	National	<u>.                                    </u>	6	Sep-22	6	0	2	5	0	13
Healthcare	Number of C.difficile cases	National	12 month reduction trend	9	Sep-22	6	0	5	3	0	14
acquired infections	Number of Klebsiella cases	National	reduction trend	6	Sep-22	0	0	1	9	0	10
	Number of Aeruginosa cases	National		2	Sep-22	2	0	2	1	0	5
	Compliance with hand hygiene audits	Local	95%		Sep-22	99%	100%	100%	97%	97%	95%

<sup>\*</sup> In the absence of local profiles, RAG is based on in-month movement

	Harm q	uadrant- Hari	n from over	whelmed I	NHS and s	ocial care	system	1			
Category	Measure	Target Type	Target	Internal HB Profile	Reporting period	Morriston	NPTH	Singleton	Primary & Community	MH & LD	HB Total
	Prompt orthogeriatric assessment- % patients receiving an assessment by a senior geriatrician within 72 hours of presentation	Local	75%		Aug-22	92.9%					92.9%
	Prompt surgery - % patients undergoing surgery by the day following presentation with hip fracture	Local	75%		Aug-22	26.5%					26.5%
	NICE compliant surgery - % of operations consistent with the recommendations of NICE CG124	Local	75%		Aug-22	71.6%					71.6%
Fractured	Prompt mobilisation after surgery - % of patients out of bed (standing or hoisted) by the day after operation	Local	75%		Aug-22	70.2%					70.2%
Neck of Femur (#NOF)	Not delirious when tested- % patients (<4 on 4AT test) when tested in the week after operation	Local	75%		Aug-22	75.9%					75.9%
	Return to original residence- % patients discharged back to original residence, or in that residence at 120 day follow-up	Local	75%		Aug-22	66.2%					66.2%
	30 day mortality - crude and adjusted figures, noting ONS data only correct after around 6 months	Local	12 month improvement trend		Jan-21	7.5%					7.5%
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	Local	12 month improvement trend		Feb-22	81.4%					81.4%
	Number of Nationally Reportable Incidents	Local	12 month reduction trend		Sep-22	4	1	1	0	9	15
Serious incidents	Of the nationally reportable incidents due for assurance, the % which were assured within the agreed timescales	Local	90%		Sep-22						0%
	Number of Never Events	Local	0		Sep-22	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total number of Pressure Ulcers	Local	12 month reduction trend		Aug-22	34	3	16	50	1	104
Pressure Ulcers	Total number of Grade 3+ Pressure Ulcers	Local	12 month reduction trend		Aug-22	2	0	1	11	0	14
	Pressure Ulcer (Hosp) patients per 100,000 admissions	Local	12 month reduction trend		Aug-22						767
Inpatient Falls	Total number of Inpatient Falls	Local	12 month reduction trend		Sep-22	72	18	55	6	24	175
inpatient Falls	Inpatient Falls per 1,000 beddays	Local	Between 3.0 & 5.0		Sep-22						4.29
	Universal Mortality reviews undertaken within 28 days (	Local	95%		Feb-22	98%	67%				97%
Mortality	Stage 2 mortality reviews completed within 60 days	Local	95%		Nov-21	56%	-	0%			50%
	Crude hospital mortality rate by Delivery Unit (74 years	National	12 month reduction trend		Aug-22	1.42%	0.05%	0.44%			0.83%

<sup>\*</sup> In the absence of local profiles, RAG is based on in-month movement

	Ha	arm quadran	t- Harm fron	n reduction	n in non-C	ovid activ	ity				
Category	Measure	Target Type	Target	Internal HB Profile	Reporting period	Morriston	NPTH	Singleton	Primary & Community	MH & LD	HB Total
Cancer	Single Cancer Pathway- % of patients started treatment within 62 days (with suspensions)*	National	75%		Sep-22 (Draft)						45%
	Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient appointment	National	0		Sep-22	18,748	1	7,218	98		26,065
	Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment (inc. Diagnostics > 36 wks)	National	0		Sep-22	25,771	1	10,557	124		37,095
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified diagnostics	National	0		Sep-22	1,975		4,202			6,177
	Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified therapy	National	0		Sep-22		82		673	0	755
Planned Care	outpatient appointment	National	0		Sep-22						139,989
	Number of patients delayed by over 100% past their target date	National	0		Sep-22						36,144
	Number of patients delayed past their agreed target date (booked and not booked)	Local	0		Sep-22						62,461
	Number of Ophthalmology patients without an allocated health risk factor	Local	0		Sep-22						400
	Number of patients without a documented clinical review date	Local	0		Sep-22						4
	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	12 month improvement trend		Sep-22	1,590	Now	2,252	114	16	1,590
	% of patients who would recommend and highly recommend	Local	90%	80%	Sep-22	83%	reported under	91%	95%	100%	88%
Patient	% of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 or 10 on overall satisfaction	Local	90%	80%	Sep-22	88%	Singleton	94%	96%		92%
Experience/ Feedback	Number of new complaints received	Local	12 month reduction rend		Jul-22	70	6	39	22	11	153
	% of complaints that have received a final reply (under Regulation 24) or an interim reply (under Regulation 26) up to and including 30 working days from the date the complaint was first received by the organisation	National	75%	80%	Jul-22	70%	67%	38%	82%	73%	64%

<sup>\*</sup> In the absence of local profiles, RAG is based on in-month movement

	Ha	rm Quadrant	Harm fron	n wider soo	ietal actio	ns/lockdo	wn				
Category	Measure	Target Type	Target	Internal HB Profile	Reporting period	Morriston	NPTH	Singleton	Primary & Community	MH & LD	HB Total
	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine by age 1	National	95%	90%	Q4 2021/22				,		95.9%
	% children who received MenB2 vaccine by age 1		95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						95.8%
	% children who received PCV2 vaccine by age 1		95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						97.2%
	% children who received Rotavirus vaccine by age 1		95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						95.1%
	% children who received MMR1 vaccine by age 2	Local	95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						93.9%
	% children who received PCVf3 vaccine by age 2	Local	95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						93.1%
Childhood	% children who received MenB4 vaccine by age 2		95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						93.3%
	% children who received Hib/MenC vaccine by age 2		95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						93.3%
	% children who are up to date in schedule by age 4		95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						86.2%
	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						88.0%
	% children who received 4 in 1 vaccine by age 5		95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						89.2%
	% children who received MMR vaccination by age 16	Local	95%	90%	Q4 2021/22						91.0%
	% children who received teenage booster by age 16	Local	90%	85%	Q4 2021/22						89.2%
	% children who received MenACWY vaccine by age		Improve		Q4 2021/22						90.0%
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours										
	from receipt of referral (Crisis) (< 18 yrs)	Local	100%		Aug-22						100%
	% of patients waiting less than 28 days for 1st outpatient appointment (< 18 yrs)	National	80%		Aug-22						34%
	% of routine assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral (PCAMHS) (< 18 yrs)	National	80%		Aug-22						27%
	% of routine assessments undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral (SCAMHS) (< 18 yrs)	Local	80%		Aug-22						34%
	% of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (> 18 yrs)	National	80%		Aug-22					97%	97%
Mental Health	% of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS (< 18 yrs)	National	80%		Aug-22						35%
(Adult and Children)	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (> 18 yrs)	National	80%		Aug-22					100%	100%
	% of patients waiting less than 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health (> 18 yrs)	National	95%		Aug-22					97%	97%
	% of patients with NDD receiving diagnostic assessment and intervention within 26 weeks (< 18 yrs)	National	80%		Aug-22						44%
	% residents in receipt of secondary mental health services (all ages) who have a valid care and	National	90%		Aug-22						100%

<sup>\*</sup> In the absence of local profiles, RAG is based on in-month movement

# **APPENDIX 3: INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD**

			Harm fro	m Covid itself																			
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Арг-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
	Number of new COVID19 cases	Local	Sep-22	218		Reduce				~~	12,839	10,918	8,247	18,167	15,433	4,209	4,749	835	286	372	600	217	218
8	Number of staff referred for Antigen Testing	Local	Sep-22	17,926		Reduce					13,951	14,475	14,969	15,756	16,447	16,647	16,756	17,158	17,315	17,579	17,878	17,916	17,926
neast	Number of staff awaiting results of COVID19 test	Local	Sep-22	0		Reduce					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- P	Number of COVID19 related incidents	Local	Sep-22	84		Reduce					36	47	53	54	59	55	57	I 83	39	52	91	46	84
<u>#</u>	Number of COVID19 related serious incidents	Local	Sep-22	1		Reduce					0	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
6	Number of COVID19 related complaints	Local	Sep-22	11		Reduce					3	4	14	20	4	4	10	6	0	4	5	6	11
COMD19	Number of COVID19 related risks	Local	Oct-21	0		Reduce				_	0	0						i					
5	Number of staff self isolated (asymptomatic)	Local	Sep-22	5		Reduce				~~	227	120	65	126	87	43	87	42	29	28	26	8	5
Ö	Number of staff self isolated (symptomatic)	Local	Sep-22	100		Reduce				~~~	204	180	120	393	309	204	326	270	125	287	272	121	100
	% sickness	Local	Sep-22	0.8%		Reduce				~~~	3.2%	2.3%	1.4%	3.9%	3.0%	1.8%	3.1%	2.3%	1.2%	2.4%	2.2%	1.0%	0.8%
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	d NHS and social Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Average/ Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	l Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
	% of emergency responses to red calls arriving within (up to and including) 8 minutes	National	Sep-22	49%	65%	65%	×	50.0% (Sep-22)	4th (Sep-22)	\\\\\	50%	44%	52%	46%	51%	54%	48%	53%	56%	57%	56%	55%	49%
Care	Number of ambulance handovers over one hour	National	Sep-22	732	0			6,360 (Sep-22)	1st (Sep-22)	~/~	642	648	670	612	735	678	687	671	538	578	659	705	732
e d	Handover hours lost over 15 minutes	Local	Sep-22	4378						~~	2,467	3,093	2,461	2,527	3,390	3,110	3,023	3,286	1,892	2,920	2,976	3,870	4,378
schedul	% of patients who spend less than 4 hours in all major and minor emergency care (i.e. A&E) facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Sep-22	73%	95%			67.8% (Sep-22)	3rd (Sep-22)		73%	72%	73%	70%	73%	72%	71%	73%	74%	72%	69%	70%	73%
5	Number of patients who spend 12 hours or more in all hospital major and minor care facilities from arrival until admission, transfer or discharge	National	Sep-22	1470	0			10,230 (Sep-22)	5th (Sep-22)	W	1,250	1,276	1,055	1,101	1,142	1,105	1,282	1,294	1,195	1,388	1,429	1,474	1,470
	% of survival within 30 days of emergency admission for a hip fracture	National	Feb-22	81.4%	12 month ↑					W	72.2%	77.8%	52.4%	68.8%	52.9%	81.4%		İ					
NOF	% of patients (age 60 years and over) who presented with a hip fracture that received an orthogeriatrician assessment within 72 hours	National	Jun-22	89.0%	12 month ↑			69% (Jun-22)	2nd (Jun-22)	$\nearrow$	87.0%	88.0%	89.0%	88.0%	89.0%	89.0%	89.0%	89.0%	90.0%	89.0%			
	Direct admission to Acute Stroke Unit (<4 hrs)	Local	Sep-22	8%	54.0%						15.4%	0.0%	11.4%	16.7%	9.5%	41.7%	16.0%	12.1%	20.0%	4.5%	4.2%	6.0%	7.5%
	CT Scan (<1 hrs) (local	Local	Sep-22	55%						~~	34.1%	16.7%	40.9%	35.1%	40.5%	61.5%	44.0%	34.5%	38.1%	36.4%	33.3%	38.0%	55.0%
Stroke	Assessed by a Stroke Specialist Consultant Physician (< 24 hrs)	Local	Sep-22	93%						<i></i>	90.2%				100.0%			<del></del>					
क्र	Thrombolysis door to needle <= 45 mins	Local	Sep-22	0%							0.0%	0.0%	9.1%	10.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%	0.0%	0.0%	37.5%	0.0%
	% stroke patients who receive mechanical thrombectomy	National	Sep-22	0%	10%			0.3% (Aug-22)	Joint 2nd (Aug-22)	$\wedge$	0.0%		4.2%	0.0%	1.9%	0.0%	1.7%	1.8%	0.0%	4.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	% compliance against the therapy target of an average of 16.1 minutes if speech and language therapist input per stroke patient	National	Sep-22	35%	12 month ↑			48.8% (Aug-22)	6th (Aug-22)	\	58.6%	64.6%	54.4%				44.3%	!	34.8%	29.5%	29.1%	30.7%	35.2%
DTOCs	Number of mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	13	12 month ↓		</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>OC reportir</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								OC reportir								
	Number of non-mental health HB DToCs	National	Mar-20	60	12 month ↓	50	×							DT	OC reportir	ng temporar	rily suspen	ded					

	Ha	rm from ove	erwhelmed	NHS and soci	ial care sus	tem																	
Sub		National	Report	Current	National	Annuai Plani	Profile	Welsh	SBU's all-	Performanc													
Domain	Measure	or Local Target	Period	Performanc	Target	Local	Status	Average <i>l</i> Total	Wales rank	e Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
	Cumulative cases of E.coli bacteraemias per 100k	raiget	0 20	70.4	407	Dtil-	×	68.97	3rd	. /	86.4	00.0	00.5	77.1	70.0	74.6	70.7	96.5	79.6	70.0	00.0	74.5	70.4
	рор		Sep-22	70.4	<67		~	(Sep-22)	(Sep-22)			82.2	80.5	77.1	73.8		73.7			70.8	68.9	74.5	70.4
-	Number of E. Coli bacteraemia cases (Hospital) Number of E. Coli bacteraemia cases (Community)		Sep-22	8						$\approx$	9 12	12	5 17	5 12	8	9 17	17	13 18	8 13	5 12	3 18		8
-	Total number of E.Coli bacteraemia cases		000 22	15						~~	21	19	22	17	15	26	21	31	21	17	21	32	15
	Cumulative cases of S. aureus bacteraemias per		Sep-22	39.3	<20		*	27.81	6th	^ /	38.3	40.6	37.2	36.0	36.3	35.8	35.6	43.6	50.5	41.0	39.8	38.4	39.3
	100k pop Number of S. aureus bacteraemias cases (Hospital)			8	,25		•••	(Sep-22)	(Sep-22)		13	17	7	5	2	7	7	5	.9	7	5	5	8
-	Number of S. aureus bacteraemias cases (r iospital)		Sep-22	5						$\sim$	4	7	3	4	77	3	4	7	9	2	5	5	5
	Total number of S. aureus bacteraemias cases			13						~	17	18	4	9	13	10	11	13	18	9	12	11	13
ontrol	Cumulative cases of C. difficile per 100k pop		Sep-22	46.9	<25		*	37.95 (Sep-22)	5th (Sep-22)		53.2	52.9	53.3	51.3	50.3	49.8	50.1	40.5	36.7	41.0	42.9	47.6	46.9
8	Number of C. difficile cases (Hospital)	National	C 22	77						~	9	10	10	17	77	8	12	11	7	7	10	15	77
io i	Number of C. difficile cases (Community) Total number of C. difficile cases		Sep-22	ੁ 14						$\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$	5 14	5 15	<i>10</i>	12	3 14	5 13	ි 18	2 13	4 11	9 16	ි 16	<i>S</i> 22	3 14
e cl	Cumulative cases of Klebsiella per 100k pop		Sep-22	25.5							24.5	27.1	26.5	26.5	25.3	24.3	24.0	18.7	21.4	22.6	24.5	25.0	25.5
.⊑	Number of Klebsiella cases (Hospital)		·	1						$\sim$	8	8	2	6	5	3	4	4	7	8	4	4	1
	Number of Klebsiella cases (Community)		Sep-22	9				73 Total	3rd	$\sim$	3	5	5	3	0	1	3	2	7	2	7	4	9
	Total number of Klebsiella cases			10				(Sep-22)	(Sep-22)	~~~	11	13	7	9	5	4	7 !	6	8	8	11	8	10
	Cumulative cases of Aeruginosa per 100k pop Number of Aeruginosa cases (Hospital)		Sep-22	10.2							5.6	4.8 <i>D</i>	5.4 3	6.1 3	5.8	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.1	8.2	9.2	9.2 <i>3</i>	10.2
	Number of Aeruginosa cases (Pospital)  Number of Aeruginosa cases (Community)		C 22	7						$\stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow}$	0	0	0	7	6	7	2	7	1	7	2	0	1
	Total number of Aeruginosa cases		Sep-22	5				14 Total (Sep-22)	6th (Sep-22)	\/\~	2	0	3	4	1	3	2	2	2	4	4	3	5
	Hand Hygiene Audits- compliance with WHO 5	Local	Sep-22	96.6%		95%	4	(Sep-22)	(Jep-22)	1~~/	96%	97%	92%	96%	95%	96%	93%	96%	96%	98%	96%	90%	97%
	moments Of the nationally reportable incidents due for						-			, ,													
골음 E	assurance, the % which were assured within the	National	Sep-22	0.0%	90%	80%				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-	0%	0%	0%	25%	0%	33%	25%	100%	33%	-	0%	0%
ona orta sks	agreed timescales			_						/ V													
Nationally Reportable ncidents an	Number of new Never Events Number of risks with a score greater than 20	National Local	Sep-22	133	0	0 12 month <b>↓</b>	<b>X</b>				114	118	121	122	129	127	140	140	134	132	128	131	133
	Number of risks with a score greater than 16	Local	Sep 22	270		12 month ↓	×				240	235	238	241	249	253	271	276	266	264	259	269	270
	Number of pressure ulcers acquired in hospital		Aug-22	54		12 month 🔸	×			\ \	<i>6</i> 5	42	43	56	65	53	49	45	58	53	58	54	
<u>ω</u>	Number of pressure ulbers developed in the community			50		t2month ❖	*			$  \mathcal{A} \mathcal{A}  $	39	32	31	55	27	33	<i>56</i> i	33	39	32	27	50	
. e	Total number of pressure ulcers		Aug-22	104		12 month <b>↓</b>	×			~~	104	74	74	111	92	91	105	78	97	85	85	104	
e i	Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in	Local		3		12 month ❖	×				1	1	2	4	9	б	5	3	2	3	5	3	
	hospital Number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers acquired in			_								<u> </u>				-	<u> </u>		_	_	_		
ā.	community		Aug-22	11		12 month ✔	*			$ -\rangle$	8	7	8	14	1	15	77	2	10	12	2	17	
	Total number of grade 3+ pressure ulcers		Aug-22	14		12 month <b>↓</b>	×				7	8	10	18	10	21	16	5	12	15	7	14	
Inpatient Falls	Number of Inpatient Falls	Local	Sep-22	175		12 month <b>↓</b>	4			$\sim$	207	240	213	208	196	199	209	190	182	172	174	216	175
	% of universal mortality reviews (UMRs) undertaken within 28 days of a death	Local	Feb-22	97%	95%	95%	4			$\langle \rangle$	98.0%	96.8%	98.5%	96.1%	96.1%	97.2%							
Mortality	Stage 2 mortality reviews required	Local	Feb-22	7						~_	10	16	10	6	7	7							
	% stage 2 mortality reviews completed  Crude hospital mortality rate (74 years of age or less)	Local National	Nov-21 Jul-22	50.00% 0.83%	12 month <b>↓</b>	100%	*			_	81.8% 1.03%	75.0% 1.03%	0.99%	0.95%	0.92%	0.89%	0.88%	0.87%	0.86%	0.85%	0.83%		
NELIO	% patients with completed NEWS scores &				12 month	001	**																
NEWS	appropriate responses actioned	Local	Sep-22	88%		98%	*			^~	91.6%	93.8%	92.2%	89.1%	93.4%	92.3%	96.9%	95.7%	93.9%	93.7%	90.5%	86.2%	87.6%
Coding	% of episodes clinically coded within 1 month of discharge	Local	Aug-22	77%	95%	95%	*			~	90%	92%	76%	84%	86%	95%	81%	44%	68%	81%	82%	77%	
E-TOC	% of completed discharge summaries (total signed and sent)	Local	Sep-22	70%		100%	*			>	68%	61%	63%	62%	61%	65%	63%	60%	66%	64%	63%	69%	70%
	Agency spend as a % of the total pay bill	National	Aug-22	6.41%	12 month <b>↓</b>			8.5% (Mar-22)	organisation S (May 22)		5.1%	5.5%	5.9%	5.7%	5.7%	6.2%	6.6%	4.9%	6.3%	6.2%	6.7%	6.4%	
kforce	% of headcount by organisation who have had a PADR/medical appraisal in the previous 12 months (excluding doctors and dentists in training)	National	Sep-22	64%	85%	85%	*	56.4% (Apr-22)	organisation s	$\bigvee$	58%	56%	55%	57%	56%	56%	56%	56%	56%	55%	58%	61%	64%
Work	% compliance for all completed Level 1 competency with the Core Skills and Training Framework	National	Sep-22	82%	85%	85%	*	79.5% (Apr-22)	organisation s	$\bigvee$	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	81%	81%	82%
	% workforce sickness absence (12 month rolling)	National	Aug-22	8.44%	12 month <b>↓</b>			7.09% (Apr-22)	organisation s	_/	7.29%	7.44%	7.44%	7.33%	7.43%	7.58%	7.82%	8.11%	8.20%	8.29%	8.46%	8.44%	

		Harm fro	m reducti	on in non-Covi	d activity																		
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Velsh Average≀ Total	SBU's all- Vales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
	% adult dental patients in the health board population re- attending NHS primary dental care between 6 and 9 months	National	Sep-22	10.0%	4 quarter ❖					$\sim$	11.5%	11.4%	10.5%	11.1%	10.8%	10.7%	11.1%	9.8%	10.9%	11.5%	10.4%	10.0%	10.0%
	% of patients starting definitive treatment within 62 days from point of suspicion (without adjustments)	National	Sep-22	45.0%	12 month ↑			52.5% (Aug-22)	2nd out of 6 organisations (Aug-22)	7	62.2%	61.9%	63.4%	53.6%	54.4%	54.2%	54.3%	48.1%	46.5%	50.6%	55.9%	54.9%	45.0%
2	Scheduled (21 Day Target)	Local	Sep-22	34%	80%		×		(riog cc)		58%	37%	30%	37%	48%	51%	70%	63%	36%	51%	29%	35%	34%
	Scheduled (28 Day Target)	Local	Sep-22	85%	100%		×				89%	84%	61%	78%	82%	91%	95%	94%	88%	93%	98%	91%	85%
3 m	Urgent SC (7 Day Target)	Local Local	Sep-22	54% 89%	80% 100%		X			=	22% 76%	30% 90%	60% 100%	37% 87%	57% 97%	60% 100%	57%	62% 96%	44% 94%	43% 100%	64% 97%	48% 85%	54% 89%
1 10 -	Urgent SC (14 Day Target) Emergency (within 1 day)	Local	Sep-22 Sep-22	100%	80%		-				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100% 85%	100%	100%	88%	92%	90%	100%
	Emergency (within 2 days)	Local	Sep-22	100%	100%		Ý				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
· ·	Elective Delay (21 Day Target)	Local	Sep-22	91%	80%		4			~~~	81%	89%	79%	92%	90%	94%	90%	93%	95%	91%	75%	98%	91%
	Elective Delay (28 Day Target)	Local	Sep-22	97%	100%		×			~	97%	94%	86%	100%	94%	100%	100%	96%	98%	97%	92%	100%	97%
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a diagnostic endoscopy	National	Sep-22	4,205	0%			16,284 (Aug-22)	7th (Aug-22)		2,204	2,619	2,791	3,144	3,543	3,898	4,191	4,398	4,564	4,449	4,407	4,257	4,205
	Number of patients waiting > 8 weeks for a specified diagnostics	National	Sep-22	6,177	0			44,489 (Aug-22) 12,356	4th (Aug-22) 3rd	<u>~</u>	5,732	5,939	6,008	6,071	6,267	6,078	5,863	6,308	6,306	6,012	6,032	6,108	6,177
l -	Number of patients waiting > 14 weeks for a specified therapy	National	Sep-22	755	0			(Aug-22) 54.8%	(Aug-22) 6th		320	414	629	885	1,028	926	820	679	614	609	714	682	755
l	% of patients waiting < 26 weeks for treatment  Number of patients waiting > 26 weeks for outpatient	National	Sep-22	52%	95%			(Aug-22)	(Aug-22)	~	52.0%	51.6%	51.3%	50.5%	50.4%	50.1%	50.7%	50.4%	50.4%	50.8%	51.8%	52.0%	52.1%
<u>g</u> (	appointment Number of patients waiting > 52 weeks for outpatient	Local	Sep-22	26,065	0			102,662	4th	/	23,997	24,483	24,752	25,452	25,588	25,522	24,728	25,601	26,459	26,826	26,811	27,019	26,065
pauc 3	appointment	National	Sep-22	13,980	0			(Aug-22) 271,165	(Aug-22) 4th	$\sim$	11,922	12,581	12,692	12,406	12,391	12,337	12,593	13,275	14,071	14,951	15,232	15,122	13,980
<u>~</u>	Number of patients waiting > 36 weeks for treatment	National	Sep-22	37,095	0			(Aug-22) 59,350	(Aug-22) 5th		35,711	36,420	37,064	37,504	38,117	37,920	37,820	38,799	39,403	39,760	38,888	38,583	37,095
l	Number of patients waiting > 104 weeks for treatment  The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatient	National	Sep-22	10,623	0			(Aug-22)	(Aug-22)		6,875	8,200	9,749	10,669	11,859	13,104	13,587	13,083	12,670	12,064	11,400	10,960	10,623
	appointment The number of patients waiting for a follow-up outpatients	National	Sep-22	139,989	HB target TBC			213,845	5th	~	130,963	131,554	129,255	131,403	131,848	132,036	133,772	135,471	135,879	136,435	136,982	138,736	139,989
	appointment who are delayed over 100% % of ophthalmology R1 appointments attended which were	National	Sep-22	36,144				(Aug-22) 63.2%	(Aug-22) 4th		32,574	33,121	30,946	31,912	32,521	32,447	32,936	34,003	34,568	35,114	35,659	36,037	36,144
-	within their clinical target date or within 25% beyond their clinical target date	National	Sep-22	60%	95%			(Aug-22)	(Aug-22)	/ ~	55.9%	58.9%	62.1%	61.2%	59.8%	58.5%	59.4%	60.8%	63.3%	63.7%	65.6%	62.4%	60.3%
S Z	% of patients who did not attend a new outpatient appointment	Local	Sep-22	7.8%	12 month ❖					$\sim\sim$	7.2%	7.6%	7.4%	6.8%	7.0%	6.4%	6.8%	7.8%	7.5%	8.2%	8.2%	8.0%	7.8%
	% of patients who did not attend a follow-up outpatient appointment	Local	Sep-22	7.8%	12 month ❖	00**	-			<u> </u>	7.2%	7.5%	6.7%	6.3%	6.4%	6.2%	6.2%	7.8%	7.3%	7.8%	7.7%	7.6%	7.8%
Ineatre	Theatre Utilisation rates % of theatre sessions starting late	Local Local	Sep-22 Sep-22	71.0% 37.0%		90% <25%	X			~	72% 42%	66% 46%	67% 43%	62% 40%	74% 43%	71%	72% 39%	71% 39%	78% 46%	81% 43%	72%	59% 36%	71% 37%
	% of theatre sessions starting rate	Local	Sep-22	48.0%		<20%	x			$\widetilde{}$	46%	50%	48%	48%	48%	43%	45%	47%	43%	43%	46%	43%	48%
Postponed I	Number of procedures postponed either on the day or the day before for specified non-clinical reasons	Local	Jan-21	1,200																			
	All new medicines must be made available no later than 2 months after NICE and AWMSG appraisals	National	Q3 21/22	99.1%	100%	100%	×	98.8% (Q3 21/22)	3rd out of 6 organisations (Q3 21/22)		99.1%			99.1%									
	Total antibacterial items per 1,000 STAR-PUs	National	Q4 21/22	279.2	4 quarter ♣			259.4 (Q4 21/22)	6th (Q4 21/22)		277.6			324.7			279.2						
nibing	Patients aged 65 years or over prescribed an antipsychotic	National	Q4 21/22	1,451	Quarter on quarter 🕹			10,262 (Q4 21/22)	5th (Q4 21/22)		1,476			1,466			1,451						
	Opioid average daily quantities per 1,000 patients	National	Q4 21/22	4,261	4 quarter ♣			4329.4 (Q4 21/22)	3rd (Q4 21/22)		4,412			4,472			4,261						
	Biosimilar medicines prescribed as % of total 'reference' product plus biosimilar	National	Q3 21/22	82.1%	Quarter on quarter 🛧			83.8% (Q3 21/22)	5th (Q3 21/22)		80.8%			82.1%			l						
t E	Number of friends and family surveys completed	Local	Sep-22	3,914		12 month ↑					2,025	2,733	3,194	2,776	3,395	3,099	3,353	3,133	3,550	3,292	3,391	3,950	3,914
The state of	% of who would recommend and highly recommend % of all-Wales surveys scoring 9 out 10 on overall	Local Local	Sep-22 Sep-22	88% 92%		90%	₩			$\overline{\sim}$	92%	92%	94%	93%	92%	90%	90%	89%	90%	91% 91%	90%	93%	92%
	satisfaction Number of new formal complaints received	Local	Jul-22	153		12 month ↓ trend	ж			1	115	134	159	115	124	139	156	123	176	118	153		
	% concerns that had final reply (Reg 24)/interim reply (Reg 26) within 30 working days of concern received	National	Jul-22	64%	75%	80%	×	67.2% (Q4 20/21)	3rd (Q4 20/21)	\/	75%	67%	69%	68%	63%	64%	65%	76%	69%	65%	64%		
1 <u>5</u> F	% of acknowledgements sent within 2 working days	Local	Jul-22	100%		100%	4				100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		

		Harm fron	n wider so	cietal actions	/lockdown																		
Sub Domain	Measure	National or Local Target	Report Period	Current Performance	National Target	Annual Plan/ Local Profile	Profile Status	Welsh Averagel Total	SBU's all- Wales rank	Performance Trend	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22
	% of babies who are exclusively breastfed at 10 days old	National	2021/22	31.9%	Annual ↑			36.7% (2021/22)	5th (2021/22)					31.9%									
Early years measures	% children who received 3 doses of the hexavalent '6 in 1' vaccine by age 1	National	Q4 21/22	95.9%	95%			94.9% (Q4 21/22)	2nd (Q4 21/22)		96.2%			96.1%			95.9%						
	% of children who received 2 doses of the MMR vaccine by age 5	National	Q4 21/22	88.0%	95%			90.8% (Q4.21/22)	6th (Q4 21/22)		89.8%			91.2%			88.0%						
Alcohol	European age standardised rate of alcohol attributed hospital admissions for individuals resident in Wales	National	Q4 21/22	352.2	4 quarter↓			373.9 (Q4 21/22)	2nd (Q4 21/22)		362.2			313.3			352.2						
Alcorio	% of people who have been referred to health board services who have completed treatment for alcohol abuse	National	Q1 22/23	43.6%	4 quarter ↑			67.2 (Q122/23)	6th (Q122/23)		73.7%			63.6%			66.7%			43.6%			
	% uptake of influenza among 65 year olds and over	National	Mar-22	78.5%	75%			78.0% (Mar-22)	3rd (Mar-22)			58.7%	74.8%	76.9%	78.2%	78.5%	78.5%						
	% uptake of influenza among under 65s in risk groups	National	Mar-22	48.8%	55%			48.2% (Mar-22)	4th (Mar-22)		Data	26.0%	40.8%	44.9%	47.3%	48.6%	48.8%						
fluenza	% uptake of influenza among pregnant women	National	2020/21	69.8%	75%			81.5% (2020/21)	7th out of 10 organisations (2020/21)		collection restarts			Data no	t available		į		Datac	ollection res	arts Octob	er 2022	
Ξ	% uptake of influenza among children 2 to 3 years old	Local	Mar-22	44.6%	50%			47.6% (Mar-22)	5th (Mar-22)		October 2021	22.0%	37.7%	41.5%	43.2%	44.8%	44.6%						
	% uptake of influenza among healthcare workers	National	Mar-22	53.6%	60%			65.6% (2020/21)	6th out of 10 organisations (2020/21)			48.6%	50.8%	52.7%	52.7%	53.6%	53.6%						
	% of urgent assessments undertaken within 48 hours from receipt of referral (Crisis)	Local	Aug-22	100%		100%	4		(2020,21)		95%	97%	97%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% Patients with Neurodevelopmental Disorders (NDD) receiving a Diagnostic Assessment within 26 weeks	National	Aug-22	44%	80%	80%	*	36.5% (Aug-22)	3rd (Aug-22)		34%	34%	37%	37%	33%	33%	35%	35%	36%	47%	44%	44%	
	% Patients waiting less than 28 days for a first outpatient appointment for CAMHS	National	Aug-22	34%	80%	80%	*	61.6% (Aug-22)	Joint 1st (Aug-22)	$\sim$	40%	40%	34%	22%	28%	27%	29%	18%	40%	33%	38%	34%	
CAMHS	P-CAMHS - 1/4 of Routine Assessment by CAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	National	Aug-22	27%		80%	×	54.0% (Aug-22)	6th (Aug-22)	\~~	89%	65%	36%	43%	28%	24%	36%	23%	23%	22%	42%	27%	
	P-CAMHS - 1/2 of therapeutic interventions started within 28 days following assessment by LPMHSS	National	Aug-22	35%		80%	×	38.7% (Aug-22)	4th (Aug-22)	<i></i> ✓✓	35%	0%	64%	50%	39%	67%	78%	51%	51%	38%	61%	35%	
	S-CAMHS - 1/2 of Routine Assessment by SCAMHS undertaken within 28 days from receipt of referral	Local	Aug-22	34%		80%	×	4.00			41%	3%	3%	2%	27%	26%	30%	19%	41%	41%	38%	34%	
	% residents in receipt of CAMHS to have a valid Care and Treatment Plan (CTP)	National	Aug-22	100%		90%	4	4.9% (Aug-22)	Joint 1st (Aug-22)	^	84%	84%	84%	84%	89%	88%	100%	87%	97%	100%	100%	100%	
	% of mental health assessments undertaken within (up to and including) 28 days from the date of receipt of referral (over 18 years of age)	National	Aug-22	97%	80%	80%	4	90.0% (Aug-22)	2nd (Aug-22)	$\wedge \wedge$	96%	98%	98%	95%	95%	99%	96%	97%	98%	96%	94%	97%	
Mental Health	% of therapeutic interventions started within (up to and including) 28 days following an assessment by LPMHSS (over 18 years of age)	National	Aug-22	100%	80%	80%	4	72.1% (Aug-22)	1st (Aug-22)	/~~	90%	98%	96%	100%	99%	100%	98%	96%	97%	100%	100%	100%	
	% patients waiting < 26 weeks to start a psychological therapy in Specialist Adult Mental Health	National	Aug-22	100%	95%	95%	4	73.4% (Aug-22)	1st (Aug-22)		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
	% residents in receipt of secondary MH services (all ages) who have a valid care and treatment plan (CTP)	National	Aug-22	90%	90%	90%	4	86.0% (Aug-22)	3rd (Aug-22)	$\checkmark$	84%	83%	81%	80%	81%	85%	89%	88%	89%	89%	89%	90%	
	Rate of hospital admissions with any mention of intentional self-harm of children and young people (aged 10-24 years) per 1,000 population	National	2020/21	2.96	Annual <b>↓</b>			3.54 (2020/21)	3rd (2020/21)														
Dementia	% of people with dementia in Wales age 65 years or over who are diagnosed (registered on a GP QOF register)	National	2019/20	56.3%	Annual↑			53.1% (2019/20)	2nd (2019/20)														